Fixed Income Investor Presentation October 2012

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

The financial figures for SMFG and SMBC included in this presentation are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan, or Japanese GAAP

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SMFG / SMBC overview

SMFG (Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group)

- SMFG is one of the three largest banking groups in Japan with an established global presence
- Designated as one of the G-SIFIs

Market capitalization	JPY 3.3 tn
(TSE:8316 / NYSE:SMFG)	(USD 43 bn)

Total assets JPY 143 tn

Tier I ratio 12.28 %

(As of Sep. 28, 2012 for market capitalization and as of Mar. 31, 2012 for others)
(Consolidated)

		△ 1 - 1		s franchise
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-		UO	DUSIIICS:	ว ท สทษทาวษ

- Core operating entity within the SMFG franchise
- Heritage dating back more than 400 years
- 27 million retail customer deposit accounts
- 110 thousand domestic corporate loan clients
- 437 domestic branches
- 60 overseas franchises*1

Ratings (Moody's / S&P) ²	Aa3 / A+
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(As of Mar. 31, 2012, except for the ratings)

PY 119 tn
JPY 56 tn
JPY 84 tn
66.8 %
1.86 %

(As of Mar. 31, 2012, non-consolidated)

SMBC's profitability

	FY3/12
Gross banking profit	JPY 1,533 bn
Banking profit (before provisions)	JPY 813 bn
Net income	JPY 478 bn
Overhead ratio ^{*4}	46.9 %
Overhead ratio	46.9 %

(Non-consolidated)

^{*1} SMBC's branches and subsidiaries

^{*2} SMBC's long-term senior unsecured bond ratings

^{*3} Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

^{*4} Expenses divided by gross banking profit

Credit ratings of G-SIFIs by Moody's*

	Apr. 2001		Jul.	2007	Sep. 2012	
Aaa	Lloyds TSB Bank		Bank of America Bank of New York Mellon Citibank JPMorgan Chase Bank	Lloyds TSB Bank Royal Bank of Scotland UBS Wells Fargo Bank		
Aa1	Bank of America Crédit Agricole	Wells Fargo Bank UBS	Banco Santander Barclays Bank BNP Paribas Crédit Agricole Credit Suisse Deutsche Bank	HSBC Bank ING Bank Nordea Bank Société Générale State Street Bank & Trust	Bank of New York Mellon	
Aa2	Bank of New York Mellon Barclays Bank Citibank HSBC Bank	ING Bank JPMorgan Chase Bank Royal Bank of Scotland State Street Bank & Trust	SMBC BPCE(Banque Populaire) BTMU	<i>Mizuho CB/BK</i> UniCredit	State Street Bank & Trust	
Aa3	Banco Santander BNP Paribas BPCE(Banque Populaire) Commerzbank	Deutsche Bank Société Générale UniCredit	Commerzbank AG Goldman Sachs Bank Morgan Stanley Bank		SMBC BTMU HSBC Bank	JPMorgan Chase Bank Nordea Bank Wells Fargo Bank
A1	Credit Suisse		Bank of China		Bank of China Credit Suisse <i>Mizuho CB/BK</i>	
A2	BTMU				Barclays Bank BNP Paribas BPCE(Banque Populaire) Crédit Agricole Deutsche Bank	Goldman Sachs Bank ING Bank Lloyds TSB Bank Société Générale UBS
A3	SMBC	Mizuho CB/BK			Bank of America Citibank Commerzbank	Morgan Stanley Bank Royal Bank of Scotland
Baa1 Baa2	Bank of China				Banco Santander UniCredit	

^{*} Long-term issuer ratings (if not available, long-term deposit ratings) of operating banks

Highlights

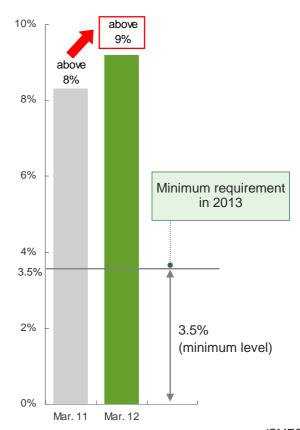
Capital Asset quality **Financial soundness** Liquidity Foreign currency funding Productivity Loan balance & spread **Profitability** Expenses Credit costs International business Growth Securities business

Capital - approaching target

SMFG Core Tier I ratio*1 Basel III fully loaded basis*2, 3



SMFG Core Tier I ratio*1 Basel III initial implementation basis*2



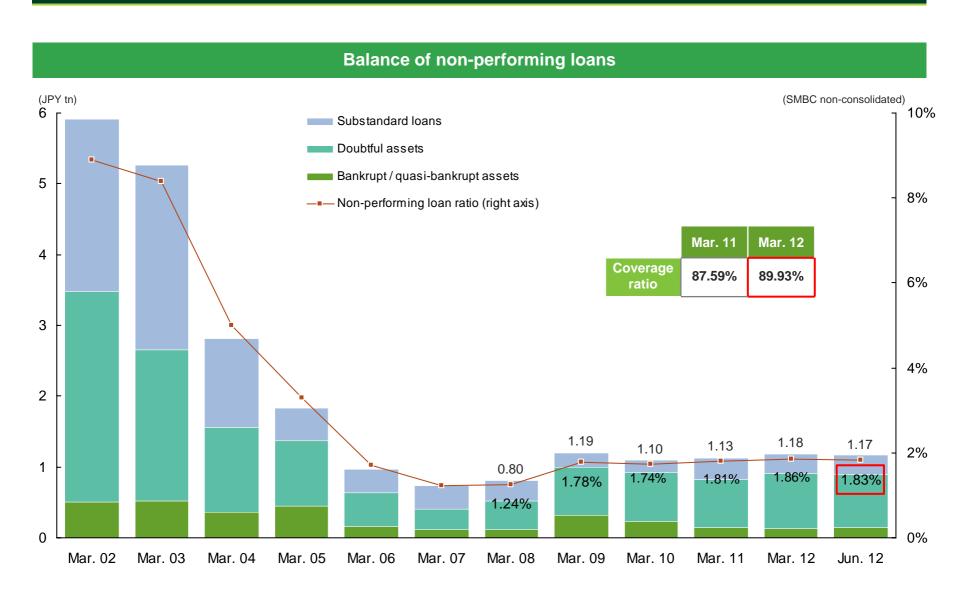
(SMFG consolidated)

^{*1} Common Equity Tier I ratio under Basel III

^{*2} Pro forma

^{*3} Regulatory adjustments are fully deducted

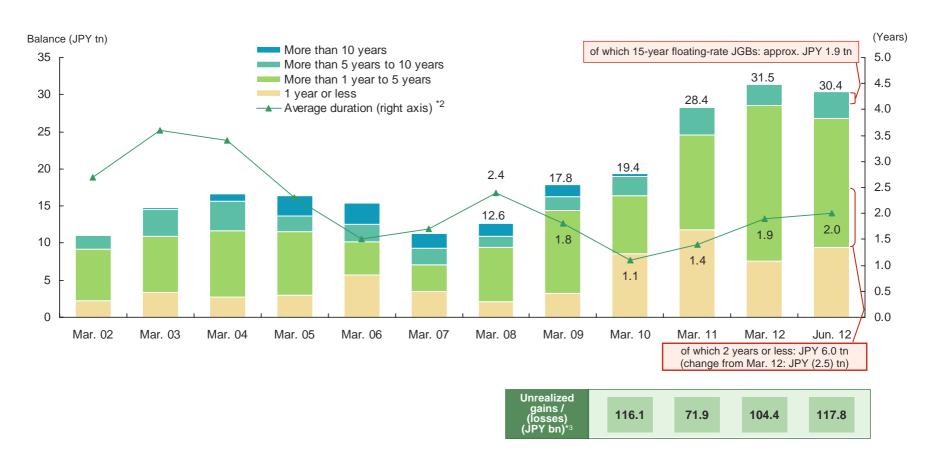
Asset quality - solid loan portfolio



Asset quality - bond portfolio

Yen bond portfolio*1

(SMBC non-consolidated)



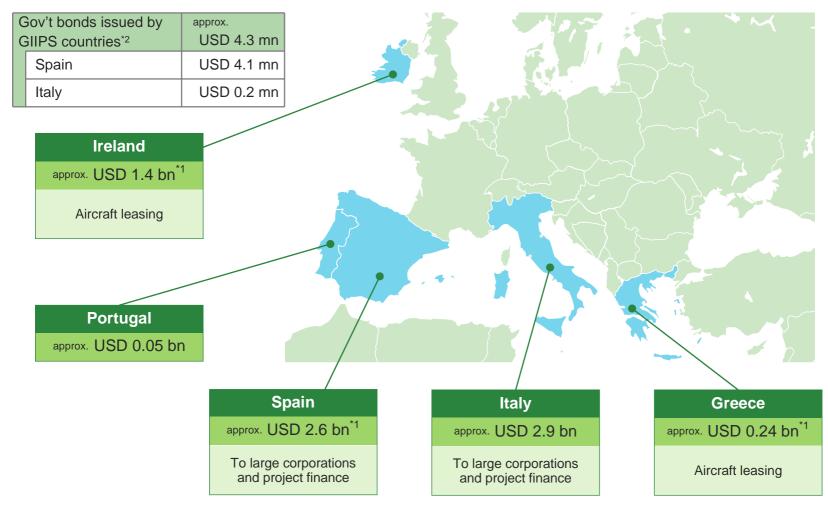
^{*1} Total balance of bonds with maturities classified as "Other securities" and bonds of held-to-maturity; total of JGBs, Japanese local government bonds and Japanese corporate bonds

^{*2} Excluding bonds of held-to-maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is regarded as zero (duration of JGBs portfolio for Mar. 02)

 $^{^{\}star}3$ 15-year floating-rate JGBs have been carried at their reasonably estimated amounts from Mar. 09

Asset quality - exposure to GIIPS countries

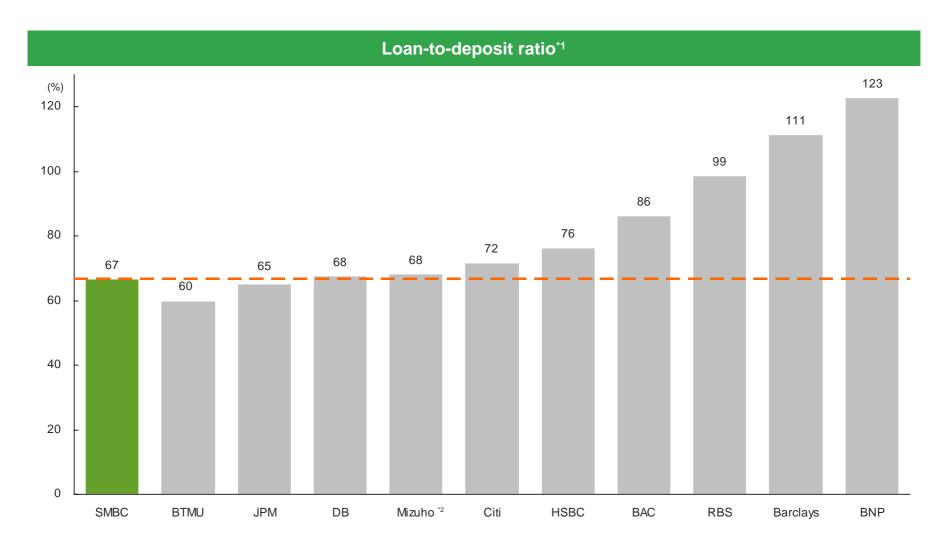
Approx. USD 7.2 billion*1 as of June 2012



⁽SMFG consolidated)

^{*1} Aircraft leasing by newly consolidated SMBC Aviation Capital is approx. USD 1.48 bn; approx. USD 1 bn in Ireland, approx. USD 0.3 bn in Spain and approx. 0.18 bn in Greece *2 Secondary holdings of government bonds in SMBC Nikko

Liquidity - supported by a sticky domestic deposit base



 ^{*1} Based on each company's financial statements, as of Mar. 31, 2012 for SMBC, The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ ("BTMU") and Mizuho, and as of June. 30, 2012 for others. Figures of SMBC, BTMU and Mizuho are on a non-consolidated basis. The others are on a consolidated basis
 *2 Aggregate of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank

Foreign currency funding (1)

Overseas deposit & loan balance*

(USD bn)

- CDs & CP
- Deposits (incl. deposits from central banks)
- ── Overseas loan balance



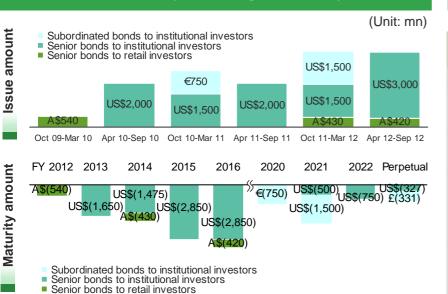
Diversification of foreign currency funding

- CP program for short-term funding
 - USD CP Program:
 - Established Nov. 2009 (USD 5bn)
 - Expanded Nov. 2011 (USD 15bn)
 - Euro CP Program:
 - Established Nov. 2011 (EUR 10bn)
- Benchmark bond transactions
 - USD denominated senior bonds:
 - In order to build a more robust and broader investor base, issued the first senior bonds via 3(a)(2) format in July 2012
 - Issued periodically in 144A/RegS format since 2010
 - USD and EUR denominated subordinated bonds: issued to international investors
 - AUD denominated senior bonds: issued to Japanese domestic retail investors

^{*} Managerial accounting basis, exchanged at respective period-end exchange rates. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

Foreign currency funding (2)

Issue and maturity of foreign currency bonds



Secondary spread of selected SMBC bonds*1



*1 Source Bloomberg

Foreign currency bonds issued since 2010*2

Issue date	Sub/ Senior	Format	Tenor	Amount (mn)	Coupon	Spread*3
USD denomin	nated					
Jul. 22, 2010	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years	USD 1,000	2.15%	+118bp
301. 22, 2010	Seriioi	144/VIXego	5 years	USD 1,000	3.15%	+137.5bp
Jan. 14, 2011	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years	USD 650	1.95%	+90bp
Jan. 14, 2011	Seriioi	1447/11cgo	5 years	USD 850	3.10%	+103bp
			3 years	USD 400	1.90%	+130bp
Jul. 22, 2011	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years	USD 500	LIBOR+ 0.95%	LIBOR+ 0.95%
			5 years	USD 1,100	2.90%	+150bp
			3 years	USD 500	1.90%	+155bp
Jan. 12, 2012	Senior	144A/RegS	5 years	USD 500	2.65%	+180bp
			10 years	USD 500	3.95%	+200bp
Mar. 1, 2012	Sub	RegS	10 years	USD 1,500	4.85%	+285bp
			3 years	USD 1,000	1.35%	+100bp
Jul. 18, 2012	Senior	3(a)(2)	5 years	USD 1,250	1.80%	+120bp
			10 years	USD 750	3.20%	+170bp
Euro denomi	nated					
Nov. 9, 2010	Sub	144A/RegS	10 years	Euro 750	4.00%	+130bp
AUD denominated						
Mar. 16, 2010	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 540	5.76%	
Dec. 21, 2011	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 430	4.28%	
Jun. 21, 2012	Senior	Domestic Retail	4 years	AUD 420	4.07%	

 ^{*2} Foreign currency bonds other than AUD denominated bonds are issued to international investors
 *3 Spread over US Treasury except for Euro denominated bonds issued at Nov. 9, 2010 (over Mid Swap)

Highlights

Capital Asset quality Financial soundness Liquidity Foreign currency funding Productivity Loan balance & spread **Profitability** Expenses Credit costs International business Growth Securities business

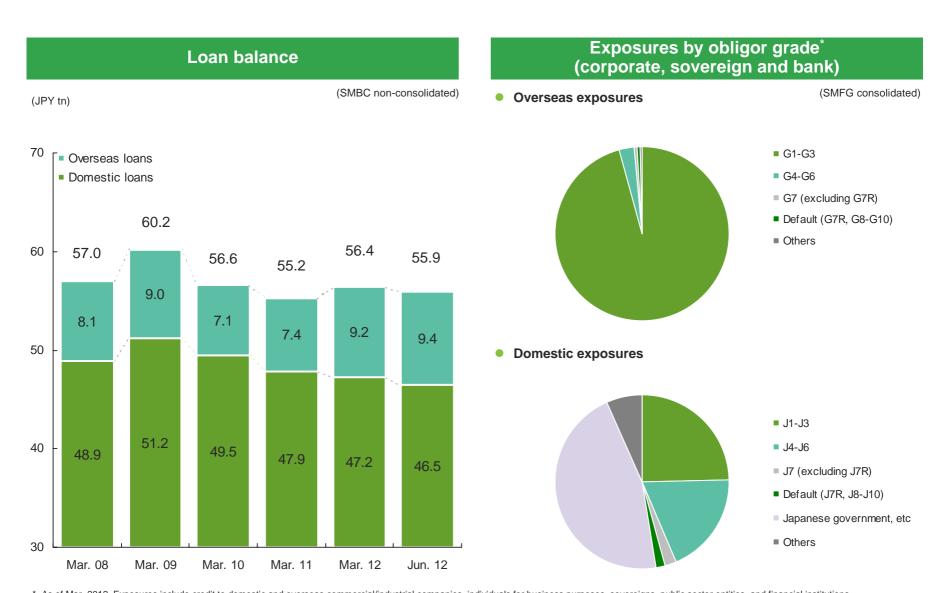
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Profitability - highest profitability among Japanese peers



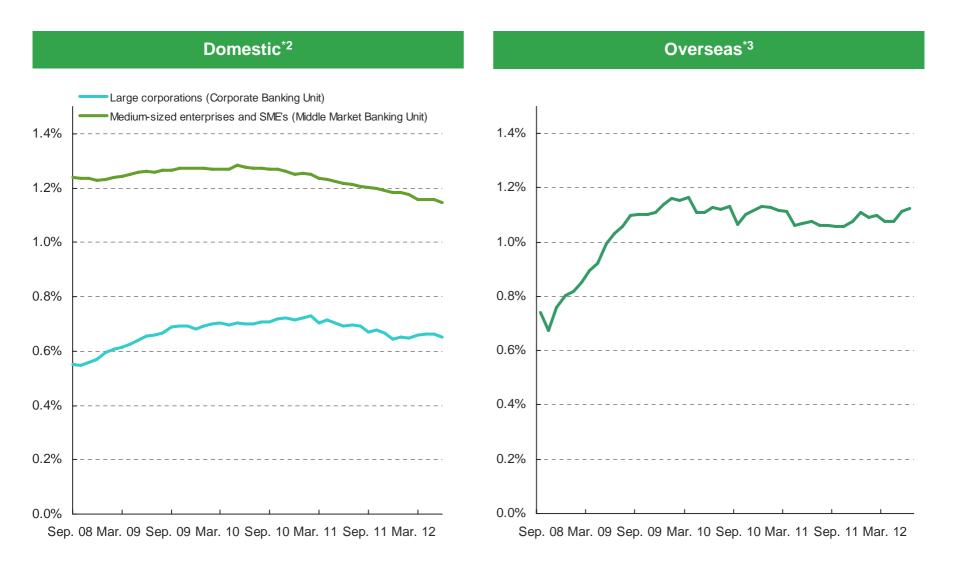
^{*1} Based on each company's FY3/2012 disclosure. The figures shown in the graph are: non-consolidated figures of SMBC and BTMU, and sum of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho *2 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses, excluding gains (losses) on bonds

Loan balance and exposures



^{*} As of Mar. 2012. Exposures include credit to domestic and overseas commercial/industrial companies, individuals for business purposes, sovereigns, public sector entities, and financial institutions. See appendix for details on obligor grade

Loan spread*1

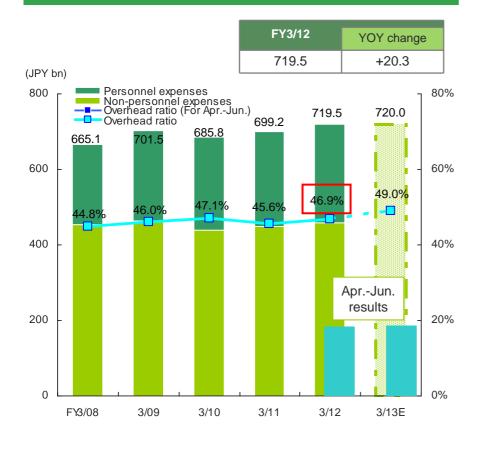


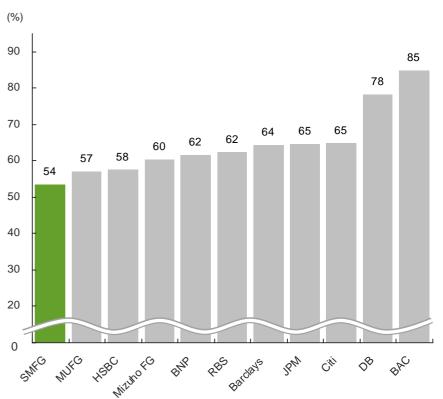
^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Average loan spread of existing loans *2 SMBC non-consolidated *3 Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

Expenses - control both in SMBC and on a group-wide basis



Overhead ratio on group consolidated basis*2

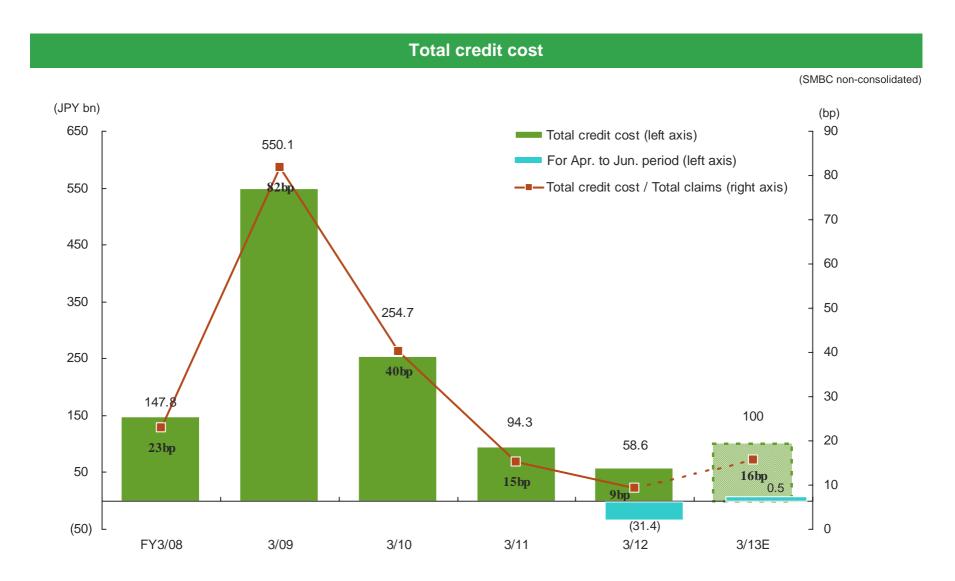




^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses

^{*2} Based on each company's disclosure. Top-line profit (net of insurance claims) divided by G&A expenses (for Japanese banks, excluding non-recurring losses). FY3/2012 results for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, and FY12/2011 results for others

Credit costs



Financial Results of FY3/2012 and 1Q, FY3/2013

	(JPY bn)	FY3/2012 results
	Gross banking profit	1,532.5
	Gains (losses) on bonds	152.5
	Expenses*1	719.5
Ą	<overhead ratio=""> *2</overhead>	46.9%
SMBC cnon-consolidated>	Banking profit (before provisions)*3	813.0
S Ion-co	Total credit cost	58.6
V	Gains (losses) on stocks	(15.2)
	Ordinary profit	695.3
	Net income*4	478.0

AprJun. 2012	YOY	
results 399.3	change +9.8	
399.3	+9.0	
79.2	+20.9	
185.6	+2.7	
46.5%	(0.4)%	
213.8	+7.1	
0.5	+31.9	
(69.3)	(37.6)	
132.4	(61.6)	
71.0	(96.4)	

FY3/2013 forecast		
1,470.0		
720.0		
49.0%		
750.0		
100.0		
600.0		
380.0		
910.0		

	Ordin	ary profit	935.6
dated>		Variance with SMBC (non-consolidated)	240.3
Net in		ncome*4	518.5
SV		Variance with SMBC (non-consolidated)	40.5

237.7	(63.5)
105.3	(1.9)
117.8	(88.8)
46.8	+7.6

910.0
310.0
480.0
100.0

^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses

^{*2} Expenses divided by gross banking profit

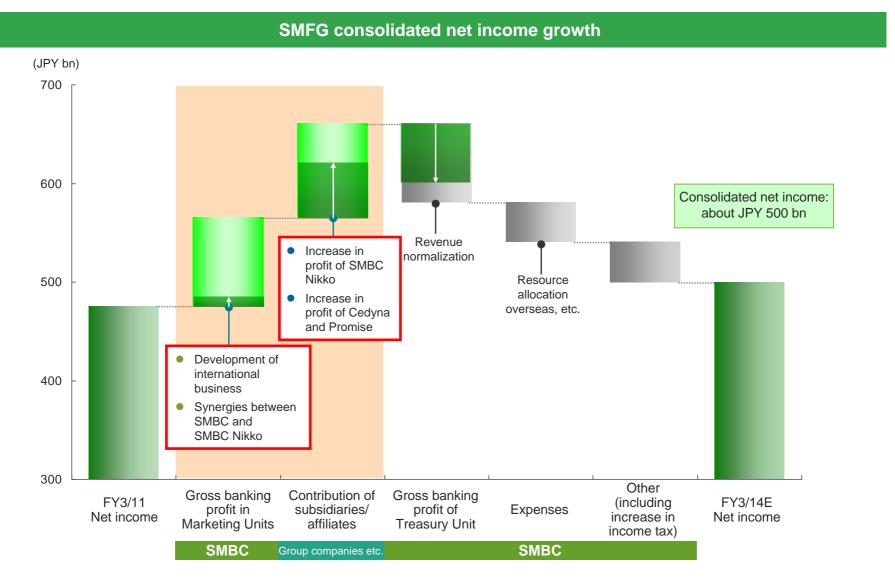
^{*3} Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

^{*4} The change in the corporate tax rate in FY3/2012 had a negative impact of JPY (22.6) bn on SMBC non-consolidated basis and JPY (39.6) bn on SMFG consolidated basis

Highlights

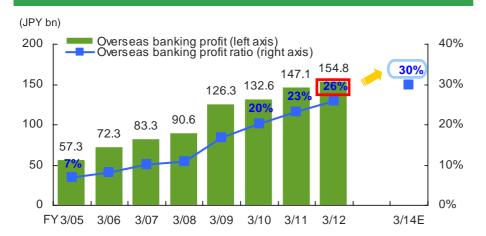
Capital Asset quality Financial soundness Liquidity Foreign currency funding Productivity Loan balance & spread **Profitability** Expenses Credit costs International business Growth Securities business

Profit drivers of the medium-term management plan



International business (1)

Overseas banking profit (before provisions) and ratio*1



Overseas loan balance (USD)*2,3



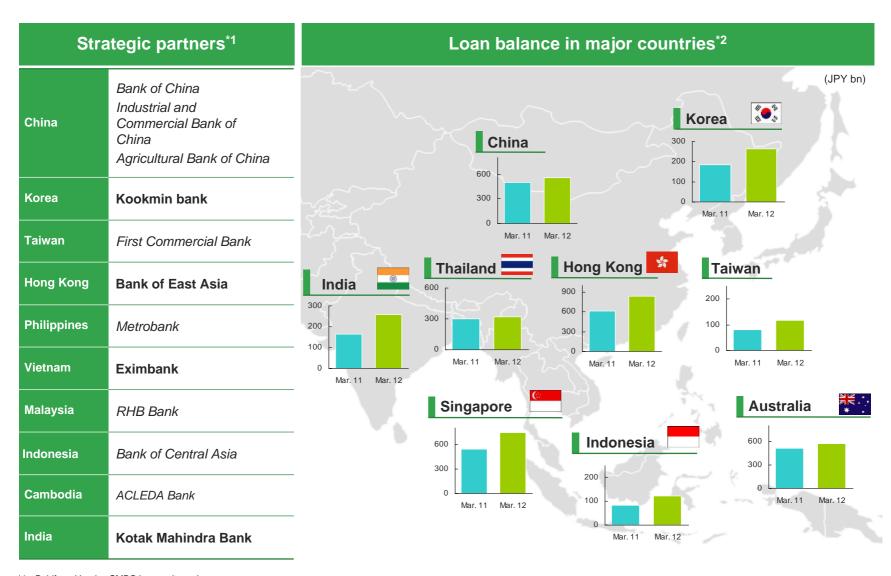
Expansion of international network (since Apr. 2011)

(since Apr. 2011)				
	Shenzhen Br.*4	Subsidiary bank in Malaysia		
	Chongqing Br.*4	New Delhi Rep. Office		
Expansion of network mainly in Asia (No. of channels in emerging	Amsterdam Br.	Istanbul Rep. Office		
markets: Mar. 2011: 24 → Aug. 2012: 31)	Phnom Penh Rep. Office	Bahrain Rep. Office		
	Doha QFC Office	Lima Rep. Office		
	New Delhi Branch*5	Yangon Rep. Office		
	Banco BTG Pactual (Brazil)	Bank of China (China)		
Business alliances with major local banks	Scotiabank Inverlat (Mexico)	China Development Bank (China)		
	ACLEDA Bank (Cambodia)			
Strengthening of marketing functions in Asia Pacific	Investment Banking Financial Solution I			

^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC and major overseas banking subsidiaries. Based on the medium-term management plan assumed exchange rate of USD1=JPY85

^{*2} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Geographic classification based on booking office *3 Exchanged at respective period-end exchange rates, *4 Branch of SMBC (China), *5 Received approval for preparation for opening

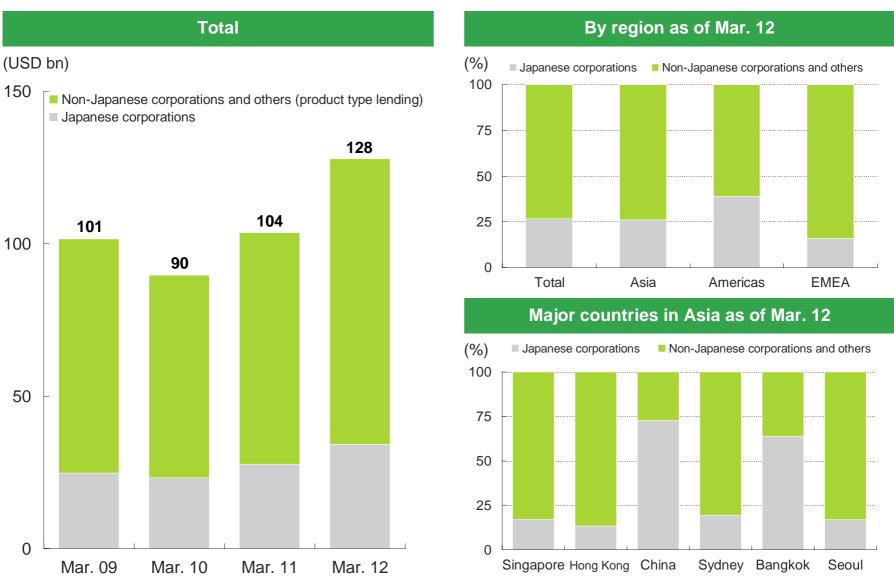
International business (2) - our footprint in Asia



^{*1} Boldfaced banks: SMBC has equity stake

^{*2} Bar charts represent loan balance based on domicile of borrowers (not by channel). Figures of China includes those of SMBC (China). Loan balances as of Mar. 31, 2011 is exchanged to JPY from each country's local currency at the exchange rate of Mar. 31, 2012

International business (3) - overseas loan balance classified by borrower type*



^{*} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Geographic classification based on booking office

International business (4) - alliance & acquisition strategy

Investment criteria

- 1 Fits our Group strategy and associated risks are controllable
- 2 Delivers sufficient investment returns; achieves 0.8% Net income RORA
- 3 Contributes to strengthen our client service
- 4 Foreign currency funding is secured to accommodate the deal

Example

Acquisition of aircraft leasing business from The RBS group

Overview of the acquired company

- Completed the acquisition on June 1, 2012.
 Commenced its operation as SMBC Aviation Capital
- Acquisition price: approx. USD 7.3 billion*1 Shareholders: SMFL 60%, SMBC 30%, Sumitomo Corporation 10%
- SMBC Aviation Capital refinanced USD 3.0 billion of its existing borrowings through The Japan Bank for International Cooperation
- Five management members of former RBS Aviation Capital continue to manage the business.
 The board of directors consists of 11 directors, of which six from shareholders

Ranking after acquisition*2

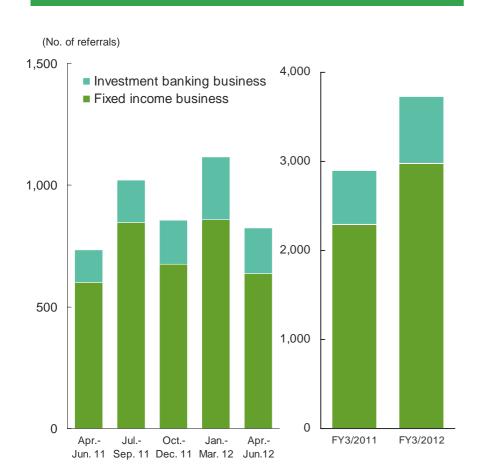
		Leasing Company	Nationality	No. of Aircrafts
	1	GECAS	U.S.	1,755
	2	ILFC	U.S.	1,031
ightharpoons		former RBS AC + SMF0	G/SC Group* ³	335
	3	BBAM	U.S.	327
	4	AerCap	Netherlands	326
	5	CIT Aerospace	U.S.	263
\vdash	6	former RBS AC	Ireland	246
	17	SMFG/SC Group*3	Netherlands	89

^{*1} The figure will be adjusted based on the assets and liabilities of the acquired business as of May 31, 2012 *2 As of Dec 31, 2011 (Source: Ascend)

^{*3} Aggregate of 1) SMFL Aircraft Capital Corporation B.V., a subsidiary of Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing, and 2) Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management B.V., a subsidiary of Sumitomo Corporation

Securities business (1) - promoting cross-selling

No. of referrals from SMBC to SMBC Nikko



League tables (Apr.-Jun. 2012, ranks of SMBC Nikko)

	Rank	Mkt share
Global equity & equity-related (book runner, underwriting amount)*1	#5	5.7%
JPY denominated bonds (lead manager, underwriting amount)*2	#5	6.4%
Financial advisor (M&A, transaction volume)*3	#5	33.0%
Financial advisor (M&A, No. of deals)*3	#5	2.0%

^{*1} Source: SMBC Nikko, based on data from Thomson Reuters. Relating to Japanese corporations' activities only

^{*2} Source: SMBC Nikko. Consisting of corporate bonds, FILP agency bonds, municipality bonds, and samurai bonds

^{*3} Source: Thomson Reuters. Relating to Japanese corporations' activities only. Excluding real estate deals

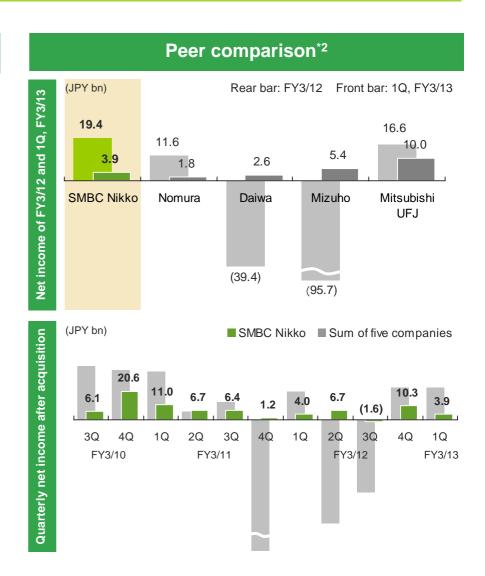
Securities business (2)

SMBC Nikko's financial performance on a consolidated basis

(JPY bn)	FY3/2012	AprJun. 2012	YOY change
Net operating revenue	228.8	55.2	(0.3)
SG&A expenses	185.1	45.8	+0.1
Ordinary profit	44.5	9.8	(0.3)
Net income*1	19.4	3.9	(0.1)

Topics in 1Q, FY3/13

- SMBC Nikko sold 35% of the total issued amount of JGB Reconstruction Bonds / Reconstruction Supporters' Bonds to retail investors in the Jul. 2012 issue (amount sold in June: JPY 180.7 bn)
- Nikko JF Asia Discovery Fund became the largest domestic investment trust launched since Sep. 2008 measured by launch amount (JPY 131.3 bn)



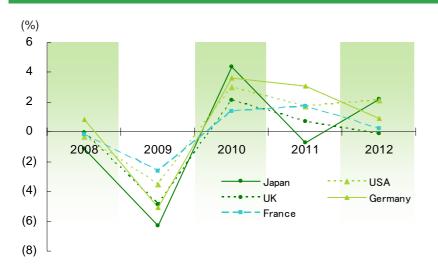
^{*1} of which JPY(4.8) bn resulted from changes in the corporate tax rate in FY3/2012

^{*2} Based on each companies' financial statements. The figures shown in the charts above are: consolidated figures of Nomura Holdings (US GAAP, Net income attributable to Nomura Holdings shareholders) for Nomura, consolidated figures of Daiwa Securities Group for Daiwa, consolidated figures of Mizuho, and consolidated figures of Mitsubishi UFJ Securities Holdings for Mitsubishi UFJ

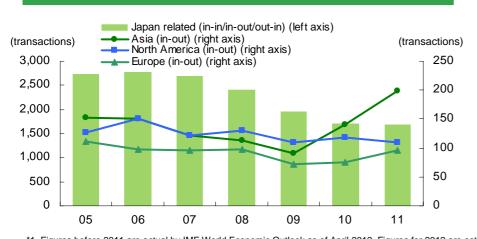
Appendix

Macro data (1)

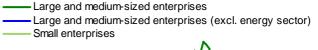
Real GDP growth rate*1

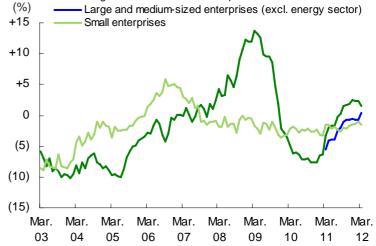


No. of M&A deals*2

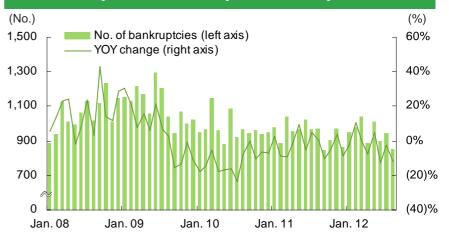


Domestic corporate loans*3 (YoY % change in loan balance)





Corporate bankruptcies in Japan*4

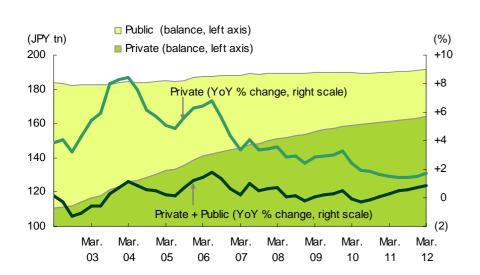


^{*1} Figures before 2011 are actual by IMF World Economic Outlook as of April 2012. Figures for 2012 are estimates by the Japan Research Institute

^{*3} Source: Bank of Japan "Loans and bills discounted by sector" *4 Source: Teikoku Databank

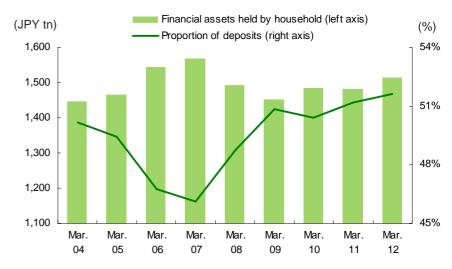
Macro data (2)

Housing loans*1



Exchange rate (month-end) (JPY) (JPY) 130 180 120 160 110 140 100 120 90 100 JPY/USD (left axis) 80 JPY/EUR (right axis) 70 80 FY3/08 FY3/09 FY3/10 FY3/11 FY3/12

Financial assets held by household*1,2



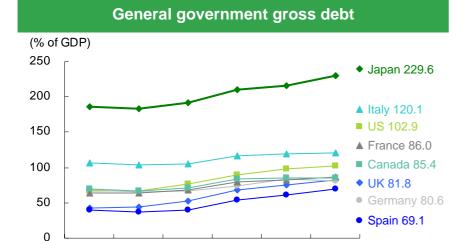
Nikkei stock average (month-end)



^{*1} Source: Bank of Japan "Flow of Funds"

^{*2} Deposits does not include CDs and foreign currency deposits

Fiscal condition of major nations



^{*} Applied estimated figures of 2011 for Japan, the US, France and the UK Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook, October 2012"

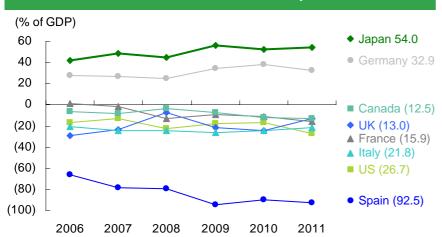
2008

2007

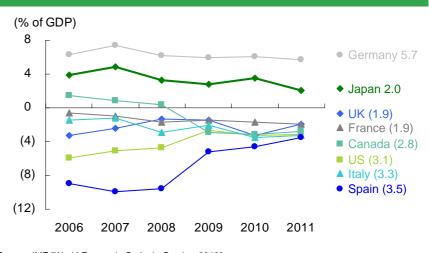
2006

Net international investment position

2009

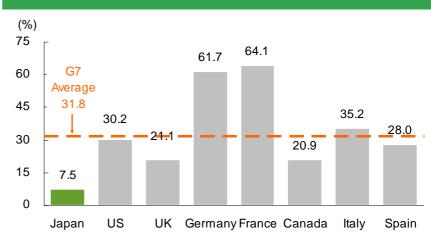


Current account balance



Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook, October 2012"

Non-resident holding of general government debt, 2012



Source: IMF.Stat Source: IMF "October 2012 Fiscal Monitor"

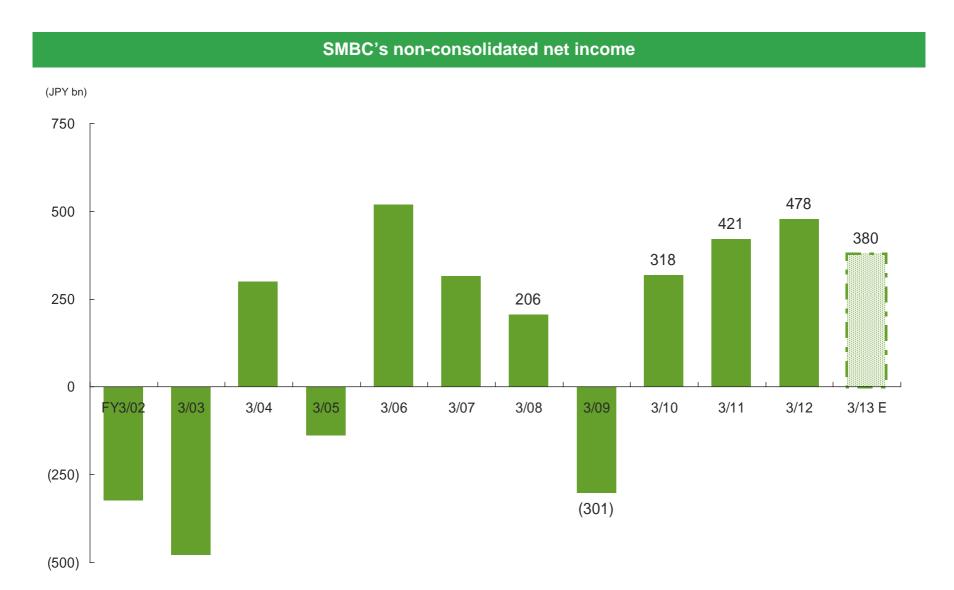
2011

Tier I ratio comparison

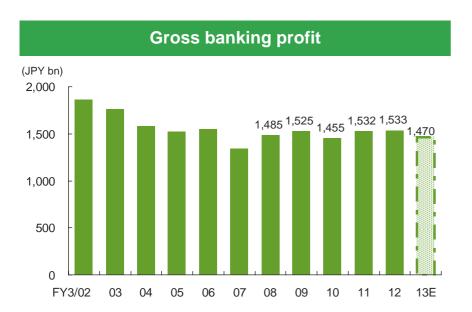


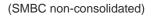
^{*} Based on each company's financial disclosure, as of Jun. 30, 2012

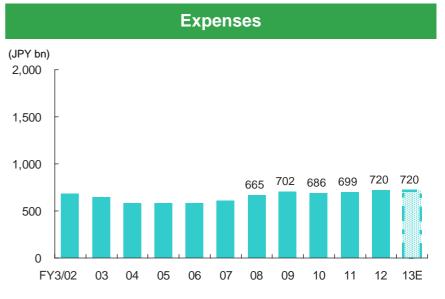
Trend of bottom line profits

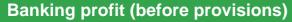


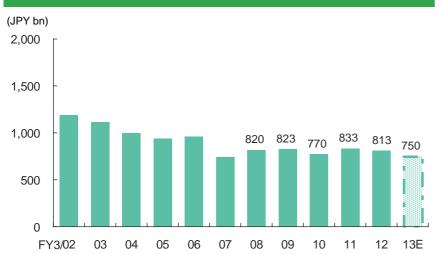
Trend of major income components



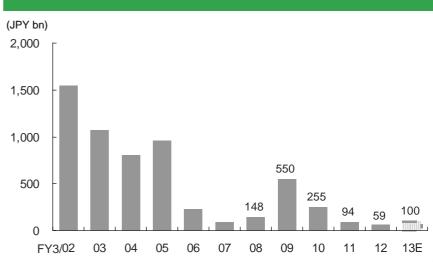








Total credit cost



Capital and risk-weighted assets

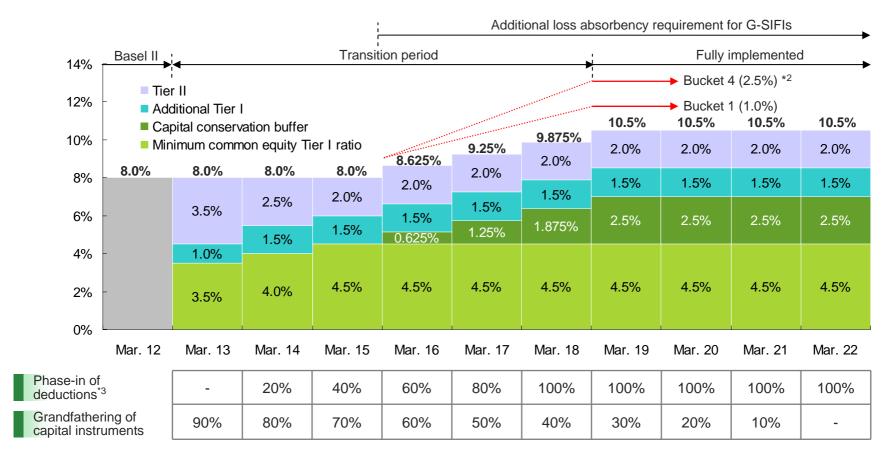
(JPY bn)	Mar. 31, 11	Mar. 31, 12	Jun. 30, 12
Tier I	6,324.0	6,272.3	6,403.4
Capital stock & capital surplus	3,316.7	3,097.7	
Preferred stock	210.0	-	
Retained earnings	1,702.8	2,084.4	
Preferred securities issued by overseas SPCs	1,593.6	1,588.9	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(122.9)	(141.4)	
Increase in equity capital resulting from securitization exposure	(36.3)	(38.3)	
ier II	2,537.0	2,771.1	2,559.2
Unrealized gains on other securities after 55% discount	169.3	214.6	
General reserve for loan losses	100.0	66.7	
Perpetual subordinated debt	243.0	149.2	
Dated subordinated debt	1,967.2	2,304.9	
Deduction	(428.1)	(399.6)	(393.7)
otal capital	8,432.9	8,643.8	8,568.9
Risk-weighted assets	50,693.7	51,043.2	49,637.6
Capital ratio	16.63 %	16.93 %	17.26%
Tier I ratio	12.47 %	12.28 %	12.90%
Core Tier I ratio (pro forma)			
Basel III fully loaded basis	above 6 %	nearly 7.5 %	
Basel III initial implementation basis	above 8 %	above 9 %	
let deferred tax assets	624.2	350.2	

^{*} Calculation for Core Tier I ratio (Common Equity Tier I ratio) based on Basel III standards. Other calculations based on Basel II standards (Credit risk: AIRB, Operational risk: AMA)

Summary of regulatory capital framework

In March 2012, the Japanese FSA amended requirements regarding bank capital*1

- Basically consistent with Basel III text
- Effective from the end of March 2013 to conform with the fiscal year end of Japanese banks



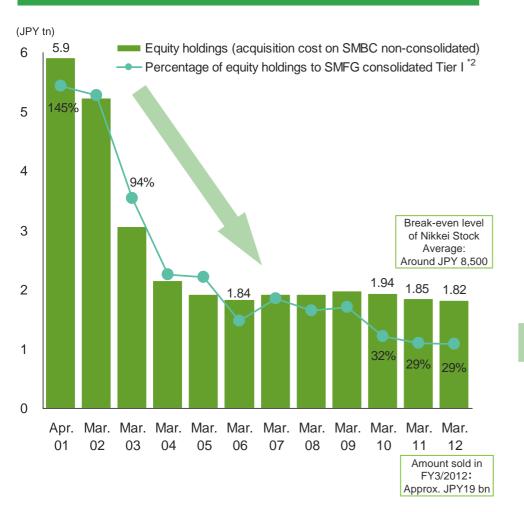
^{*1} Drafts of other rules that are to be implemented after 2014, such as rules on capital buffers and liquidity standards, will be published at a later stage

^{*2} With an empty bucket of 3.5% to discourage further systemicness

^{*3} Including amounts exceeding the limit for deferred tax assets, mortgage servicing rights and investment in capital instruments of unconsolidated financial institutions

Equity holdings

Balance of equity holdings*1



Changes in the environment

Tightening of capital regulations

Need to minimize the impact of stock price fluctuation on our capital base



Reduce un-hedged equity to 25% of Tier I capital

^{*1} Balance of domestic stocks classified as other securities with fair value *2 Until Mar. 02, percentage to SMBC consolidated Tier I

Obligor grading system

Obligor grade Domestic Overseas (C&I*), etc.				
		Definition	Borrower category	
J1	G1	Very high certainty of debt repayment		
J2	G2	High certainty of debt repayment		
J3	G3	Satisfactory certainty of debt repayment		
J4	G4	Debt repayment is likely but this could change in cases of significant changes in economic trends or business environment	Normal borrowers	
J5 G5		No problem with debt repayment over the short term, but not satisfactory over the mid to long term and the situation could change in cases of significant changes in economic trends or business environment		
J6	G6	Currently no problem with debt repayment, but there are unstable business and financial factors that could lead to debt repayment problems		
J7	G7	Close monitoring is required due to problems in meeting loan terms and conditions, sluggish/unstable business, or financial problems	Borrowers requiring caution	
J7R	G7R	(Of which substandard borrowers)	Substandard borrowers	
J8	G8	Currently not bankrupt, but experiencing business difficulties, making insufficient progress in restructuring, and highly likely to go bankrupt	Potentially bankrupt borrowers	
J 9	G9	Though not yet legally or formally bankrupt, has serious business difficulties and rehabilitation is unlikely; thus, effectively bankrupt	Effectively bankrupt borrowers	
J10 G10		Legally or formally bankrupt	Bankrupt borrowers	

^{*} Commercial/Industrial

Performance by business unit *1

			EV2/0044	FV2/2042	
		(JPY bn)	FY3/2011	FY3/2012	YOY change*2
		Gross banking profit	387.8	383.7	(5.5)
Consumer Banking Unit		Expenses	290.3	289.5	(0.9)
	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	97.5	94.2	(4.6)
		Gross banking profit	443.9	422.9	(18.2)
Middle Market Banking Unit		Expenses	221.7	222.8	+ 0.2
	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	222.2	200.1	(18.4)
		Gross banking profit	201.3	212.6	+ 8.0
Corporate Banking Unit		Expenses	36.0	38.2	+ 1.5
	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	165.3	174.4	+ 6.5
International Dealine Hait		Gross banking profit	186.5	197.4	+ 27.4
International Banking Unit (IBU)		Expenses	57.9	64.9	+ 9.8
(IBO)	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	128.6	132.5	+ 17.6
		Gross banking profit	1,219.5	1,216.6	+ 11.7
Marketing Units		Expenses	605.9	615.4	+ 10.6
		anking profit (before provisions)	613.6	601.2	+ 1.1
		Gross banking profit	330.7	319.3	(11.4)
Treasury Unit		Expenses	17.9	19.2	+ 1.3
	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	312.8	300.1	(12.7)
		Gross banking profit	18.4	3.4	+ 0.4
Headquarters		Expenses	75.4	84.9	+ 8.4
	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	93.8	88.3	(8.0)
Total		Gross banking profit	1,531.8	1,532.5	+ 0.7
Total (Business Units)		Expenses	699.2	719.5	+ 20.3
(Dusiliess Offics)	Ва	anking profit (before provisions)	832.6	813.0	(19.6)

^{*1} Managerial accounting basis *2 After adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc.

Overview of the medium-term management plan

Basic policy

To be a globally competitive and trusted financial services group by maximizing our strengths of spirit of innovation, speed and solution & execution

Management plan for coming three years

Strongly support Japan's reconstruction on the financial front

New medium-term management plan (FY3/12-FY3/14)

Management targets

- √ Aim for top quality in strategic business areas
- Establish a solid financial base and corporate infrastructure to meet the challenges of financial regulations and highly competitive environment

Financial objectives

Steadily improve financial soundness, profitability and growth in a balanced way

- Achieve sufficient Core Tier I ratio as required for a global player
- Enhance risk-return profile by improving asset quality
- Aim for top-level cost efficiency among global players
- Expand overseas business especially in Asia by capturing growing business opportunities

	Core Tier I ratio	approx. 8%
FY3/14	Consolidated net income RORA	approx. 0.8%
	Consolidated overhead ratio	50-55%
targets	Overhead ratio	45-50%
	Overseas pre-provision profit ratio	approx. 30%

Key initiatives to achieve management and financial targets

Strategic initiatives

Strategic business areas

- Financial consulting for retail customers
- Tailor-made solutions for corporate clients
- Commercial banking in emerging markets, especially Asia
- Broker-dealer/ Investment banking
- Non-asset business (payment & settlement services and asset management)

Corporate base

- Extend best practice in management throughout the SMFG group
- Develop corporate infrastructure to support growing international network
- Maximize operational efficiency

Progress of the medium-term management plan

Core Tier I ratio (pro-forma)	Mar. 11	Mar. 12
Basel III fully loaded basis	above 6%	nearly 7.5%
Basel III initial implementation basis	above 8%	above 9%

Mar. 14 Target	
8%	

	FY3/2011	FY3/2012
Net income RORA (SMFG consolidated)	0.8%	0.9%
Overhead ratio (SMFG consolidated)	52.5%	53.5%
Overhead ratio (SMBC non-consolidated)	45.6%	46.9%
Overseas banking profit ratio*	23.3%	26.0%

FY3/2014 Target		
0.8%		
50% - 55%		
45% - 50%		
30%		

^{*} Based on the medium-term management plan assumed exchange rate of USD1=JPY85 for FY3/2012 to FY3/2014

Products with a competitive advantage (1)

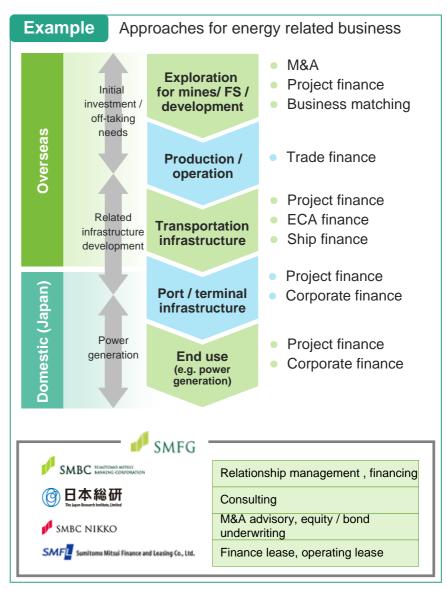
Project finance / Loan syndication

League tables (Jan. – Jun. 2012)*1

	Global	Asia* ²
Project Finance	#3	#5
Loan Syndication	#7	#6

Growth Industry Cluster Dept.

New energy sources	Renewable energy
Water	Water supply and sewerage, recycled water, desalination, etc.
Environment	Eco-city development, transportation system, rechargeable battery, etc.
Natural resources	Value chain of coal, natural gas, etc.
Carbon credit	Global warming related business
Frontier	Newly growing businesses / markets

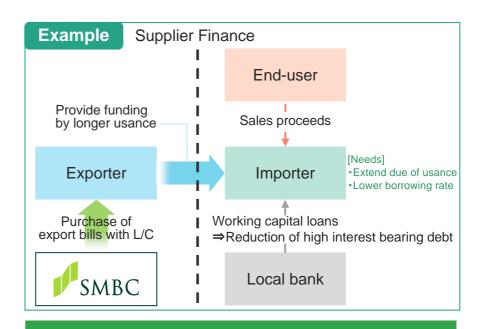


^{*1} Source: Thomson Reuters (Mandated Arrangers) *2 Project finance: Asia Pacific, Loan syndication: Asia (excl. Japan)

Products with a competitive advantage (2)

Trade finance related profit (USD mn) EMEA Americas Asia Asia FY 3/11 3/12 3/14E

- Balance of trade finance as of Mar. 12:USD 17.5 bn
- FY3/12 ROA (managerial accounting basis):1.6%
- No. of channels : 22 (Mar. 12) ⇒ plan 30 (Mar. 14)
 EMEA 8, Americas 2, Asia (incl. Tokyo) 12
- Global Trade Finance Dept. provides trade finance for financial institutions, commodity finance, etc.



Cash management service

Cash management providers' ranking (in Asia Pacific)*

Cash	Large corporations	4th	#1 among Japanese banks for seven consecutive years
management service (CMS) as voted by	Medium corporations	4th	CMS in Asia: Aim to be one of
	Small corporations	4th	the top three global banks
JPY CMS as voted by financial institutions		1st	#1 for seven consecutive years

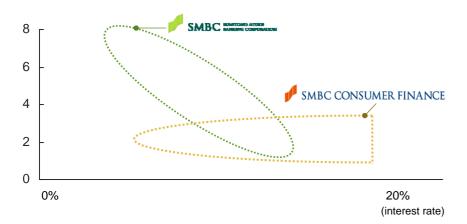
Consumer finance - a stable and relatively high margin business

Reorganization of SMFG's consumer finance business

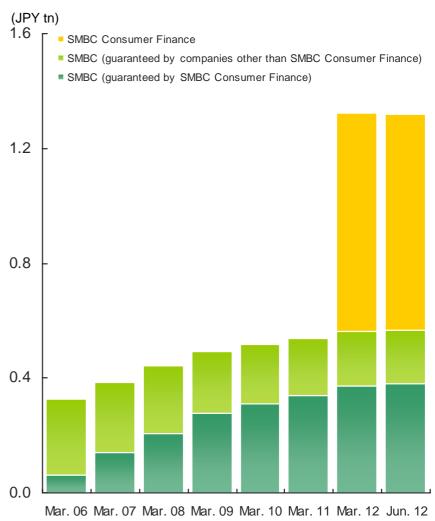
- SMFG made Promise a wholly owned subsidiary in Apr.2012. Former Promise was renamed SMBC Consumer Finance in Jul. 2012
 - We aim to increase managerial flexibility and strengthen cooperation among group companies
- SMBC sold its share in ORIX Credit to ORIX in Jun. 2012
 - We aim to concentrate resources into SMBC and SMBC Consumer Finance
- In Sep. 2012, SMBC Consumer Finance entered into a basic agreement with Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ to dissolve the Mobit Co., Ltd. joint venture in the second half of fiscal 2013

Overview of SMFG's consumer finance business

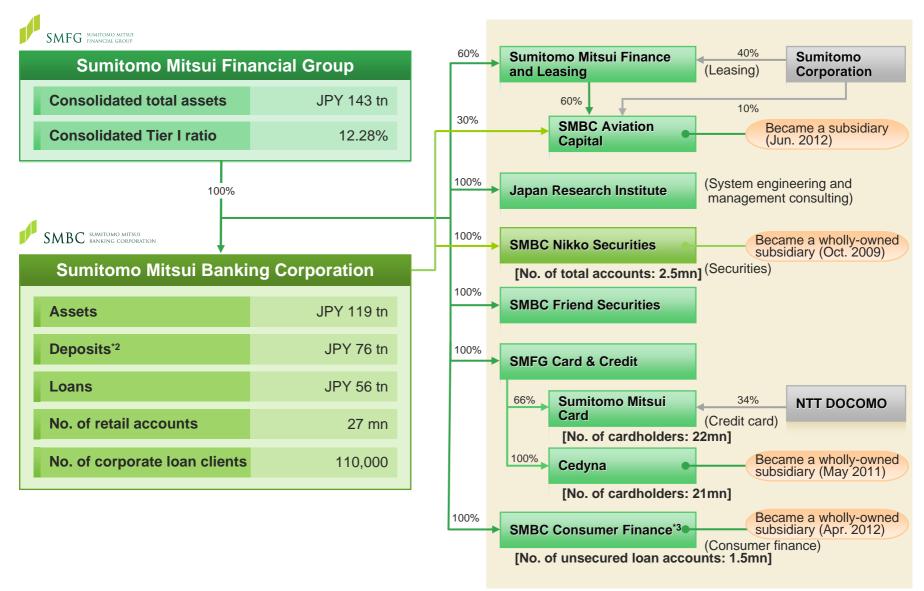
(Clients' borrowing limit, JPY mn)



Outstanding card loan balance of major Group companies



Group structure*1



^{*1} As of June 30, 2012 for percentage of voting rights and as of March 31, 2012 for other figures *2 Excluding negotiable certificates of deposit *3 Renamed to SMBC Consumer Finance from Promise on July 1, 2012

