10th Annual Bank of America Merrill Lynch Japan Conference

SMFG's Management Strategy

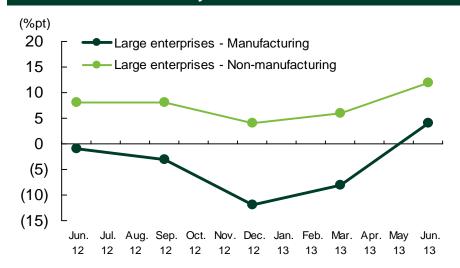
Koichi Miyata, President Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc.

September 17, 2013

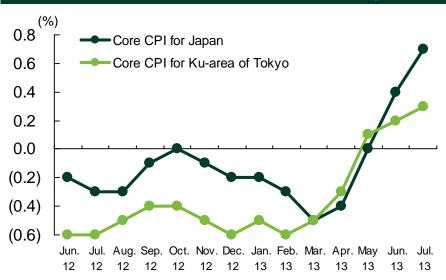


Current Japanese economy

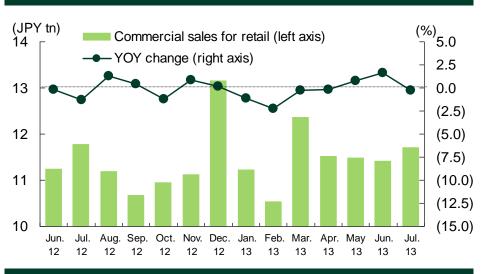
BOJ Tankan survey - Business conditions DI*1



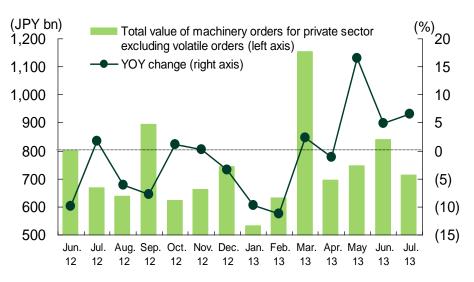
Consumer price index (YOY change)*2



Retail sales*3



Orders received for machinery*4

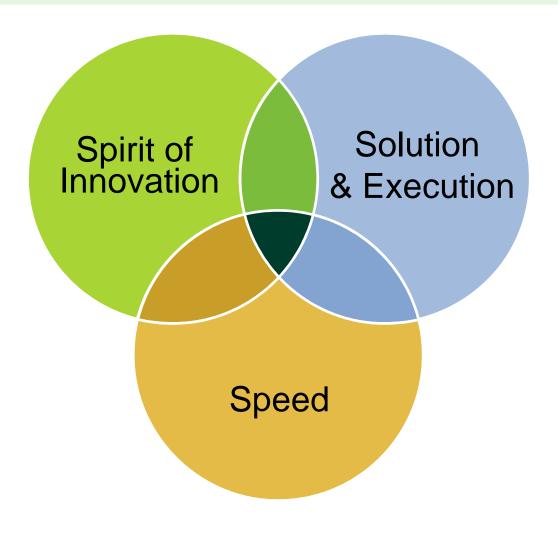




- *1 Actual results. Diffusion index of "Favorable" minus "Unfavorable"
- *2 Source: Statistics Bureau. Core CPI: all items, less fresh foods. Ku-area of Tokyo: 23 wards of Tokyo
- *3 Source: METI "Current Survey of Commerce"
- *4 Source: Cabinet Office. Original series. Volatile orders: orders for ships and those from electric power companies

SMFG's basic policy

 To be a globally competitive and trusted financial services group by maximizing our strengths of Spirit of Innovation, Speed and Solution & Execution





1Q, FY3/2014 financial performance

P/L

				Anr	lum			
		(JPY I	on)	20	-Jun. 013 sults	YOY change	1H, FY3/2014	FY3/2014 forecast
	Consolid	dated gross profit	USI	D 8.0bn ^{*1}	785.3	+92.7		
		/ariance with SMBC non-consolidated			357.2	+63.9		
	Net i	interest income			399.7	+68.7		
\$	Othe	ers			385.5	+24.0		
<consolidated></consolidated>	General expense	and administratives)		(391.4)	(23.7)		
Sol	Total cre	edit cost			8.0	+27.6		
O	Ordinary profit				459.3	+221.7	530	1,030
٧		Variance with			145.2	+40.0	170	350
	Net income US		USE	2.9 bn ^{*1}	288.3	+170.5	290	580
		/ariance with SMBC non-consolidated		•	73.5	+26.7	60	150
	Gross ba	anking profit	USE	0 4.3 bn ^{*1}	428.0	+28.7	760	1,540
	of which Net interest income				293.3	+64.3		
<non-consolidated></non-consolidated>	of which Gains (losses) on bonds				14.5	(64.7)		
?∺	Expense	es*2			(185.6)	(0.1)	(370)	(740)
Suc	Banking	profit*3	USE	2.5 bn ^{*1}	242.4	+28.6	390	800
, 5	Total cre	edit cost			24.9	+25.4	(10)	(80)
nor	Gains (lo	osses) on stocks			72.2	+141.5		
V	Ordinary	/ profit			314.1	+181.7	360	680
	Net inco	me	USE	2.2 bn ^{*1}	214.8	+143.8	230	430
1		*1 Transla	ted in	to USD at	neriod-end	l fy rate		

Contribution of subsidiaries to SMFG's Net income

	Apr lup	
(JPY bn)	AprJun. 2013	YOY change
SMBC Nikko Securities	26	+22
SMBC Consumer Finance	16	(5)
Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	7	+1
Cedyna	6	(0)
SMBC Friend Securities	6	+4
Sumitomo Mitsui Card	4	+1
SMBC Guarantee	4	+1

 Mainly due to profits from index-linked investment trusts

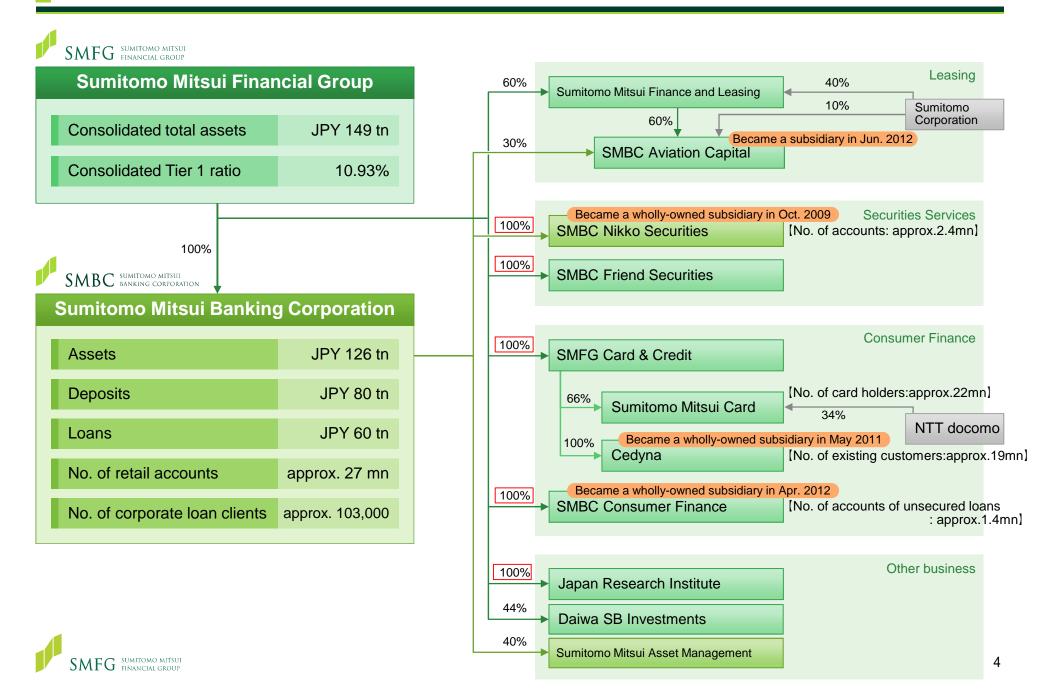
Per share information (SMFG consolidated)

	AprJun. 2013 results	YOY change	FY3/2014 forecasts
Net income per share	JPY 211.56	+JPY 124.52	JPY 424.52
	Jun. 30, 2013	Change from Mar. 31, 2013	
Net assets per share	JPY 4,831.70	+JPY 145.01	

^{*1} Translated into USD at period-end fx rate

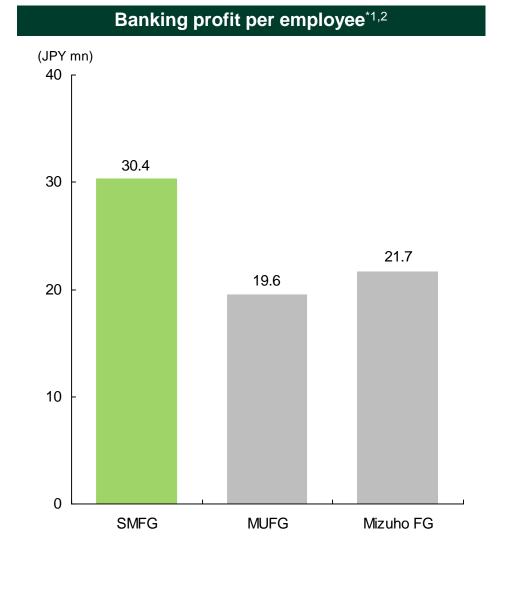
^{*2} Excluding non-recurring losses
*3 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

Group structure as of Mar. 2013



Our strengths: Sources of profitability

Domestic loan-to-deposit spread*1 1.6% 1.49% 1.4% 1.19% 1.2% 1.13% 0.0% **SMFG MUFG** Mizuho FG Proportion of loans to 69.5% 59.1% 57.4% individuals





^{*1} Based on each company's FY3/13 disclosure. The figures shown in the graph are: non-consolidated figures of SMBC for SMFG, non-consolidated figures of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ for MUFG, and sum of non-consolidated figures of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho FG

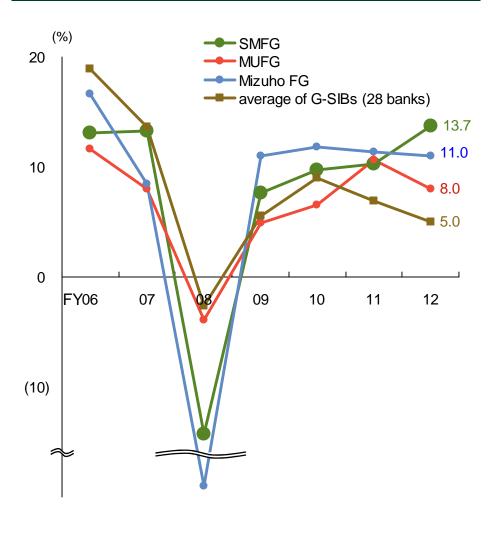
^{*2} Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses, excluding gains (losses) on bonds

Our strengths: Sources of profitability

SMFG's consolidated net income and variance with SMBC non-consolidated

(JPY bn) - SMBC Group companies other than SMBC Composition of group companies other than SMBC 800 600 22% 400 12% 200 8% 0 FY3/11 3/12 3/13

ROE of G-SIBs*





Business strategy for FY3/2014

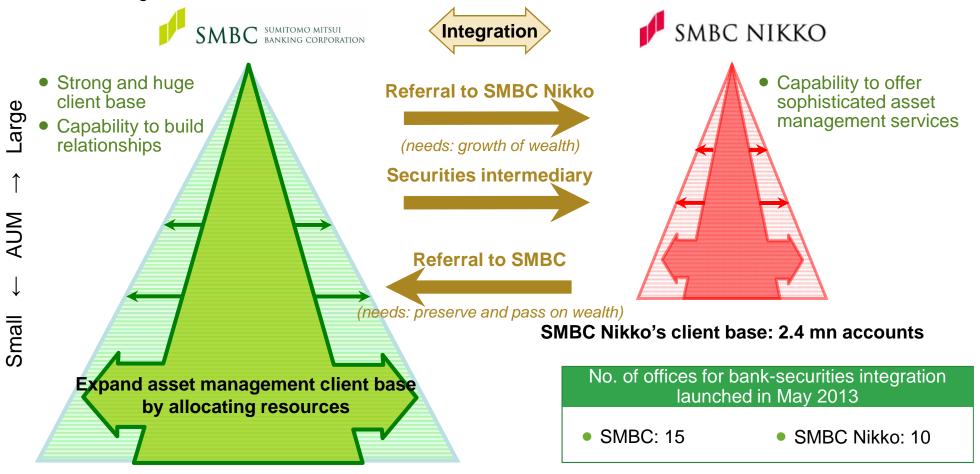
	Macro trends	Present	Strategic initiatives
Consumer banking	Savings to investmentEra of inheritanceIT and internet society	 Leading financial consulting business model Strong retail business platform by acquiring SMBC Nikko Securities 	 Bank-securities integration model Strengthen inheritance related business
Corporate banking	 Pulling out of deflation, recovery of financing demand Large corps: international business expansion Mid-sized corps and SMEs: overseas market entry Needs for business succession 	 Solution based business for corporates Business support for mid-sized corps and SMEs High asset quality 	 Proactively provide financing Accommodate global expansion and business restructuring Support growing industries
International	 Emerging markets incl. Asia: high growth, infrastructure needs U.S.: economic recovery Europe: avoiding sovereign debt crisis Japanese banks: increasing presence 	 Rapid growth of international business Overseas banking profit ratio: FY3/10: 20%→FY3/13: 30% 	 Multi-Franchise strategy Sustainably expand existing business



Consumer banking business: Bank-securities integration model

Illustration of bank-securities integration model

- SMBC and SMBC Nikko Securities will offer together best service for clients
- By referring clients to SMBC Nikko Securities, SMBC will allocate more human resources to expand asset management client base

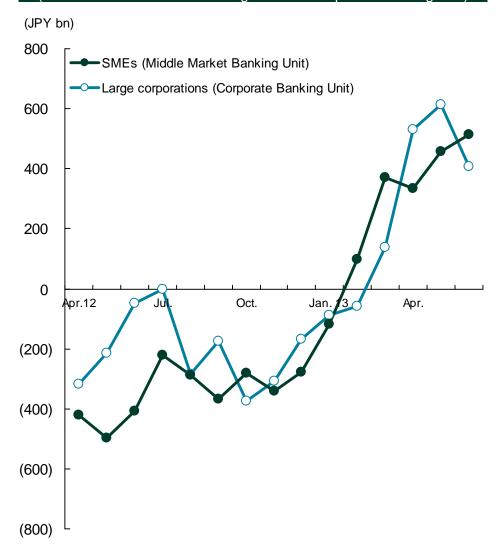


SMBC's client base: 27 mn accounts

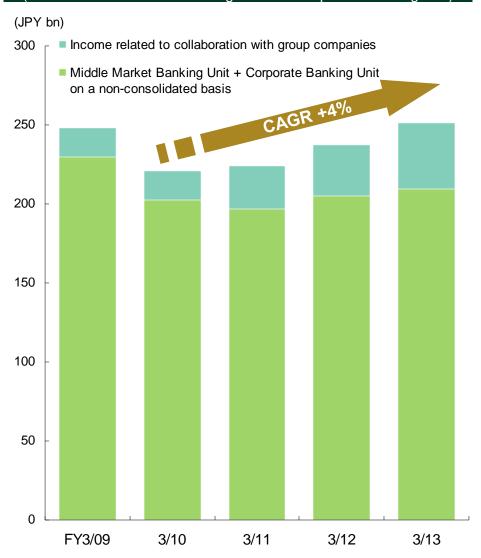


Corporate banking business: Lending and fee business

YoY comparison of average loan balance (SMBC's Middle Market Banking Unit and Corporate Banking Unit)



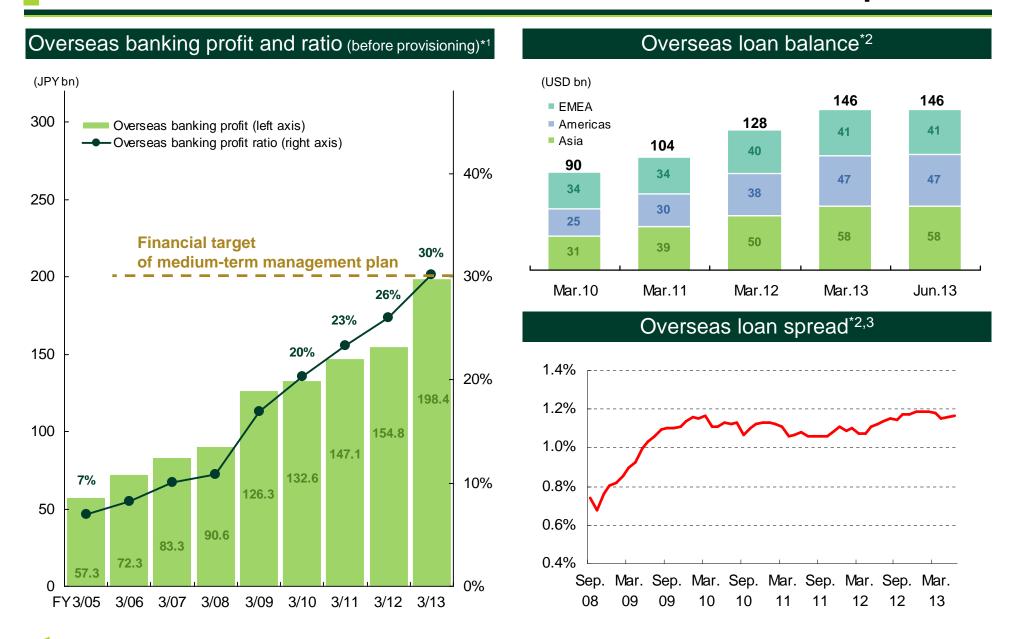
Non-interest income* (SMBC's Middle Market Banking Unit and Corporate Banking Unit)





^{*} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of non-interest income related to sales of derivatives, securities intermediary, loan syndication, real estate finance, M&A, MBO, LBO, etc.

International business: Overseas loan balance and spread





^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC and major overseas subsidiary banks.

Based on the medium-term management plan assumed exchange rate of USD1=JPY85 since FY3/12

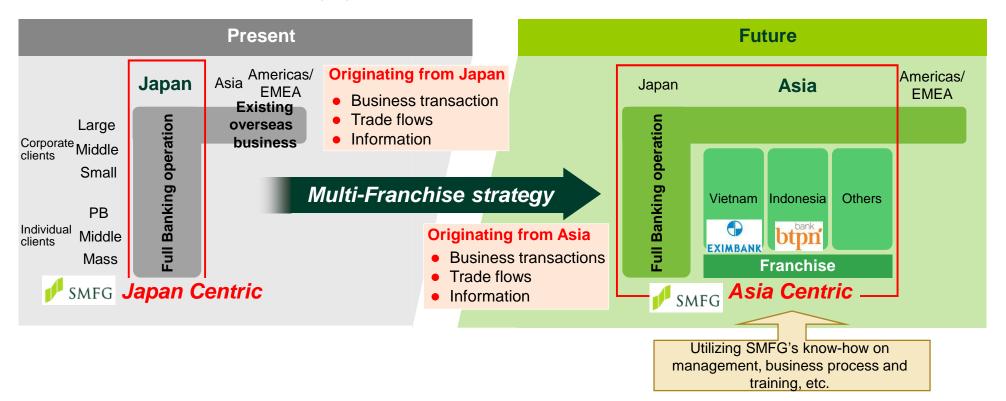
*2 Managerial accounting basis (exchanged at respective period-end fx rates). Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

International business: Multi-Franchise strategy

From "Japan Centric" to "Asia Centric"

We aim to grow from a mega-bank based in Japan to a globally active diversified financial services group with Asia as our home market

 In April 2013, SMFG established Global Business Planning Department, and SMBC established Emerging Markets Business Division

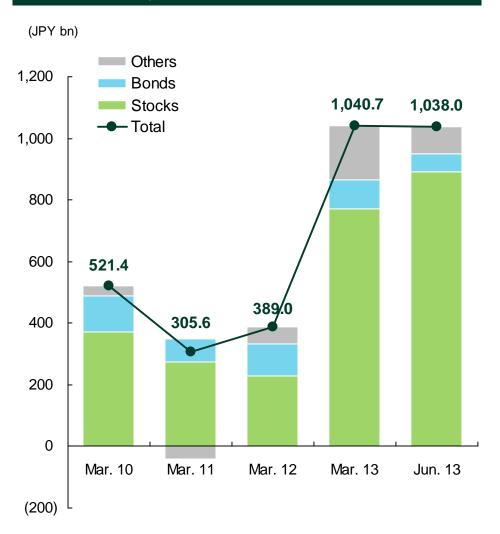


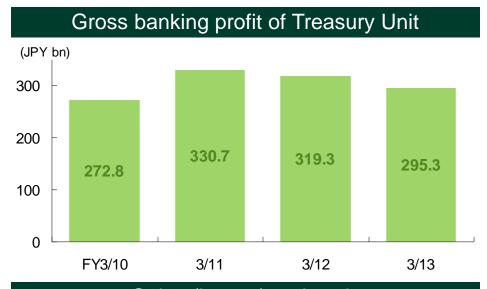


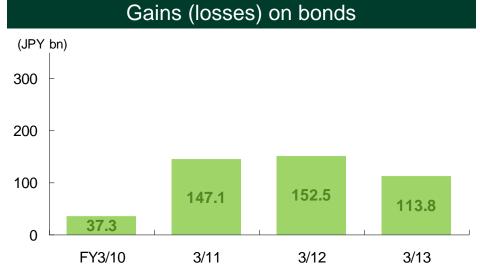
Market risks and securities investment

SMBC non-consolidated

Unrealized gains (losses) on other securities





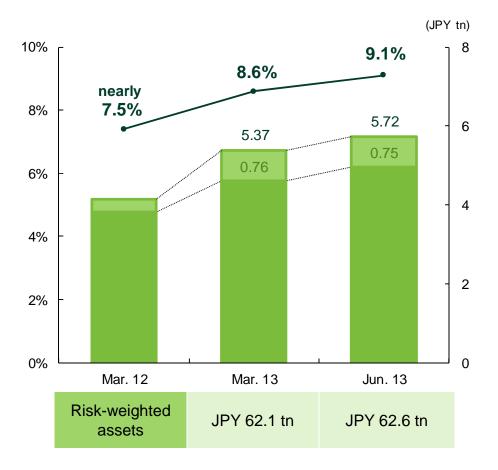




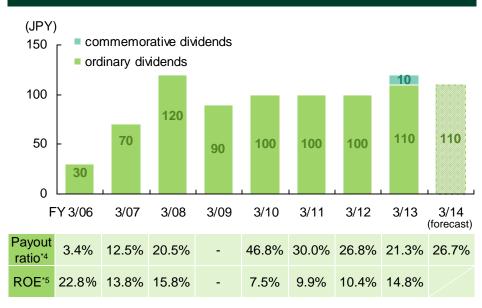
Capital and return to shareholders

Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (fully-loaded*1, pro forma)

- Common Equity Tier 1 capital (right axis)
- of which net unrealized gains (losses) on other securites included in OCI (right axis)
- Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (left axis)



Return to shareholders*2,3



Treasury stock (as of March 2013)

Held by SMFG	Held by SMBC
3.9 million shares	56.2 million shares

Sold 13.3 million shares through a securities disposal trust in May 2013



^{*1} Based on the definition as of Mar. 31, 2019

^{*2} SMFG implemented a 100 for 1 stock split of common stock on Jan. 4, 2009. Figures shown above reflect the stock split, assuming that it had been implemented at the beginning of FY3/06

^{*3} Common stock only *4 Consolidated payout ratio *5 On a stockholders' equity basis

Appendix



Earnings forecast for FY3/2014

P/L Assumption of earnings forecast*3 FY3/14 FY3/14 FY3/13 (JPY bn) FY3/13 forecast 1H forecast **3M TIBOR** 0.32% 0.27% **Ordinary profit** 530 1.030 1073.7 0.00 ~ 0.00 ~ Federal funds target rate Variance with 0.25% 0.25% consolidated 402.8 170 350 SMBC non-consolidated 90.00 (JPY/USD) 94.01 **Exchange** 794.1 **Net income** 290 580 rate (JPY/EUR) 125.00 120.66 Variance with 176.3 150 60 To decrease due to dissolving of one-time SMBC non-consolidated factors: e.g. Tax refund at SMBC Capital Markets **Gross banking Profit** 1.540.1 760 1.540 in FY3/13 Consolidated adjustment of gains on of which Gains (losses) 113.8 stocks relating to sale of SMFG shares on bonds by SMBC Expenses*1 (727.7)(370)(740)<OHR> Marketing Unit to increase driven by 47.3% 48.7% 48.1% International Banking Unit, while Treasury Unit Banking profit*2 812.4 390 800 to decrease **Total credit cost** (19.5)(10)(80)**Ordinary profit** 670.9 680 360 To decrease since tax costs for FY3/14 are assumed to be imposed at effective tax rate 430 **Net income** 617.8 230

SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI

^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses *2 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

^{*3} FY3/2013 and FY3/2014 forecasts of nominal GDP growth rate by Japan Research Institute were +0.4% and +2.6% respectively as of May 2013 Nikkei stock average: JPY12,397.91 as of Mar. 29, 2013.

FY3/2013 financial results

	P/L							
		(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY change	Change from Nov. forecast			
	Consolidated gro	ss profit USI	2,792.9	+198.4				
	Variance SMBC nor	with -consolidated	1,252.8	+190.8				
	Net Interest in	ncome	1,392.6	+51.3				
ğ	Others		1,400.3	+147.1				
SMFG consolidated	General and admi	inistrative	(1,496.3)	(74.9)				
₩ ë	Total credit cost		(173.1)	(51.8)				
Sons	Ordinary profit		1,073.7	+138.2	+243.7			
ŏ	Variance SMBC nor	with n-consolidated	402.9	+162.7	+62.9			
	Net income	USI	D8.4bn*1 794.1	+275.5	+254.1			
	Variance SMBC nor	with -consolidated	176.3	+135.7	+36.3			
	Gross banking pr	ofit USI	016.4bn ^{*1} 1,540.1	+7.6	+50.1			
ted	of which Gains on bonds	s (losses)	113.8	(38.7)				
ida	Expenses*2		(727.7)	(8.2)	(7.7)			
SMBC non-consolidated	Banking profit*3		812.4	(0.6)	+42.4			
S	Total credit cost		(19.5)	+39.1	+60.5			
on-	Gains (losses) on	stocks	(35.7)	(20.5)				
_	Ordinary profit		670.9	(24.5)	+180.9			
	Net income	USI	D6.6bn*1 617.8	+139.8	+217.8			

Contribution of subsidiaries to SMFG's Consolidated gross profit

(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY change
SMBC Nikko Securities	276	+46
Sumitomo Mitsui Card	178	+2
SMBC Consumer Finance*4	166	+123
Cedyna	157	(7)
Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	115	+16

Contribution of subsidiaries to SMFG's Net income

(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY change
SMBC Consumer Finance*4	48	+76
SMBC Nikko Securities	45	+27
Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	19	+1
Sumitomo Mitsui Card	18	+3
SMBC Capital Markets	18	+14
Cedyna	13	+51
SMBC Friend Securities	10	+6
SMBC Guarantee	10	(23)

^{*1} Translated into USD at term-end fx rate *2 Excluding non-recurring losses *3 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses *4 Became SMBC's consolidated subsidiary in Dec. 2011. Became SMFG's wholly-owned subsidiary in Apr. 2012

FY3/2013 results by segment

(JPY bn)	Gross profit	YOY change	Expenses	YOY change	Consolidated net business profit *1	YOY change
tal	2,802.4	+192.3	(1,444.5)	(69.9)	1,166.2	+152.3
Banking business	1,798.6	+34.7	(876.9)	(25.6)	891.3	(8.0)
of which SMBC	1,540.1	+7.6	(727.7)	(8.2)	812.4	(0.6)
Leasing	120.4	+18.3	(50.8)	(8.2)	69.3	+1.5
of which Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing*2	114.8	+15.7	(51.7)	(8.5)	59.0	(3.9)
Securities services	341.5	+63.6	(247.3)	(22.8)	92.2	+41.4
of which SMBC Nikko Securities	268.9	+46.8	(194.9)	(14.8)	73.4	+33.1
Consumer finance business	526.5	+90.3	(331.2)	(39.3)	122.2	+112.5
of which Sumitomo Mitsui Card	183.1	+3.8	(132.6)	(6.0)	44.8	+1.7
of which Cedyna	153.5	(6.6)	(118.2)	+2.3	13.7	+41.4
of which SMBC Consumer Finance*2,3	165.8	n/a	(66.2)	n/a	51.9	+78.8
Other business*4	15.4	(14.6)	61.7	+26.0	(8.8)	(2.3)



^{*1} Consolidated net business profit = SMBC's non-consolidated banking profit (before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses)

figures for 4Q, FY3/2012 were included as a wholly-owned subsidiary *4 Includes profits/losses to be offset as internal transactions between segments

⁺ SMFG's non-consolidated ordinary profit + Other subsidiaries' ordinary profit (excl. non-recurring factors) + Equity method affiliates' ordinary profit X Ownership ratio – Internal transactions (dividends, etc.) *2 On a consolidated basis *3 Figures from 1Q to 3Q, FY3/2012 were included as a 22% owned affiliated company and

Performance by SMBC's business unit*1

Banking profit by business unit

			(JPY bn)	FY3/12	FY3/13	YOY change ^{*2}
			Gross banking profit	383.7	374.9	+4.4
	Consumer Banking Unit		Expenses	289.5	284.4	(5.4)
	Danning Onic	Banking profit		94.2	90.5	+9.8
			Gross banking profit	422.9	412.2	(5.0)
	Middle Market Banking Unit		Expenses	222.8	216.7	(2.3)
	Danking Onk	Ва	inking profit	200.1	195.5	(2.7)
	0		Gross banking profit	212.6	208.0	+2.6
	Corporate Banking Unit		Expenses	38.2	39.6	+0.6
		Banking profit		174.4	168.4	+2.0
	International Banking Unit (IBU)		Gross banking profit	197.4	240.5	+33.0
			Expenses	64.9	72.9	+8.4
		Ва	nking profit	132.5	167.6	+24.6
			Gross banking profit	1,216.6	1,235.6	+35.0
M	arketing Units		Expenses	615.4	613.6	+1.3
		Ва	nking profit	601.2	622.0	+33.7
			Gross banking profit	319.3	295.3	(24.0)
Tr	easury Unit		Expenses	19.2	21.0	+1.5
		Ва	inking profit	300.1	274.3	(25.5)
			Gross banking profit	(3.4)	9.2	(3.4)
Headquarters			Expenses	84.9	93.1	+5.4
		Ba	nking profit	(88.3)	(83.9)	(8.8)
			Gross banking profit	1,532.5	1,540.1	+7.6
To	otal		Expenses	719.5	727.7	+8.2
		Banking profit		813.0	812.4	(0.6)

Gross banking profit by product

				(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY
				(5:		change*2
		of which:	Income on	domestic loans	459.9	(22.5)
			Income on	domestic yen deposits	148.2	+ 0.1
			IBU's inter	rest related income*3	146.1	+ 24.0
	Ir	terest inco	me		814.1	(0.6)
			of which:	Investment trust	50.1	+ 3.2
				Single premium type permanent life insurance	12.4	+ 1.8
				Level premium insurance	12.2	+ 4.7
	Income relating to financial consulting for retail customers				80.0	+ 5.5
			of which:	Loan syndication	61.4	+ 11.5
				Structured finance*4	56.7	+ 7.7
				Real estate finance*4	29.4	(0.9)
		Income rela	ated to IB bu	usiness*4	172.9	+ 18.1
		of which:	Sales of de	erivatives	19.7	+ 3.4
			Money rem	nittance, electronic banking	92.0	(0.5)
			Foreign ex		43.3	+ 0.1
			IBU's non-	interest income ^{*3}	100.4	+ 8.8
	N	on-interest		421.5	+ 35.6	
G	ro	ss banking	profit of Ma	arketing Units	1,235.6	+ 35.0

Adjustment of internal rate, etc.: (16.0)

Nominal YOY change: + 19.0 €

Average loan balance and spread by business unit

			Bal	ance	Spread		
		(JPY tn, %)	FY3/13	YOY change*2	FY3/13	YOY change*2	
Domestic loans			45.9	(1.7) *5	1.04	(0.01)	
	of which	Consumer Banking Unit	15.1	(0.2)	1.43	(0.02)	
		Middle Market Banking Unit	16.3	(0.2)	1.06	(0.07)	
		Corporate Banking Unit	11.6	(0.2)	0.66	(0.01)	
IBU's interest earning assets*6 (USD bn, %)			147.0	+17.1	1.18	+0.10	

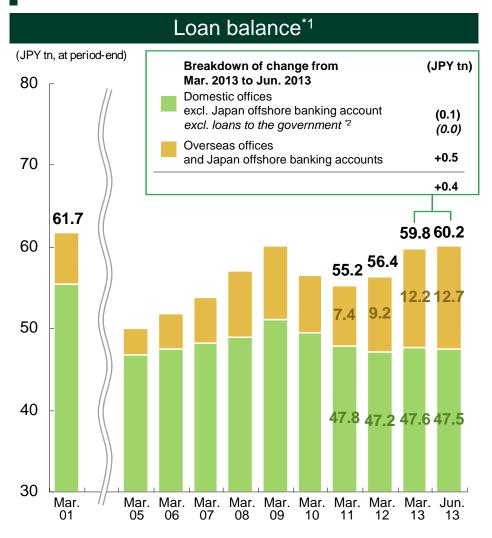


^{*1} SMBC non-consolidated. Managerial accounting basis *2 After adjustments of internal rate, etc.

^{*3} Includes profit from Japanese corporations in Hong Kong Branch and Taipei Branch *4 Includes interest income *5 of which JPY (1.1) to was resulted from a decrease of loans to government *6 Sum of loans, trade bills and securities

Loan balance

SMBC non-consolidated



Loan balance by domestic Marketing Units, managerial accounting basis

(JPY tn, at period-end)	Mar. 2013	Change from Mar. 2012
Consumer Banking Unit	15.0	$(0.1)^{*3}$
Middle Market Banking Unit *4	17.0	+0.5
Corporate Banking Unit	12.1	+0.4

Overseas loans, classified by region,*5 managerial accounting basis

	(JPY tn, at period-end)	Mar. 2013	Change from Mar. 2012	After adjustment of yen appreciation
0	verseas total	13.7	+ 3.2	+ 1.6
to Japanese corporations		3.9	+1.1	+0.7
	Asia	5.4	+1.3	+0.7
	to Japanese corporations	1.5	+0.4	+0.2
	Americas	4.4	+1.3	+0.7
	to Japanese corporations	1.8	+0.6	+0.4
	EMEA	3.9	+0.6	+0.2
	to Japanese corporations	0.6	+0.1	+0.1



^{*1} The aggregate of former Sakura bank and Sumitomo Bank for Mar. 01 *2 Loans to the Special Account for Allotment of Local Allocation Tax and Local Transfer Tax, etc.

^{*3} After add-back adjustment of portion of housing loans securitized in FY3/13 of approx. JPY 120 bn

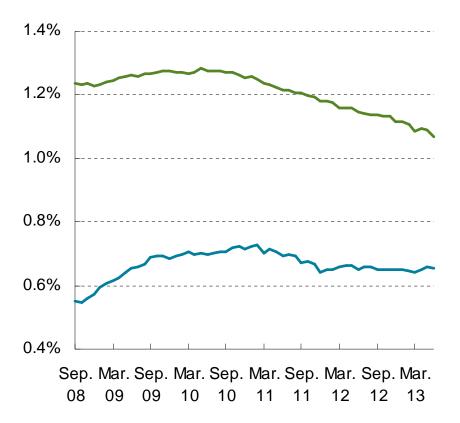
^{*4} Excluding loans to the Special Account for Allotment of Local Allocation Tax and Local Transfer Tax, etc.

^{*5} Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Based on location of the channels

Loan spread*1



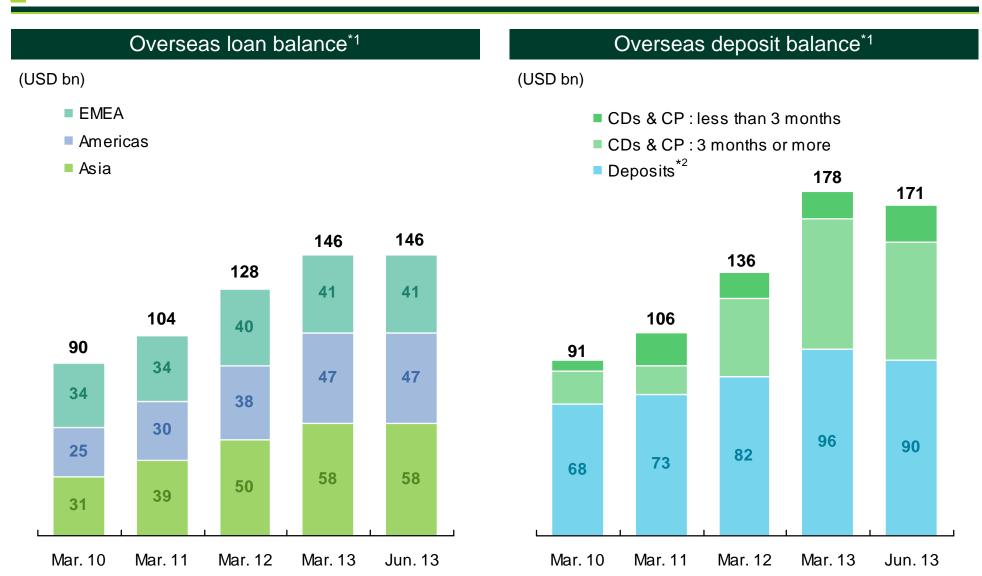
Medium-sized enterprises and SMEs
(Middle Market Banking Unit)
Large corporations (Corporate Banking Unit)







Overseas loan balance, deposit balance and foreign currency funding (1)





^{*1} Managerial accounting basis, exchanged at respective period-end exchange rates. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

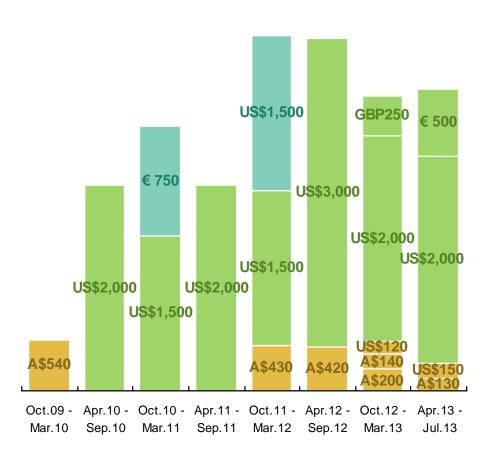
Overseas loan balance, deposit balance and foreign currency funding (2)

Diversification of foreign currency funding

- USD and EUR CP program for short-term funding
- Periodic benchmark bond transactions to diversify our medium- to long term funding alternatives
 - Non-JPY denominated senior bonds: issued to overseas investors
 - USD denominated bonds issued in 3(a)(2) format
 - Issued GBP denominated bonds in Mar. 2013 and EUR denominated bonds in Jul. 2013
 - USD and AUD denominated senior bonds: issued to Japanese domestic retail investors
- Other transactions include AUD denominated transferable deposits: issued through our Sydney branch to overseas investors

Issued amount of foreign-currency denominated bonds (mn)

- Subordinated bonds to overseas investors
- Senior bonds to overseas investors
- Senior bonds to retail investors





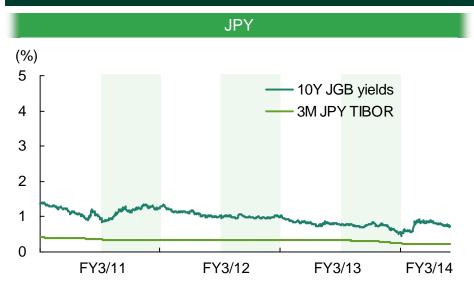
Gains (losses) on bonds

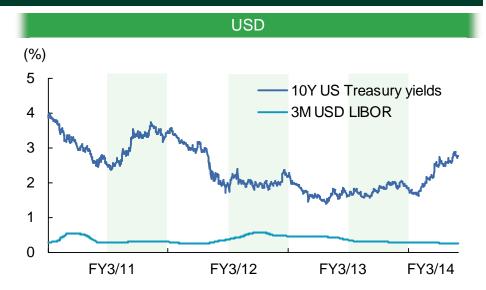
SMBC non-consolidated

	Gains (losses) on bonds							
	(JPY bn) FY3/12 FY3/13 YOY change							
G	ains (losses) on bonds	152.5	113.8	(38.7)				
	Domestic operations	23.2	40.7	+17.5				
	International operations	129.3	73.2	(56.2)				

Gross banking profit of Treasury Unit							
(JPY bn)	FY3/12	FY3/13	YOY change				
Gross banking profit of Treasury Unit	319.3	295.3	(24.0)				

Interest rate of JPY and USD





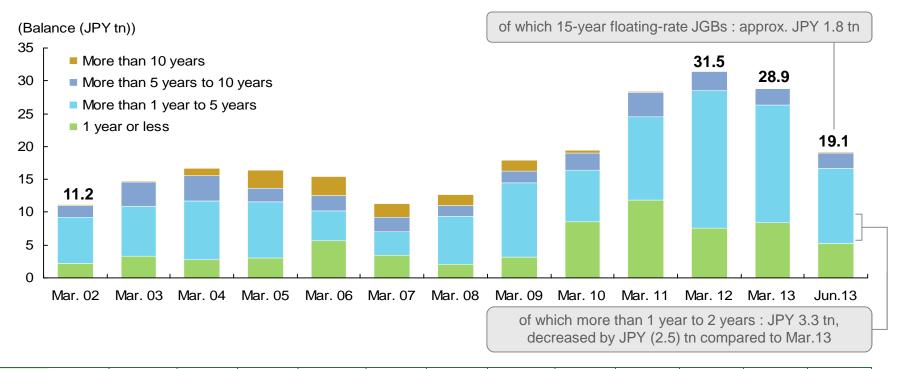


Bond portfolio (1)

Yen bond portfolio

SMBC non-consolidated

(Total balance of other securities with maturities and bonds classified as held-to-maturity; total of JGBs, Japanese local government bonds and Japanese corporate bonds)



Average duration (years)*1	2.7	3.6	3.4	2.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	1.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.4
Unrealized gains (losses) (JPY bn)*2	37.6	108.7	(101.9)	7.7	(282.2)	(151.4)	(129.5)	(1.2)	116.1	71.9	104.4	95.3	60.8



^{*1} Excluding bonds of held-to-maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is regarded as zero. Duration at Mar. 02 is for JGB portfolio

Bond portfolio (2)

				Sep.	2012	Mar.	2013	Jun.	2013	_	e from 2013
			(JPY tn)	Balance sheet amount	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Balance sheet amount	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Balance sheet amount	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Balance sheet amount	Net unrealized gains (losses)
\ <u>\</u>	Y	Yen-denominated bonds		30.4	0.17	28.9	0.16	19.1	0.10	(9.8)	(0.06)
BC	Olluan	of	which JGB	27.5	0.12	26.2	0.11	16.6	0.06	(9.6)	(0.05)
SMBC <non-consolidated></non-consolidated>			Held-to-maturity purpose	5.3	0.06	5.5	0.06	5.1	0.04	(0.4)	(0.02)
	7		Others	22.2	0.06	20.7	0.06	11.5	0.02	(9.2)	(0.03)

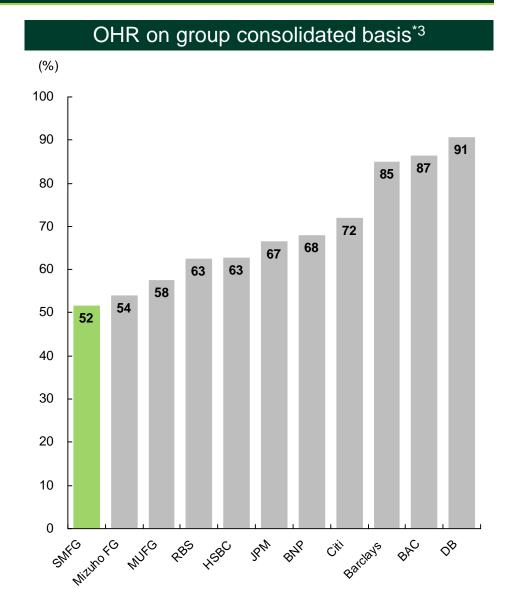
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		'en-de	nominated bonds	31.8	0.18	30.4	0.17	20.5	0.10	(9.9)	(0.07)
ָר <u>י</u>	dated>	of	which JGB	28.2	0.13	27.1	0.12	17.3	0.05	(9.7)	(0.07)
SMF	consoli		Held-to-maturity purpose	5.3	0.06	5.5	0.06	5.1	0.04	(0.4)	(0.02)
	V		Others	23.0	0.07	21.5	0.06	12.2	0.02	(9.3)	(0.04)



Expenses

Expenses*1								
	(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY change	FY3/14 Forecast				
FG idated	Expenses*2	(1,464.7)	(76.3)					
SMFG consolidated	OHR	52.4%	(1.1%)					
BC solidated	Expenses	(727.7)	(8.2)	(740.0)				
SMBC non-consolidated	OHR	47.3%	+0.4%	48.1%				

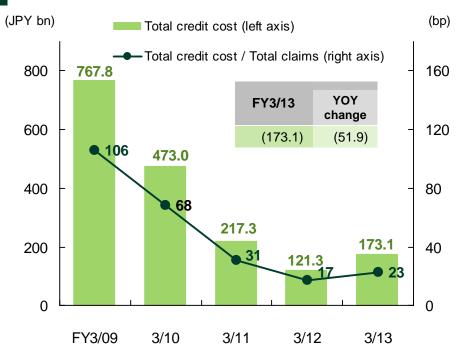




^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses *2 Consolidated G&A expenses net of SMBC's non-recurring losses
*3 Based on each company's disclosure. G&A expenses (for Japanese banks, excluding non-recurring losses) divided by top-line profit (net of insurance claims).
FY3/2013 results for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, and FY12/2012 results for others

Credit costs

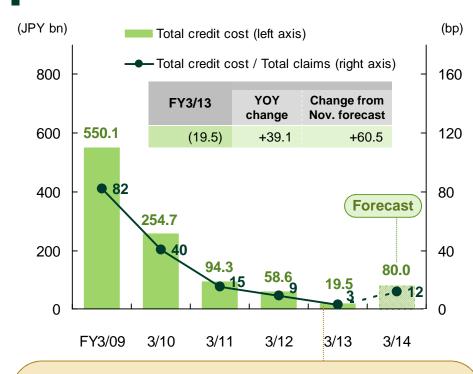
SMFG consolidated



Main factors of variance*1

	(JPY bn)	FY3/13	YOY Change
Va	ariance with SMBC non-consolidated	(153.6)	(91.0)
	SMBC Consumer Finance*2	(41)	(37)
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(27)	(6)
	Cedyna	(22)	+4

SMBC non-consolidated

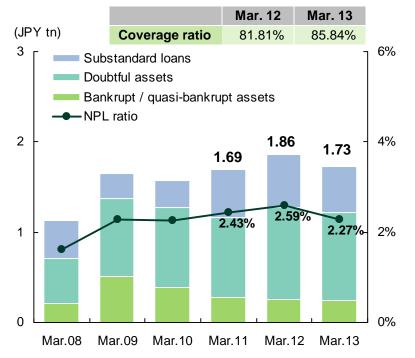


- To maintain financial soundness, SMBC made additional provisions for rescheduled borrowers and reexamined reserve ratio
- Credit costs remained low due to small incurrence and reversal of provisions

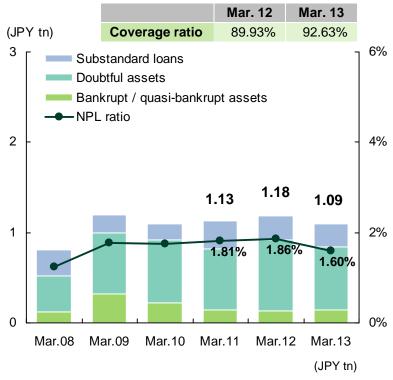


Non-performing loan balance and ratio

SMFG consolidated



SMBC non-consolidated

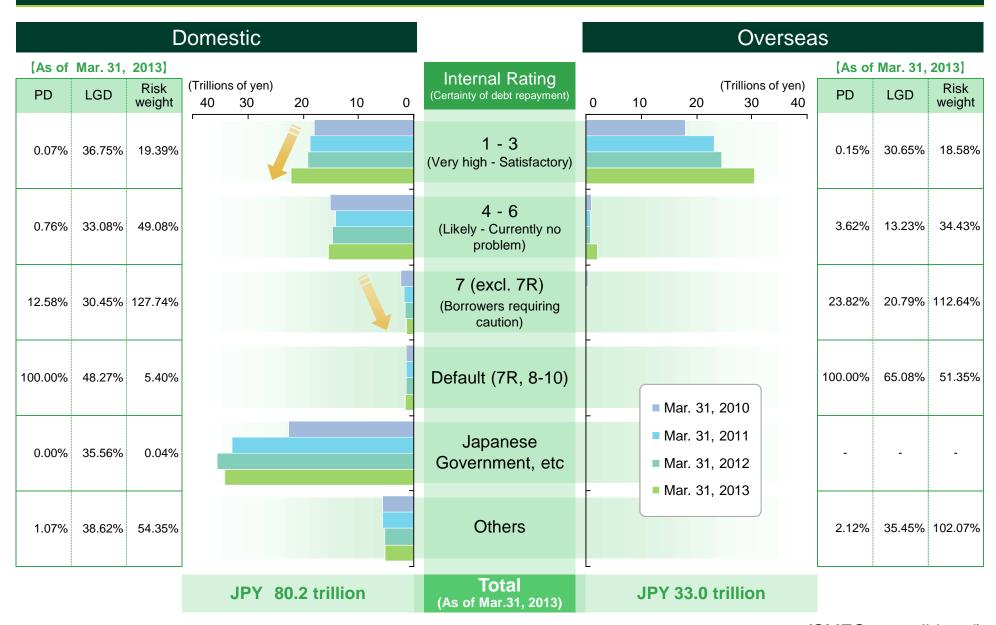


Claims to borrowers requiring caution*	2.6	3.7	3.7	3.1	2.8	1.9
Total claims	65	67	63	62	64	68



^{*} Excluding claims to Substandard borrowers

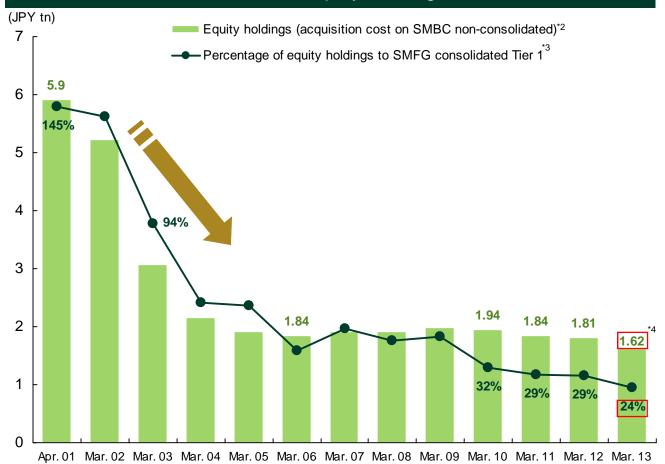
Corporate, sovereign and bank exposures on a SMFG's consolidated basis





Equity holdings

Balance of equity holdings*1



- Reduced SMBC's un-hedged equity by approx. JPY 310 bn since March 2010
- Ratio of un-hedged equity to SMFG consolidated Tier 1 was under 25% as of Mar. 2013



^{*1} Balance of domestic stocks classified as other securities with fair value *2 Amount of un-hedged equity

^{*3} Until Mar. 2002, percentage to SMBC consolidated Tier 1. On Mar. 2013, percentage to SMFG consolidated Tier 1 based on Basel 3

Capital and risk-weighted assets – SMFG consolidated

Capital ratio (transitional basis)

	(JPY bn)	Mar. 31, 2013	Jun. 30, 2013
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	5,855.9	6,196.5
	of which: Total stockholders' equity related to common stock	5,585.9	5,928.3
	Minority interests related to CET1	268.9	267.0
٦	Fier 1 capital	6,829.0	7,266.7
	of which: Eligible Tier 1 capital instruments (grandfathered)	1,463.3	1,463.3
	Adjusted Minority interests related to Additional Tier 1	127.6	130.3
	Foreign currency translation adjustments	(97.5)	(46.8)
	Regulatory adjustments	(520.3)	(476.6)
٦	Fier 2 capital of which:	2,357.0	2,272.1
	Eligible Tier 2 capital instruments (grandfathered)	1,830.9	1,830.9
	Unrealized gains on other securities after 55% discount and land revaluation excess after 55% discount	506.6	504.1
	Regulatory adjustments	(76.7)	(173.6)
1	Total capital	9,186.0	9,538.8
F	Risk-weighted assets	62,426.1	63,026.7
(Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	9.38%	9.83%
1	Fier 1 capital ratio	10.93%	11.52%
٦	otal capital ratio	14.71%	15.13%

Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (fully-loaded*1, pro forma)

		(JPY bn)	Mar.31, 2013	Jun. 30, 2013
	Va	ariance with CET1 on a transitional basis		
		Accumulated other comprehensive income	665	678
		of which: Net unrealized gains on other securities	756	751
		Minority interests (subject to be phased-out)	(130)	(131)
		Regulatory adjustments related to CET1	(1,018)	(1,025)
С	om	nmon Equity Tier 1 capital	5,373	5,719
R	isk	-weighted assets	62,063	62,611
С	om	nmon Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	8.6%	9.1%

Preferred securities which become callable in FY3/14

		Issued date	Aggregate issued amount	Dividend rate*2	First call date*3	Current status	Step-up
SMFG Preferred Capital USD2 Limited							
May 2008		USD 1,800 mn	8.75%	Jul. 2013	called Jul. 2013	None	
SMFG Preferred Capital JPY2 Limited							
	Series D	Dec. 2008	JPY 145.2 bn	4.76%	Jan. 2014		None
	Series G	Jan. 2009	JPY 125.7 bn	4.65%	Jan. 2014		None

^{*1} Based on the definition as of Mar. 31, 2019

^{*2} For SMFG Preferred Capital JPY 2 Limited only, floating rate after the first call date
*3 Callable at any dividend payment date on and after the first call date, subject to the prior approval of FSA

Balance sheet and credit ratings

B/S (as of Mar. 2013)

Total assets: JPY 148.7tn

Loans JPY 65.6tn

Securities
JPY 41.3tn

JGB **JPY 27.0tn**

Other assets JPY 41.8tn

Deposits,
Negotiable
certificates
of deposits (NCD)
JPY 100.8tn

Other liabilities JPY 39.5tn

Total net assets **JPY 8.4tn**

Total stockholders'equity JPY 5.7tn

Balance sheet related items

	Mar. 31, 2013
Loan to deposit ratio	65.1%
Risk-weighted assets	JPY 62.4 tn
Tier 1 capital ratio	10.93%
Net assets per share	JPY 4,686.69
ROE (Denominator: Total stockholders' equity)	14.8%

Credit ratings (SMBC)

	SMBC	SMFG
Moody's	Aa3 / P-1	-
S&P	A+ / A-1	A / A-1
Fitch	A- / F1	A- / F1
R&I	AA- / a-1+	-
JCR	AA / J-1+	-



Update on financial targets

Achieved financial targets of the medium-term management plan one year ahead of schedule

Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	Mar. 2011	Mar. 2013	Mar. 2014 target
Basel 3 fully-loaded basis	above 6%	8.6%	8%
Basel 3 transitional basis	above 8%	9.38%	•

	FY3/11	FY3/13	FY3/14 targets
Consolidated net income RORA	0.8%	1.3%	0.8%
Consolidated ROE	9.9%	14.8%	
Consolidated overhead ratio	52.5%	52.4%	50% - 55%
SMBC non-consolidated overhead ratio	45.6%	47.3%	45% - 50%
Overseas banking profit ratio*	23.3%	30.2%	30%



Our Advantages

Project Finance

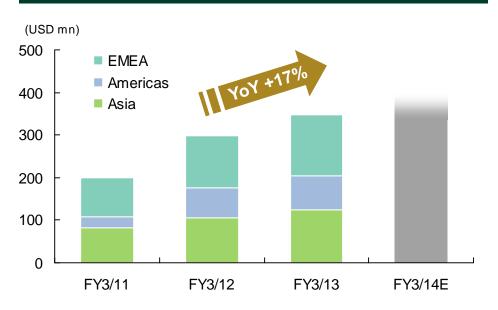
- SMBC was awarded "Global Bank of the Year 2012" by Project Finance International, the leading publication in the global project finance industry
- Team with high expertise committed to obtain mandates
- Leverage relationships with customers and ECAs to work on transactions with both Japanese and non-Japanese sponsors



League tables (Jan. - Dec. 2012)*1

	Global	Asia*²	Japan
Project Finance	#3	#5	
Loan Syndication	#7	#1	#2

Trade finance related profit



Cash management service

Cash management providers' ranking (in Asia Pacific)*3

Cash	Large corporations	5th	#1 among Japanese
management service (CMS)	Medium corporations	5th	banks for eight
as voted by corporations	Small corporations	5th	consecutive years
JPY CMS as voted by financial institutions		1st	#1 for eight consecutive years

CMS in Asia

Aim to be one of the top three global banks



^{*1} Source: Thomson Reuters (Mandated Arrangers)

^{*2} Project finance: Asia Pacific

Loan syndication: Asia (excl. Japan), all international currency syndicated and club loans

^{*3} Source: "ASIAMONEY" cash management poll 2012 (published Aug. 2013)

Growth Industry Cluster Dept.

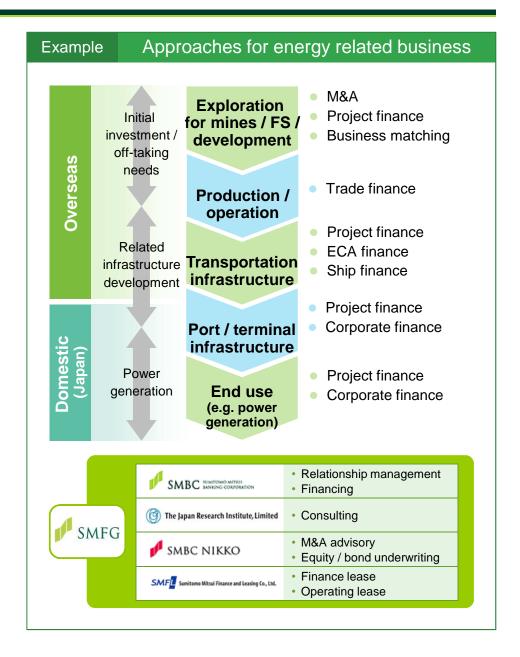
Growth Industry Cluster Dept.Renewable energySolar energy, wind energy, etc.WaterWater supply and sewerage, recycled water, desalination, etc.EnvironmentEco-city development, energy-saving facilities, etc.Natural resourcesCoal, natural gas, etc.HealthcareMedical, nursing, etc.AgricultureGlobal expansion, etc.

Example Approaches for emerging countries

Support growth of emerging countries, including Asia by leading a consortium of Japanese corporations with technological strength and municipalities

- Vietnam: Water, urban development, power
- Thailand: Upgrade industrial park
- Mongolia: Refurbish and construct electricity transmission and distribution systems
- SMBC was awarded FT/IFC Sustainable Bank of the Year 2013 (Asia/Pacific) as a result of its promotion of environmental business and enhancement of diversity

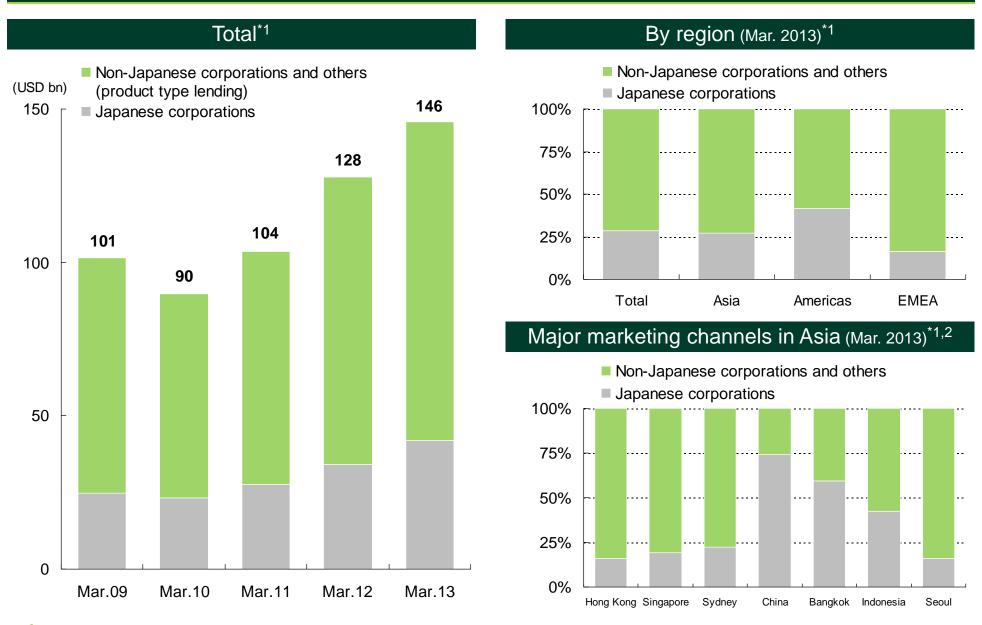






Overseas loan balance classified by borrower type

(Geographic classification based on booking office)

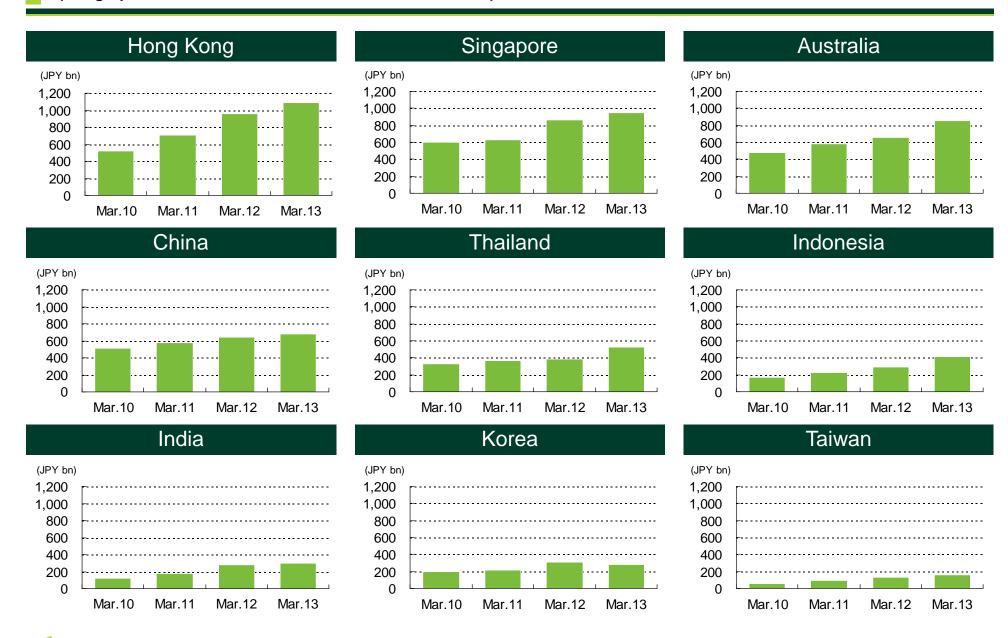




^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China) *2 Sum of SMBC and PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia for Indonesia

Loan balance in Asian countries

(Geographic classification based on borrowers' domicile)*

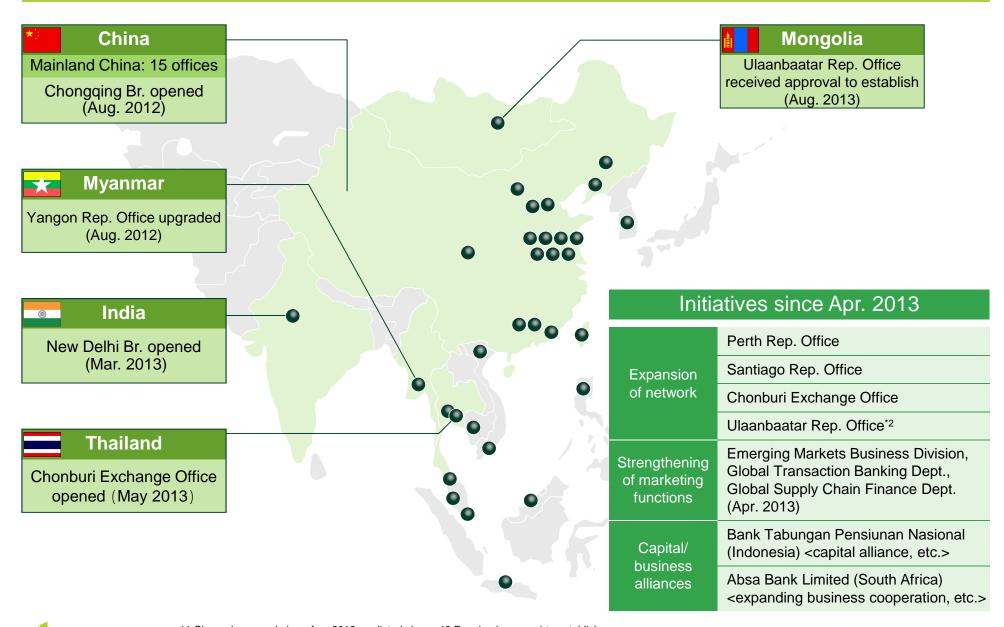




^{*} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBCE, SMBC (China) and PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia.

Loan balances as of Mar. 31, 2013 and before are exchanged to JPY from each country's local currency at the exchange rate of Mar. 31, 2013

SMFG's footprint in Asia*1 (1) Banking business





SMFG's footprint in Asia (2)



SMF Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	Leasing	BeijingShanghaiChengduGuangzhouHong Kong	ThailandMalaysiaSingaporeIndonesia
■ SMBC NIKKO	Securities services	 Hong Kong Singapore Indonesia	
	M&A advisory	ShanghaiHong Kong	SingaporeIndonesia
SMBC FRIEND SECURITIES	Market research	 Hong Kong 	
SUMITOMO MITSUI CARD COMPANY, LIMITED	Prepaid card services	Korea	
	Consulting	Shanghai	
Cedyna	Auto loans*	 Vietnam 	
	Consumer finance	TianjinShenyangShenzhen	Hong Kong Thailand
	Loan management and collection	• Taiwan	
	Consulting	Shanghai	
The Japan Research Institute, Limited	System integration	ShanghaiSingapore	

Strategic partners in Asia*

	Strategic partner	Relationship since	Outline of alliance / cooperation
	Bank of China	2000	Renminbi business cooperation
China	Industrial and Commercial bank of China	1995	Ship finance business in China
	Agricultural Bank of China	2002	Funding activities in China
Korea	Kookmin Bank	2007	Mutual introduction of customers inside/outside Japan/Korea, Loan syndication, funding activities Invested in KB Financial Group, the holding company, in 2008
Taiwan	First Commercial Bank	2007	Local currency funding in China and Taiwan, usage of channel network
Hong Kong	Bank of East Asia	2008	Mutual introduction of customers in China and Hong Kong, credit card business, funding activities Invested in 2009 and 2012
Philippines	Metrobank	1995	Introduction of customers in Philippines, local currency transaction, usage of channel network. Established Japan desk in 2007
Vietnam	Vietnam Eximbank	2007	Retail and SME banking business in Vietnam Invested in 2008. Entered into technical service agreement in 2009
Malaysia	RHB Bank	1974	Local currency funding in Malaysia, transaction services, Islamic finance
Indonesia	Bank Tabungan Pensiunan Nasional	2013	Invested in 2013. Retail banking business in Indonesia
indonesia	Bank Central Asia	2009	Local currency funding in Indonesia, transaction services including CMS
Cambodia	ACLEDA Bank	2012	Usage of channel network in Cambodia, transaction services, trade finance
India	Kotak Mahindra Bank	2010	Asset management business in India such as establishing infrastructure fund, securities and investment banking business. Invested in 2010

^{*} Boldfaced banks: SMBC has equity stake

Investment in Bank Tabungan Pensiunan Nasional Tbk PT

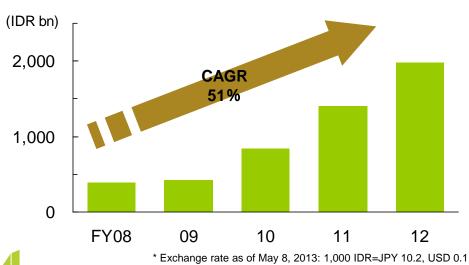
Investment overview

- Investment amount: Approx. USD 1.5 bn (approx. JPY 150 bn) for 40% stake. As of May 10, approx. JPY 92 bn for 24.26% stake, IDR 6,500 per share
- Paid in US dollars; funded within ALM operation
- Share holding: 24.26% as of May 10, 2013 held by SMBC. SMBC plans to hold 40% stake subject to the approval by regulatory authorities. BTPN will be treated as an affiliated company
- Expect to achieve RORA of 1.0% or higher

Overview of BTPN

- Established in 1958 to serve retired military personnel through pension banking services. TPG Nusantara acquired a 71.6% stake in 2008
- Ranked 16th by asset size and 7th by market cap. among Indonesian banks
- Listing in Indonesian Stock Exchange: IDX ticker "BTPN" Market Cap. as of May 8, 2013: IDR 33,289.6 bn (approx. JPY 326 bn)
- Rating by Fitch Ratings: AA- (national scale rating)

BTPN's consolidated net income



Asset



Pension banking

Loan to pension recipients



Micro-financing

Loans to small shop owners

Liability



Deposit taking

Focus on wealthy customers



SMBC Aviation Capital

FY3/2013 performance

Key financial information during Jun. 2012- Mar. 2013

(USD mn)

	(665 1111)
Total revenue*1	576
Net income	132
Aircraft assets*2	7,288
Net assets*2	1,078

- Merged existent aircraft leasing business() into SMBC Aviation Capital in March 2013
 - () SMFL Aircraft Capital Corporation B.V.(Netherlands), SMFL Aircraft Capital Japan Co., Ltd. (Japan) and Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management B.V.(Netherlands)

Initiatives

- Realize "One Stop Shop" structure among three shareholders in order to meet various needs of the aircraft industry and aircraft investors
- Capture increasing aircraft demand by leveraging economies of scale
- Build sustainable profit structure through a "Buy and sell" business model

Number of aircrafts ranking*3

		Leasing company	Nationality	No. of aircrafts
	1	GECAS	U.S.	1,742
	2	ILFC	U.S.	1,033
	3	BBAM	U.S.	332
ightharpoonup		SMBC AC + Sumisho Acf	t Asset Mgt	318
	4	AerCap	Netherlands	297
	5	Aviation Capital Group	U.S.	270
	6	CIT Aerospace	U.S.	268
	7	AWAS	Ireland	244
	8	Boeing Capital Corp	U.S.	236
	9	SMBC AC	Ireland	232
	10	BOC Aviation	Singapore	198
	23	Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management	Netherlands	86



^{*1} Leasing revenue + gains (losses) on sales of aircrafts

^{*2} Excludes assets of SMFL Aircraft Capital Corporation B.V., SMFL Aircraft Capital Japan Co., Ltd., Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management B.V.

SMBC Nikko Securities

Financial performance on a consolidated basis

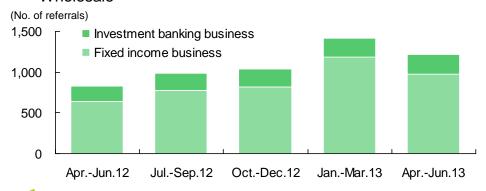
(JPY bn)	FY3/2013	AprJun. 2013	YOY change	QOQ change
Net operating revenue	274.7	103.2	+48.0	+3.6
SG&A expenses	(200.2)	(61.3)	(15.5)	(2.1)
Ordinary income	75.7	42.2	+32.4	+1.3
Net income*1	45.7	26.7	+22.8	(0.1)

Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko

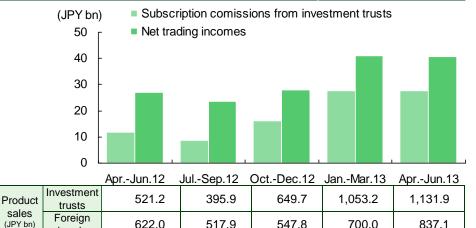
Retail

 Commenced banking-securities integration in May 2013 Actively refer customers between SMBC and SMBC Nikko (SMBC: 15 offices, SMBC Nikko: 10 offices)

Wholesale



Net operating revenue relating to sales of investment trusts and foreign bonds



League tables (Apr.-Aug. 2013)

	Rank	Mkt share
Global equity & equity-related (book runner, underwriting amount)*1	#3	10.9%
JPY denominated bonds (lead manager, underwriting amount)*2	#5	15.6%
Financial advisor (M&A, transaction volume)*3	#7	10.7%
Financial advisor (M&A, No. of deals) ^{*3}	#3	2.7%



^{*1} Source: SMBC Nikko, based on data from Thomson Reuters. Japanese corporate related only

(JPY bn)

bonds

^{*2} Source: SMBC Nikko. Consisting of corporate bonds, FILP agency bonds, municipality bonds, and samurai bonds

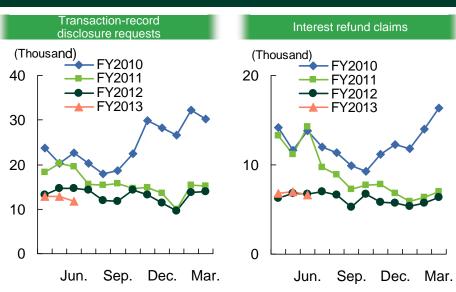
^{*3} Source: Thomson Reuters. Japanese corporate related only. Excluding real estate deals

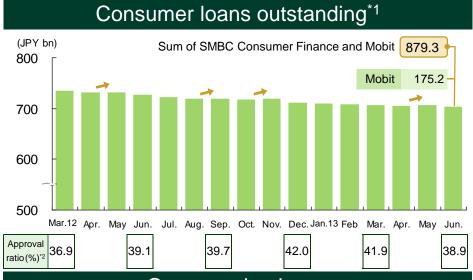
SMBC Consumer Finance

Financial performance on a consolidated basis

			AprJun.	
(JPY bn)		FY3/2013	2013	YOY change
Operating income		187.0	47.2	+0.3
Ordinary profit		51.8	17.1	(4.8)
Net income		48.1	16.2	(5.1)
Consumer loans outstanding		742.8	743.5	
Loan guarantee		659.6	676.7	
	for regional financial institutions, etc.	232.7	241.6	

Transaction-record disclosure requests and interest refund claims*1





Overseas business





^{*1} SMBC Consumer Finance non-consolidated basis

^{*2} Approval ratio = Number of new customers / Number of loan applications. Quarterly basis

Overview of "Abenomics"

Policies: Three arrows

Aggressive monetary policy

- 2% inflation target
- Quantitative and qualitative monetary easing
 - ✓ Main operating target: monetary base
 → 270 trillion yen in 2014 (double from 2012)
 - ✓ Average duration and balance of JGB:
 → double from 2012 (monthly purchase 7+ trillion yen)
 - ✓ Purchase ETFs and J-REITs

Flexible fiscal policy

- Create "15 month budget" by coupling FY2013 budget with 10.3 trillion yen FY2012 supplementary budget
- Implement flexible economic / fiscal policy in next
 2-3 years
- Large scale public investment based on national land reconstruction plan
- Achieve primary balance surplus in 2020

Growth strategy encouraging private sector investment

- Aim to become "trading / industrial investment nation" within 5 years
- Deregulate aggressively / reduce corporate tax rate
- Extend overseas investments, promote economic partnership agreements (TPP), and international natural resources strategy

Targets

- Ease excessive yen appreciation
 - → Recover exports
- Improve stock price
 → Increase
 domestic demand



Support demand



 Boost competitiveness of Japanese corporations

Pull-out of deflation/ Recover economy

- Achieve nominal GDP growth rate of approx. 3%
- Increase per capita nominal Gross
 National Income by over 1.5 million yen

"Japan Revitalization Strategy"

(Announced on Jun. 14, 2013)

Vitalizing of industries

Industry revitalization plan	 Vitalizing of industries Reforming the employment system Scientific and technological innovations World's leading IT society Strengthening Japan's international competitiveness as a business hub Innovation of SMEs and small businesses
Strategic market creation plan	 Extending the nation's healthy life expectancy Clean energy demand and supply Building next-generation infrastructures Making use of each unique local resources to appeal to the world

Strategy of

alobal

outreach

Building strategic trading relations

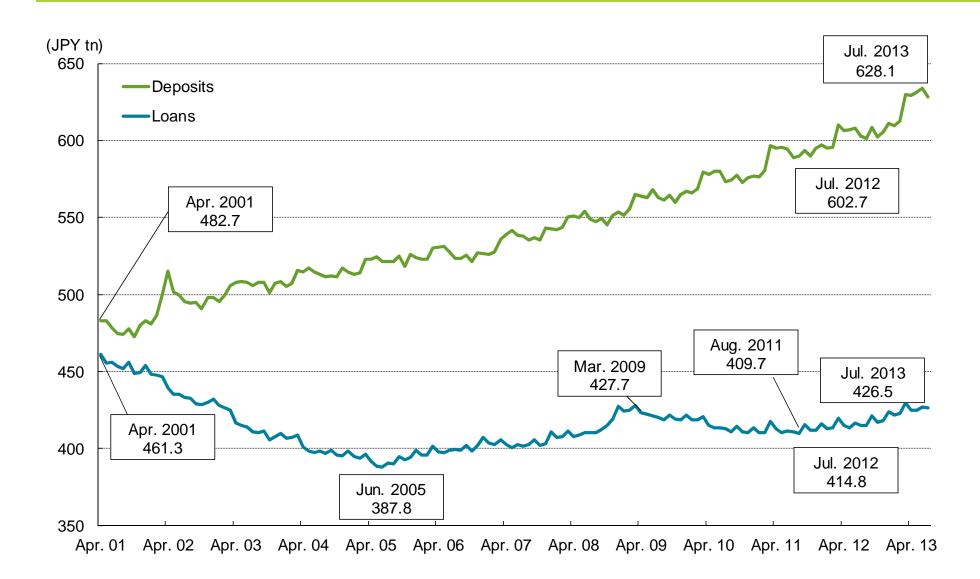
Obtaining overseas markets

Developing globally competitive

human resources



Loan balance of domestic banks (month-end)





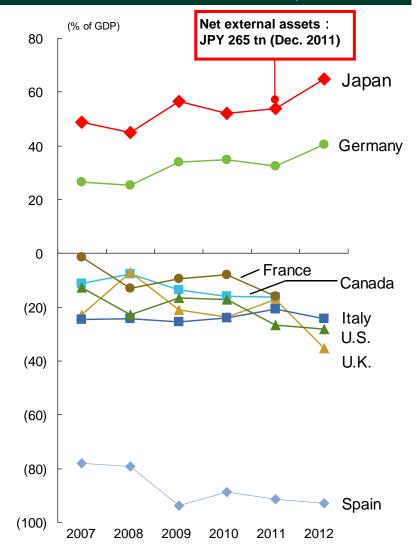
Japanese national wealth

B/S of Japan (as of Dec. 2011, JPY tn)*1

Clos	sin	g Assets	8,451	r
	Н	ouseholds	2,556	
		Financial assets	1,512	
		Non-financial assets	1,044	
		Land	694	
	Non-financial corporations Financial assets Non-financial assets		1,836	
			816	
			1,020	
		Land	282	
	Fi	nancial corporations	2,885	
	G	eneral government	1,087	
		Financial assets	496	
Fi	inar	ncial assets	5,721	
N	on-	financial assets	2,730	

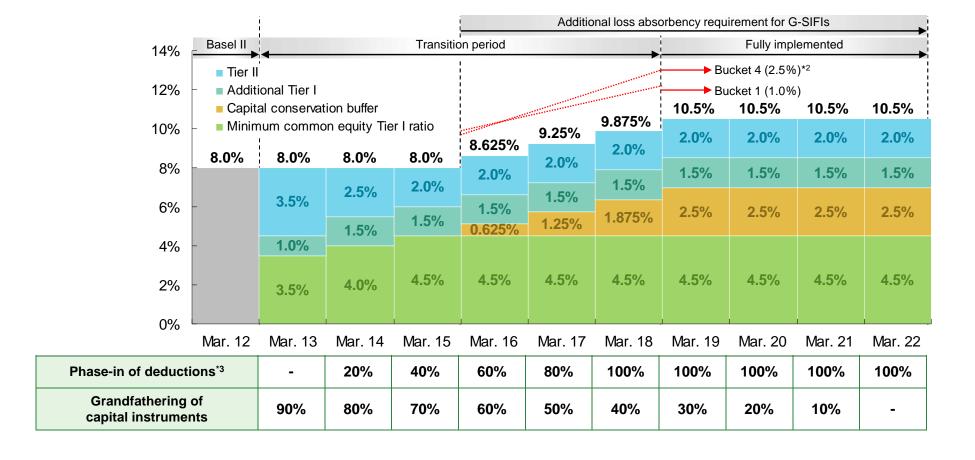
	sing liabilities plus worth	8,451
	Households	360
	Non-financial corporations	1,157
	Stocks	349
	Financial corporations	2,825
	Stocks To Nominal GDP: 231.59	85
	General government	1,096
С	losing liabilities	5,455
١	let worth	2,996
	Households	2,195
	Non-financial corporations	678
	Financial corporations	61
	General government	(19)

Net international investment position*2





Summary of regulatory capital framework



^{*3} Including amounts exceeding the limit for deferred tax assets, mortgage servicing rights and investment in capital instruments of unconsolidated financial institutions 48



^{*1} Drafts of other rules that are to be implemented after 2014, such as rules on capital buffers and liquidity standards, will be published at a later stage

^{*2} With an empty bucket of 3.5% to discourage further systemicness

Public support and point of non-viability in Japan

Measures			Systemic risk	Applied entities	Status of targeted institution	Point of non-viability	No. of cases		
	Act on Special Measures for Strengthening Financial Functions Pre-emptive capital injection		Not Required	Banks	Not failed*2 or with negative net worth	No	27		
neasures	Article 102 of Deposit Insurance Act (DIA)	Measure under Item 1 Pre-emptive capital injection	Required	and BHCs d	Non Item 2 or 3 measure financial institutions (undercapitalized)	No	1		
Existing measures			Banks	Failed <u>or</u> with negative net worth	Yes Q&A	-			
		Measure under Item 3 Nationalization	region)	only	Failed <u>and</u> with negative net worth	published by FSA on Dec. 12, 2012	1		
Measures to be newly mplemented*1	Article 126-2 of DIA	Specific measure under Item 1 Liquidity support Pre-emptive capital injection	Required (Financial system	(Financial system	(Financial Financial system institutions		Not with negative net worth	To be clarified by the	
Measures t be newly Implemente		Specific measure under Item 2 market in Japan)	banks and BHCs	With <u>negative net worth,</u> etc.*3	cabinet order*4				

^{*1} Scheduled to come into effect by Mar. 2014 *2 Failed: ceased or likely to cease repaying its deposit.
*3 Negative net worth, etc.: to be or likely to be with negative net worth or to be or likely to be unable to pay its debts as they become due
*4 According to the report on orderly resolution regime for financial institutions in Japan published by the Financial System Council, it is considered appropriate that contractual bail-in options attached to subordinated debts are exercised when a financial institution in question is at insolvency and above measures are implemented.

Credit ratings of G-SIBs (Moody's)*

	Apr.	2001	Jul.	2007	Aug. 2013	
Aaa			Bank of AmericaBank of New York MellonCitibankJPMorgan Chase Bank	Royal Bank of ScotlandUBSWells Fargo Bank		
Aa1	 Bank of America Crédit Agricole 	Wells Fargo BankUBS	 Banco Santander Barclays Bank BBVA BNP Paribas Crédit Agricole Credit Suisse 	 Deutsche Bank HSBC Bank ING Bank Nordea Bank Société Générale State Street Bank & Trust 	Bank of New York Mellon	
Aa2	Bank of New York MellonBarclays BankBBVACitibankHSBC Bank	ING BankJPMorgan Chase BankRoyal Bank of ScotlandState Street Bank & Trust	SMBC • BPCE(Banque Populaire) • BTMU	 Mizuho Bank UniCredit	State Street Bank & Trust	
Aa3	Banco SantanderBNP ParibasBPCE(Banque Populaire)	Deutsche BankSociété GénéraleUniCredit	Goldman Sachs Bank	Morgan Stanley Bank	SMBC • BTMU • HSBC Bank	JPMorgan Chase BankNordea BankWells Fargo Bank
A1	Credit Suisse		Bank of China		Bank of ChinaCredit Suisse	 Mizuho Bank Standard Chartered
A2	• BTMU	Standard Chartered	Standard Chartered		Barclays BankBNP ParibasBPCE(Banque Populaire)Crédit AgricoleDeutsche Bank	Goldman Sachs BankING BankSociété GénéraleUBS
А3	SMBC	• Mizuho Bank			Bank of America Citibank	Morgan Stanley BankRoyal Bank of Scotland
Baa1	Bank of China					
Baa2					Banco Santander UniCredit	
Baa3					• BBVA	



^{*} Long-term issuer ratings (if not available, long-term deposit ratings) of operating banks

This document contains "forward-looking statements" (as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995), regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of us and our managements with respect to our future financial condition and results of operations. In many cases but not all, these statements contain words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "probability", "risk", "project", "should", "seek", "target" and similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ from those expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements contained or deemed to be contained herein. The risks and uncertainties which may affect future performance include: deterioration of Japanese and global economic conditions and financial markets; declines in the value of our securities portfolio; our ability to successfully implement our business strategy through our subsidiaries, affiliates and alliance partners; exposure to new risks as we expand the scope of our business; and incurrence of significant credit-related costs. Given these and other risks and uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this document. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Please refer to our most recent disclosure documents such as our annual report or registration statement on Form 20-F and other documents submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as earnings press releases, for a more detailed description of the risks and uncertainties that may affect our financial conditions and results of operations, and investors' decisions.

