Fixed Income Investor Presentation July 2013

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

The financial figures for SMFG and SMBC included in this presentation are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan, or Japanese GAAP

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SMFG / SMBC overview*1

SMFG (Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group)

- SMFG is one of the three largest banking groups in Japan with an established global presence
- Designated as one of the G-SIBs

Market capitalization (TSE:8316 / NYSE:SMFG)	JPY 5.5 tn / USD 58 bn
Total assets	JPY 149 tn / USD 1.58 tn
Common Equity Tier I ratio	9.38%
Tier I ratio	10.93%

(As of May 31, 2013 for market capitalization and as of Mar. 31, 2013 for the others) (Consolidated)

CI	1D	$C' \sim 1$	huginaga	franchica
3 11		C S	pusiness i	franchise

- Core operating entity within the SMFG franchise
- Heritage dating back more than 400 years
- 27 million retail customer deposit accounts
- 103 thousand domestic corporate loan clients
- 439 domestic branches
- 60+ overseas franchises*3

Ratings	(Moody's	/ S&P)*4
. tatiii go ,	incour, c	, . . ,

Aa3 / A+

(As of Mar. 31, 2013, except for the ratings)

SMBC's asset quality and liquidity					
Total assets	JPY 125.6 tn / USD 1,336 bn				
Loans	JPY 59.8 tn / USD 636 bn				
Yen bonds*2	JPY 28.9 tn / USD 307 bn				
Deposits	JPY 91.9 tn / USD 978 bn				
Loan-to-deposit ratio	65.0%				
Non-performing loan ratio	1.60%				

(As of Mar. 31, 2013) (Non-consolidated)

SMBC's profitability

FY3/13

Gross banking profit	JPY 1,540 tn / USD 16.4 bn
Banking profit*5 (before provisions)	JPY 812.4 bn / USD 8.6 bn
Net income	JPY 617.8 bn / USD 6.6 bn
Overhead ratio*6	47.3%

(Non-consolidated)

^{*1} Exchange rate as of Mar. 29, 2013; USD 1.00=JPY 94.01, except for market capitalization, where exchange rate as of May 31, 2013; USD 1.00=JPY 101.12 was applied

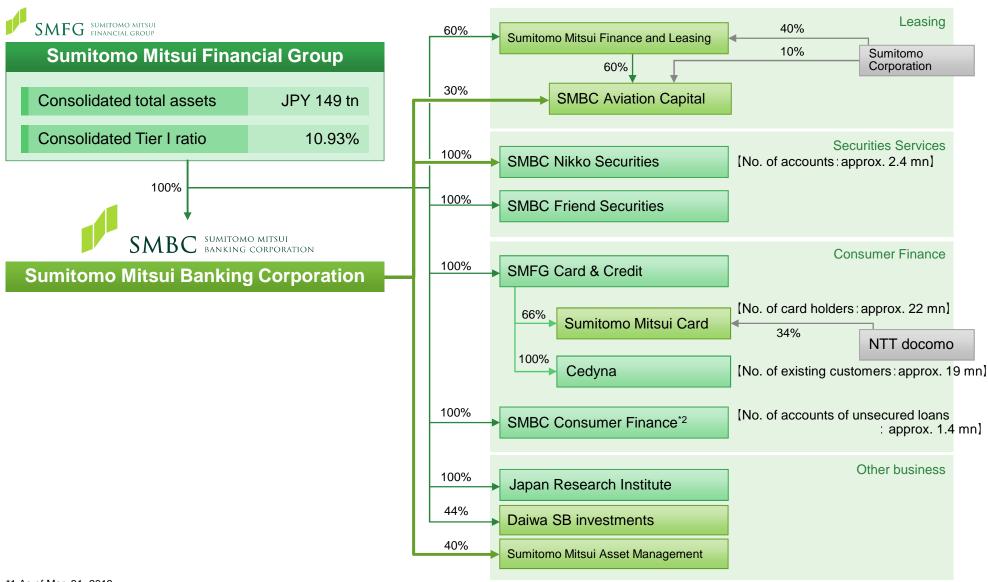
^{*2} Total balance of bonds with maturities classified as "Other securities" and bonds of held-to-maturity; total of Japanese government bonds, Japanese local government bonds and Japanese corporate bonds

^{*3} SMBC's branches and subsidiaries

⁵ Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

^{*4} SMBC's long-term senior unsecured bond ratings*6 Expenses divided by gross banking profit

Group structure*1



^{*1} As of Mar. 31, 2013

^{*2} Renamed to SMBC Consumer Finance from Promise on Jul. 1, 2012

Credit ratings of G-SIBs by Moody's*

	Apr. 2001		Apr. 2001 Jul. 2007		May 2013	
Aaa			Bank of AmericaBank of New York MellonCitibankJPMorgan Chase Bank	Royal Bank of ScotlandUBSWells Fargo Bank		
Aa1	 Bank of America Crédit Agricole 	Wells Fargo BankUBS	 Banco Santander Barclays Bank BBVA BNP Paribas Crédit Agricole Credit Suisse 	 Deutsche Bank HSBC Bank ING Bank Nordea Bank Société Générale State Street Bank & Trust 	Bank of New York Mellon	
Aa2	Bank of New York MellonBarclays BankBBVACitibankHSBC Bank	ING BankJPMorgan Chase BankRoyal Bank of ScotlandState Street Bank & Trust	SMBC BPCE(Banque Populaire) BTMU	Mizuho CB/BKUniCredit	State Street Bank & Trust	
Aa3	Banco SantanderBNP ParibasBPCE(Banque Populaire)	Deutsche BankSociété GénéraleUniCredit	Goldman Sachs Bank	Morgan Stanley Bank	SMBC • BTMU • HSBC Bank	JPMorgan Chase BankNordea BankWells Fargo Bank
A1	Credit Suisse		Bank of China		Bank of ChinaCredit Suisse	 Mizuho CB/BK Standard Chartered
A2	• BTMU	Standard Chartered	Standard Chartered		 Barclays Bank BNP Paribas BPCE(Banque Populaire) Crédit Agricole Deutsche Bank 	Goldman Sachs BankING BankSociété GénéraleUBS
А3	SMBC	• Mizuho CB/BK			Bank of AmericaCitibank	Morgan Stanley BankRoyal Bank of Scotland
Baa1	Bank of China					
Baa2					Banco Santander UniCredit	
Baa3					• BBVA	

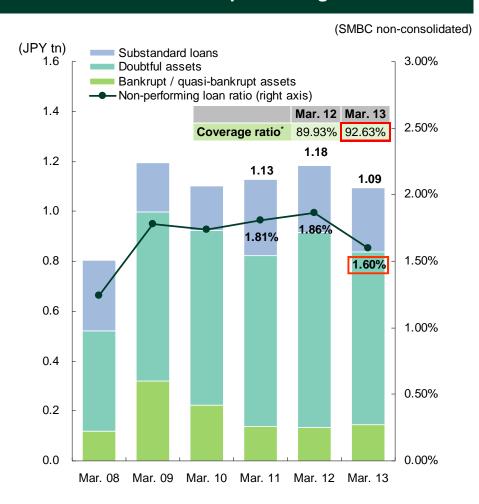
^{*} Long-term issuer ratings (if not available, long-term deposit ratings) of operating banks

Highlights

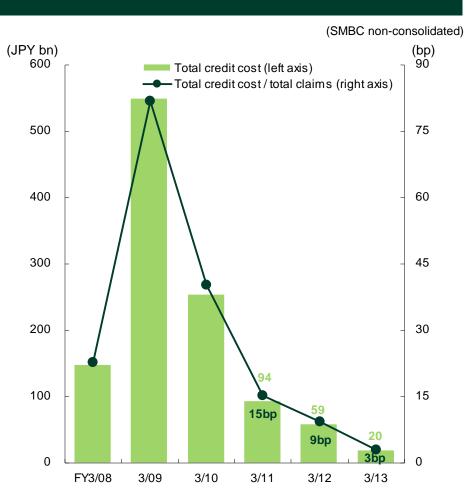
Asset quality Credit costs **Financial soundness** Liquidity Capital Financial results of FY3/13 Sources of profitability **Profitability** Loan balance & spread Foreign currency funding Expenses International business Growth Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko

Asset quality - solid loan portfolio

Balance of non-performing loans



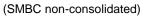
Total credit cost

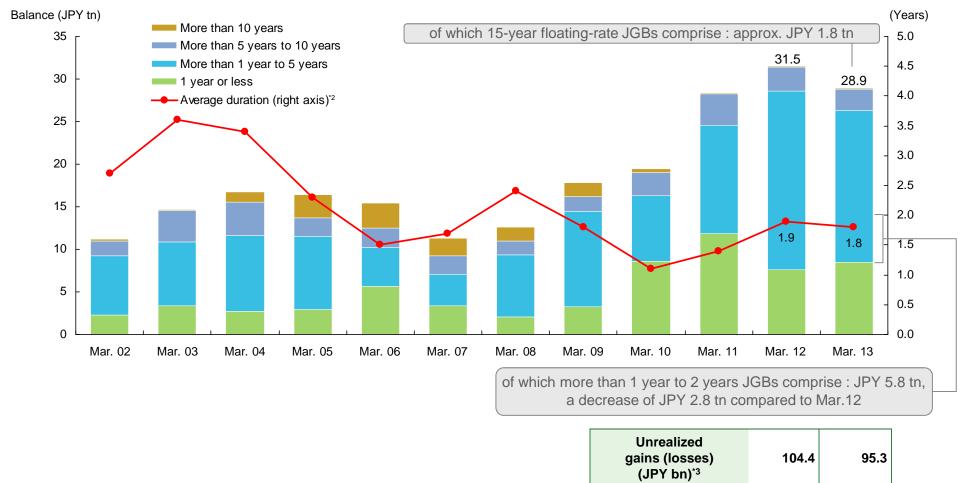


^{*} Ratio of the collateral, guarantees and specific and general reserves to total non-performing loans

Asset quality - bond portfolio

Yen bond portfolio*1





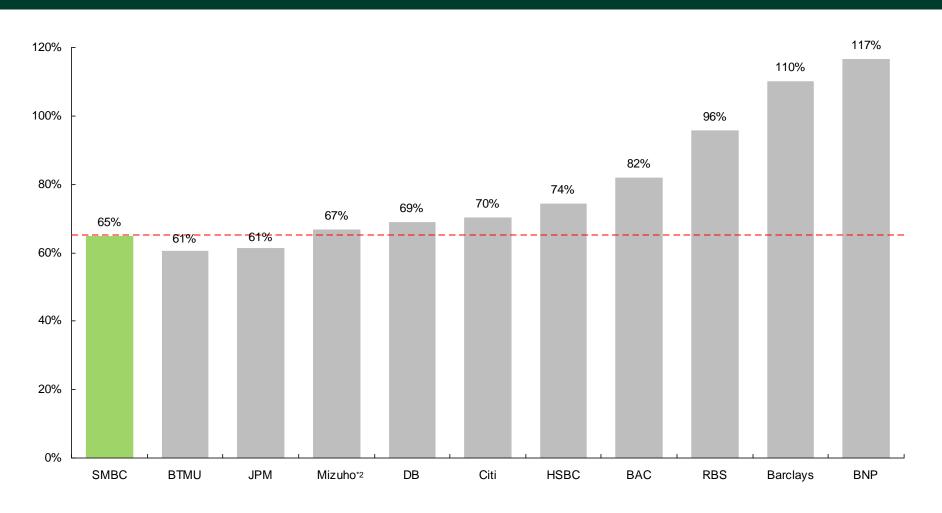
Total balance of bonds with maturities classified as "other securities" and bonds of held-to-maturity; total of JGBs, Japanese local government bonds and Japanese corporate bonds

Excluding bonds of held-to-maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is regarded as zero. Duration at Mar. 02 is for JGB portfolio

^{*3 15-}year floating-rate JGBs have been carried at their reasonably estimated amounts from Mar. 09

Liquidity - supported by a sticky domestic deposit base

Loan-to-deposit ratio*1

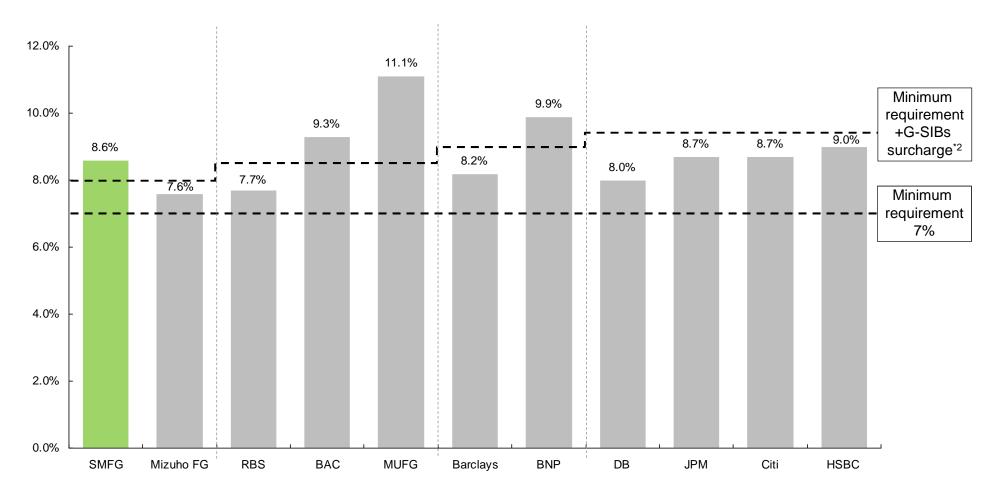


^{*1} Based on each company's financial statements, as of Mar. 31, 2013 for SMBC, The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ ("BTMU") and Mizuho, and as of Dec. 31, 2012 for the others. Figures of SMBC, BTMU and Mizuho are on a non-consolidated basis. The others are on a consolidated basis

^{*2} Aggregate of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank

Resilient capital base

Common Equity Tier I capital ratio - Basel III fully-loaded basis (pro forma)*1



^{*1} SMFG, Mizuho FG, and MUFG began phased implementation of Basel III pursuant to FSA guidelines on Mar. 31, 2013. Ratios for these banks represent the announced full implementation basis scheduled to be applied from Mar. 2019 without permitted grandfathering and as of 2013. The ratio for Mizuho FG excludes Eleventh Series Class XI Preferred Stock of JPY 340.6 bn. Ratios for SMFG and MUFG are estimates announced by each bank. For the other banks, the ratios represent full implementation basis estimates announced by each bank as of Dec. 2012. Detailed guidelines for the application of Basel III are yet to be adopted by banking regulators in the United States and the European Union

^{*2} According to the list published by the Financial Stability Board in Nov. 2012

Highlights

Asset quality Credit costs Financial soundness Liquidity Capital Financial results of FY3/13 Sources of profitability **Profitability** Loan balance & spread Foreign currency funding Expenses International business Growth Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko

Financial results of FY3/13

	(JPY bn)	FY3/12 Results	FY3/13 Results	YOY change
	Gross banking profit	1,532.5	1,540.1	+7.6
	Gains (losses) on bonds	152.5	113.8	(38.7)
	Expenses*1	(719.5)	(727.7)	(8.2)
dated	<overhead ratio="">*2</overhead>	46.9%	47.3%	+0.4%
SMBC non-consolidated	Banking profit (before provisions)*3	813.0	812.4	(0.6)
non	Total credit cost	(58.6)	(19.5)	+39.1
	Gains (losses) on stocks	(15.2)	(35.7)	(20.5)
	Ordinary profit	695.3	670.9	(24.5)
	Net income	478.0	617.8	+139.8
Reference: SMFG consolidated	Ordinary profit	935.6	1,073.7	+138.2
Reference SN conso	Net income	518.5	794.1	+275.5

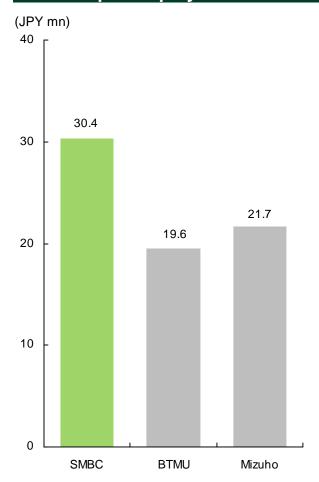
^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses
*2 Expenses divided by gross banking profit
*3 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

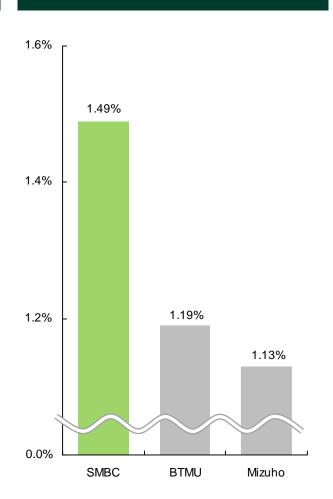
Sources of profitability

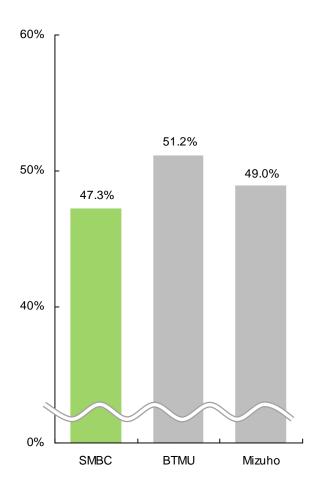
Banking profit (before provisions) per employee*1,2

Domestic Ioan-to-deposit spread*1

Overhead ratio*1



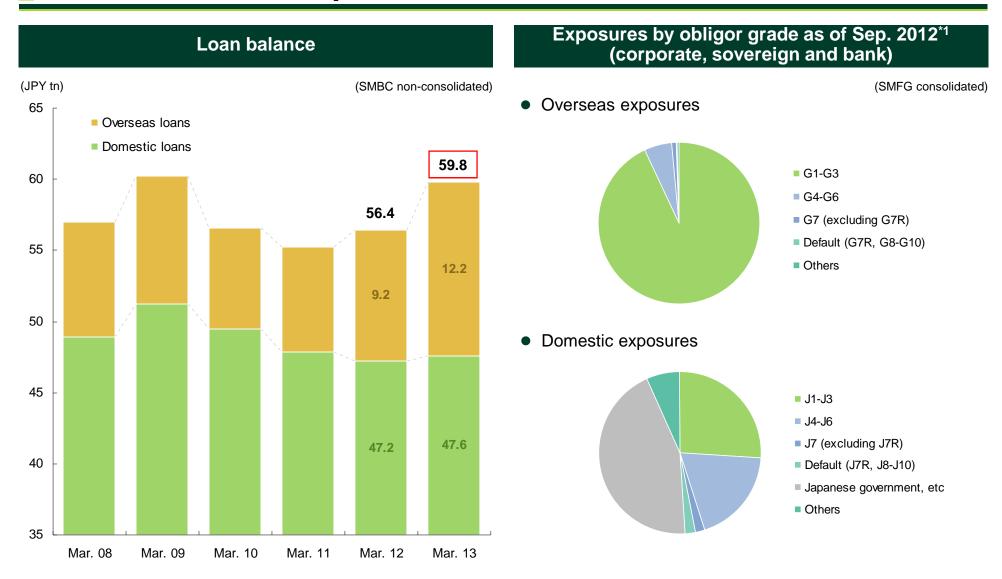




^{*1} Based on each company's FY3/13 disclosure. The figures shown in the graph are: the non-consolidated figures for SMBC and BTMU, and the sum of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho

^{*2} Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses, excluding gains (losses) on bonds, divided by the average number of employees (average number at the beginning and end of the period for BTMU and Mizuho)

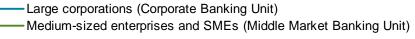
Loan balance & exposures

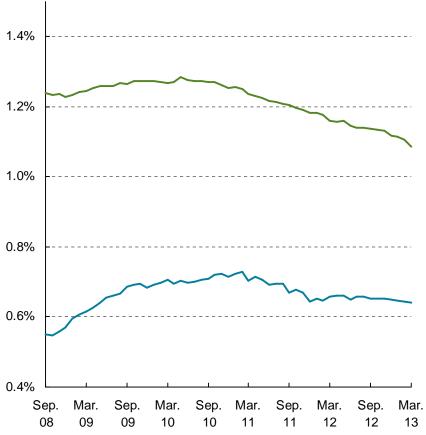


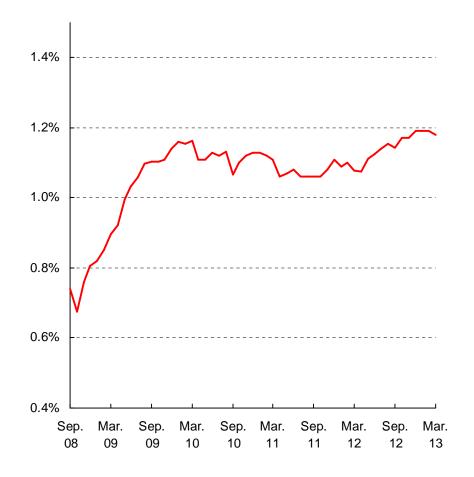
^{*1} Exposures include credit to domestic and overseas commercial/industrial companies, individuals for business purposes, sovereigns, public sector entities, and financial institutions. See appendix for details on obligor grade

Loan spread*1

Domestic*2 Overseas*3







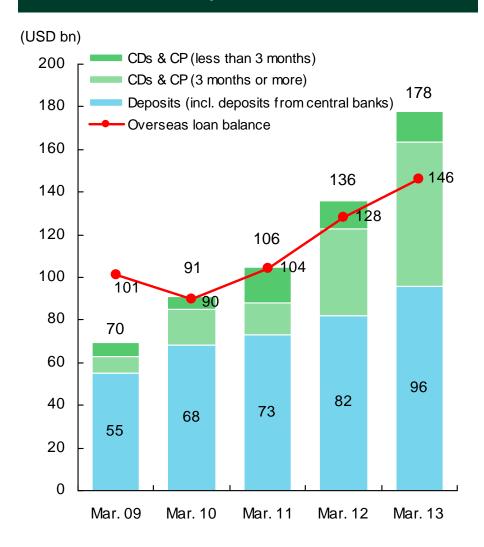
^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Average loan spread of existing loans

^{*2} SMBC non-consolidated

^{*3} Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

Foreign currency funding (1)

Overseas deposit & loan balance*



Diversification of foreign currency funding

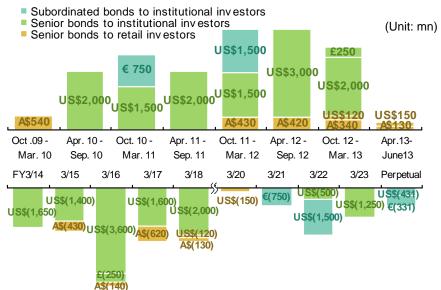
- CP program for short-term funding
 - USD CP Program:
 - Established Nov. 2009 (USD 5bn)
 - Expanded Nov. 2011 (USD 15bn)
 - Euro CP Program:
 - Established Nov. 2011 (EUR 10bn)
- Benchmark bond transactions
 - USD denominated senior bonds:
 - Issued periodically since 2010
 - In order to build a more robust and broader investor base, issued senior bonds via 3(a)(2) format since July 2012
 - USD and EUR denominated subordinated bonds: issued to international investors
 - USD and AUD denominated senior bonds: issued to Japanese domestic retail investors
 - GBP denominated senior bonds
 - Issued by drawing down from EMTN programme allowing us to diversify funding currencies
- Other transactions
 - AUD denominated transferable deposits: issued through our Sydney branch to international investors

Foreign currency funding (2)

Issuance and maturity of foreign currency bonds

Amount issued

Amount by maturity



Secondary spread of selected SMBC bonds*1

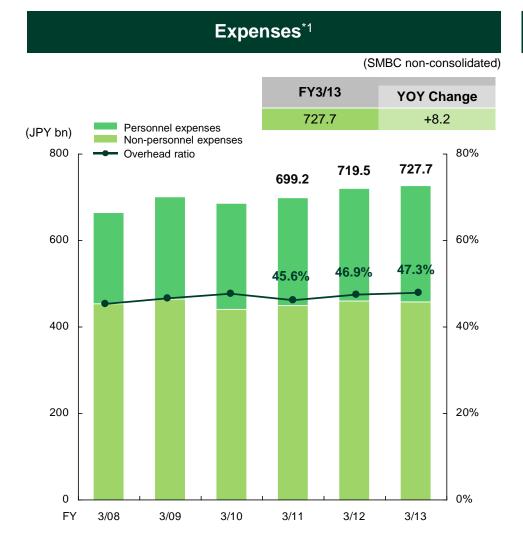


Foreign currency bonds issued since 2010							
Issue date	Sub/ Senior	Format	Tenor	Amount (mn)	Coupon	Spread*2	
USD denominated							
Jul. 22, 2010	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years 5 years	USD 1,000 USD 1,000	2.15% 3.15%	+118bp +137.5bp	
Jan. 14, 2011	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years 5 years	USD 650 USD 850	1.95% 3.10%	+90bp +103bp	
			3 years	USD 400	1.90%	+130bp	
Jul. 22, 2011	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years	USD 500	LIBOR+ 0.95%	LIBOR+ 0.95%	
			5 years	USD 1,100	2.90%	+150bp	
			3 years	USD 500	1.90%	+155bp	
Jan. 12, 2012	Senior	144A/RegS	5 years	USD 500	2.65%	+180bp	
			10 years	USD 500	3.95%	+200bp	
Mar. 1, 2012	Sub	RegS	10 years	USD 1,500	4.85%	+285bp	
			3 years	USD 1,000	1.35%	+100bp	
Jul. 18, 2012	Senior	3(a)(2)	5 years	USD 1,250	1.80%	+120bp	
			10 years	USD 750	3.20%	+170bp	
	Senior	,	3 years	USD 750	0.90%	+58bp	
Jan. 18, 2013		3(a)(2)	5 years	USD 750	1.50%	+77bp	
			10 years	USD 500	3.00%	+117bp	
Mar. 25, 2013	Senior	Domestic Retail	5 years	USD 120	1.21%		
Jun. 24, 2013	Senior	Domestic Retail	6 years	USD 150	1.88%		
GBP denominated							
Mar. 18, 2013	Senior	RegS (EMTN)	3 years	GBP 250	LIBOR+ 0.55%	LIBOR+ 0.55%	
Euro denominated							
Nov. 9, 2010	Sub	144A/RegS	10 years	Euro 750	4.00%	+130bp	
AUD denominated							
Mar. 16, 2010	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 540	5.76%		
Dec. 21, 2011	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 430	4.28%		
Jun. 21, 2012	Senior	Domestic Retail	4 years	AUD 420	4.07%		
Dec. 19, 2012	Senior	Domestic Retail	4 years	AUD 200	3.47%		
Mar. 25, 2013	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 140	3.29%		
Jun. 24, 2013	Senior	Domestic Retail	4 years	AUD 130	3.45%		

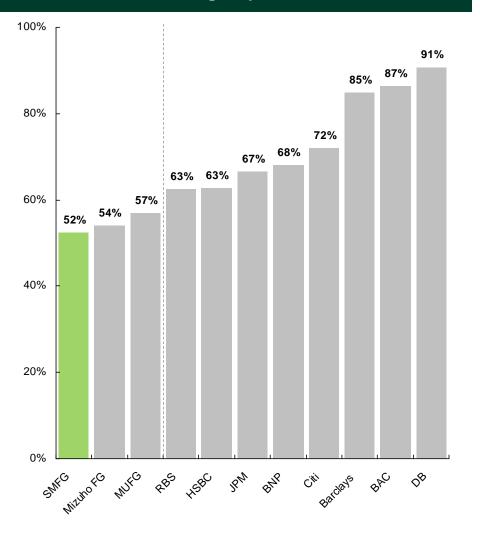
^{*1} Source: Bloomberg. Spreads shown for dates after Jan. 18, 2013 represent spreads of bonds issued on that date

^{*2} Spread over US Treasury except for Euro denominated bonds issued at Nov. 9, 2010 (over Mid Swap)

Expenses - controlled both in SMBC and on a group-wide basis



Overhead ratio on a group consolidated basis*2



^{*1} Excluding non-recurring losses

^{*2} Based on each company's disclosure. G&A expenses (for Japanese banks, excluding non-recurring losses of subsidiary banks) divided by top-line profit (net of insurance claims). FY3/13 results for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, and FY12/12 for others

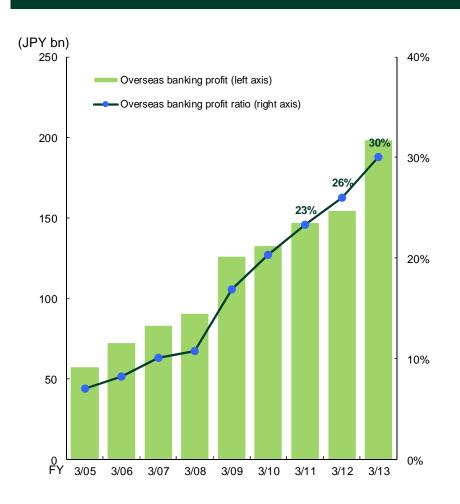
Highlights

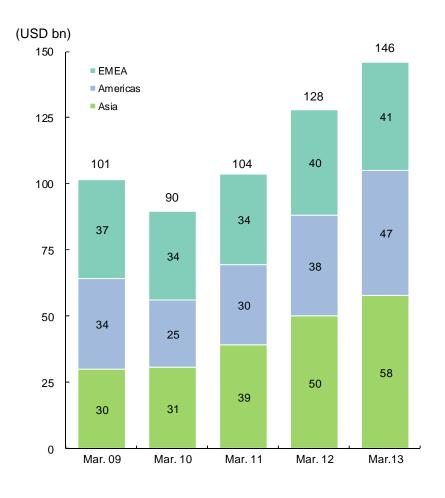
Asset quality Credit costs Financial soundness Liquidity Capital Financial results of FY3/13 Sources of profitability **Profitability** Loan balance & spread Foreign currency funding Expenses International business **Growth** Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko

International business (1) - profit and loan balance

Overseas banking profit (before provisions) and ratio*1

Overseas loan balance (USD)*2





^{*1} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC and major overseas banking subsidiaries. Based on the medium-term management plan assumed exchange rate of USD1=JPY85 since FY3/12
*2 Managerial accounting basis, exchanged at respective period-end FX rates. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

International business (2) - products with a competitive advantage

Project finance

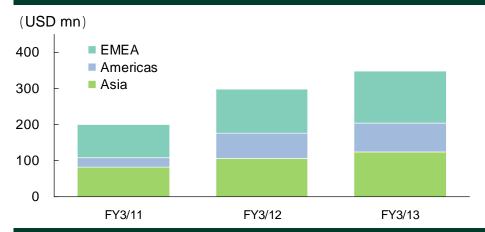
- SMBC was awarded as the Global Bank of the Year 2012 by Project Finance International Magazine, the leading publication of global project finance industry
- Team with high expertise committed to obtaining mandates
- Leverage relationships with customers and ECAs to work on transactions with both Japanese and non-Japanese sponsors



League tables (Jan. - Dec. 2012)*1

	Global	Asia*2	Japan
Project Finance	#3	#5	
Loan Syndication	#7	#1	#2

Trade finance related profit



Cash management service

Cash management providers' ranking (in Asia Pacific)*3

Cash management service (CMS) as voted by corporations	Large corporations Medium corporations Small corporations	4th 4th 4th	Ja _l baı for	among panese nks seven nsecutive ars	CMS in Asia Aim to be one of the top three
JPY CMS as voted by fin institutions	ancial	1st		for seven nsecutive ars	global banks

¹ Source: Thomson Reuters (Mandated Arrangers)

² Project finance: Asia Pacific, Loan syndication: Ásia (excl. Japan), all international currency syndicated and club loans

^{*3} Source: "ASIAMONEY": Cash Management Poll 2011 (Aug. 2012)

International business (3) - our footprint in Asia

Loan balance in Asian countries

(Geographic classification based on domicile of borrowers)*1



Strategic partners*2

China	Bank of China		
	Industrial and Commercial Bank of China		
	Agricultural Bank of China		
Korea	Kookmin Bank		
Taiwan	First Commercial Bank		
Hong Kong	Bank of East Asia		
Philippines	Metrobank		
Vietnam	Vietnam Eximbank		
Malaysia	RHB Bank		
Indonesia	Bank Tabungan Pensiunan Nasional		
	Bank Central Asia		
Cambodia	ACLEDA Bank		
India	Kotak Mahindra Bank		

^{*1} Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Loan balances are calculated in JPY from each country's local currency at the exchange rate as of Mar. 29, 2013

^{*2} SMBC has an equity stake in the underlined banks

International business (4) - SMBC Aviation Capital

FY3/13 topics and future goals

FY3/13 topics

 SMFG Group merged the following aircraft leasing business into SMBC Aviation Capital in March 2013:

> SMFL Aircraft Capital Corporation B.V. (Netherlands), SMFL Aircraft Capital Japan Co., Ltd. (Japan) and Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management B.V. (Netherlands)

Future goals

- Realize "One Stop Shop" structure with the three businesses in order to meet various needs of the aircraft industry and aircraft investors
- Capture increasing aircraft demand by leveraging economies of scale
- Build a sustainable profit structure through a "Buy and Sell" business model

Number of aircraft ranking*

		Leasing company	Nationality	No. of Aircrafts
	1	GECAS	US	1,742
	2	ILFC	US	1,033
	3	BBAM	US	332
→		SMBC AC + Sumisho Acf	t Asset Mgt	318
	4	AerCap	Netherlands	297
	5	Aviation Capital Group	US	270
	6	CIT Aerospace	US	268
	7	AWAS	Ireland	244
	8	Boeing Capital Corp	US	236
	9	SMBC AC	Ireland	232
	10	BOC Aviation	Singapore	198
	23	Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management	Netherlands	86

As of Dec. 31, 2012 (Source: Flightglobal Insight "Aircraft Finance 2013")

International business (5) - Investment in BTPN*1

Investment overview

- Investment amount: As of May 10, 2013, approx. JPY 92 bn, IDR 6,500 per share
- Share holding: 24.26% as of May 10, 2013 held by SMBC
- SMBC plans to hold 40% stake subject to the approval by regulatory authorities. BTPN will be treated as an affiliated company

Overview of BTPN

- Established in 1958 to serve retired military personnel through pension banking services.
- Ranked 16th by asset size and 7th by market cap. among Indonesian banks
- Listing in Indonesian Stock Exchange: IDX ticker "BTPN" Market Cap. as of May 8, 2013: IDR 33,289.6 bn (approx. JPY 326 bn)

Unique business model of BTPN

Asset



Pension banking

Loan to pension recipients



Micro-financing

Loans to small shop owners

Liability



Deposit taking

Focus on wealthy customers

^{*1} Bank Tabungan Pensiunan Nasional Tbk PT

^{*2} Exchange rate as of May 8, 2013; IDR 1,000=JPY 10.2, USD 0.1

Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko

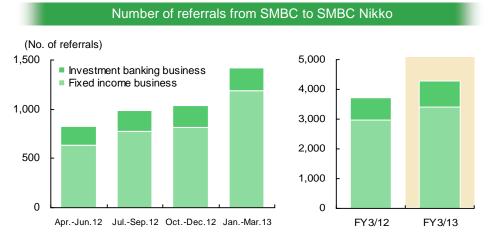
SMBC Nikko's consolidated financial performance

(JPY bn)	FY3/12	FY3/13	YOY Change
Net operating revenue	228.8	274.7	+45.9
SG&A expenses	(185.1)	(200.2)	(15.1)
Ordinary income	44.5	75.7	+31.2
Net income*1	19.4	45.7	+26.3

League tables (Apr.-Mar. 2013, SMBC Nikko)

	Rank	Market share
Global equity & equity-related (book runner, underwriting amount)*2	#4	11.9%
JPY denominated bonds (lead manager, underwriting amount)*3	#5	11.1%
Financial advisor (M&A, transaction volume)*4	#4	17.8%
Financial advisor (M&A, No. of deals)*4	#5	2.6%

Synergies between SMBC and SMBC Nikko



Developments at SMBC Nikko

- Strengthened cooperation between SMBC and SMBC Nikko in the retail securities business, including release of an on-line account linkage service called "Bank and Trade" in Oct. 2012 and the launch of testamentary trust agency business in Nov. 2012
- Commenced Japanese stock brokerage and M&A advisory services in Singapore in Oct. 2012
- Gained #2 in analyst ranking by brokers*5
- Announced new medium-term management plan in Apr. 2013

^{*1} JPY (4.8) bn resulted from changes in the corporate income tax rate in FY3/12

² Source: SMBC Nikko, based on data from Thomson Reuters. Relating only activities of Japanese corporations

³ Source: SMBC Nikko. Consisting of corporate bonds, FILP agency bonds, municipality bonds, and samural bonds

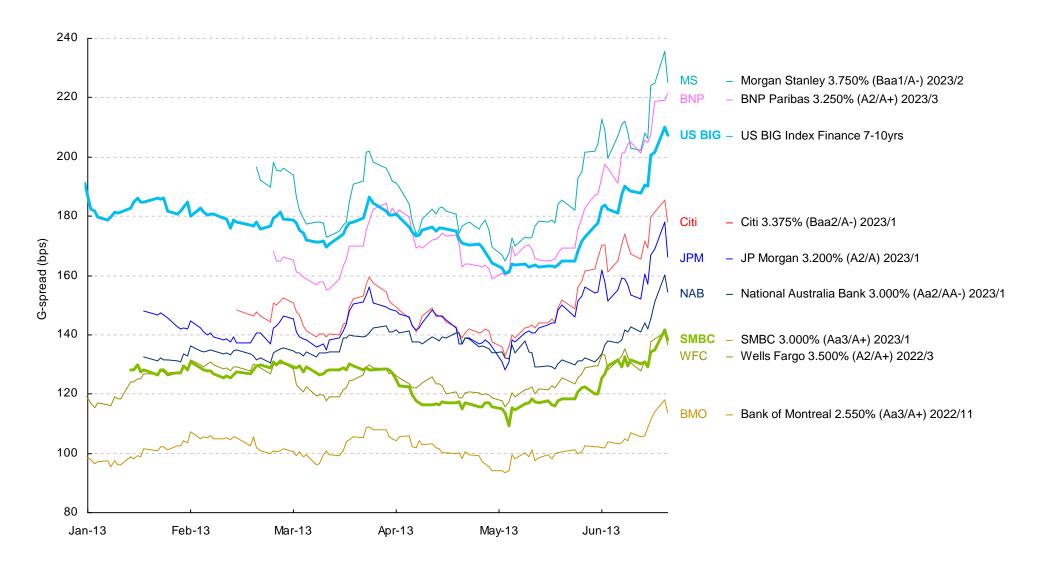
^{*4} Source: Thomson Reuters. Relating only activities of Japanese corporations. Excluding real estate deals

^{*5} Source: Nikkei Veritas (Mar. 24, 2013)

Appendix

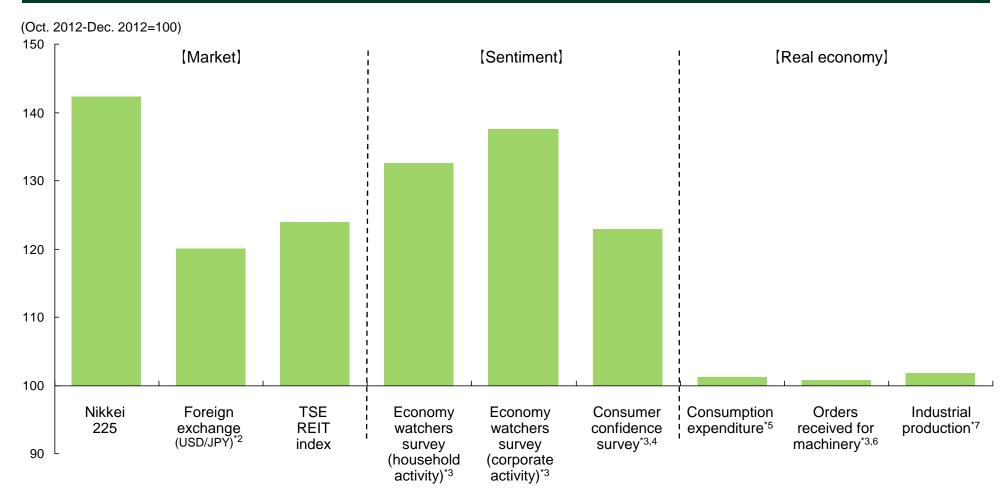


SMBC bonds - steady secondary spread compared to peers*



Current Japanese economy

Changes in major economic and financial indicators*1



^{*1} Changes from Oct. 2012-Dec. 2012 average figures to recent figures, which are average of closing price during June 2013 for market indicators, May 2013 figures for sentiment indicators and April 2013 figures for real economy indicators

*7 Source: METI. Seasonally adjusted

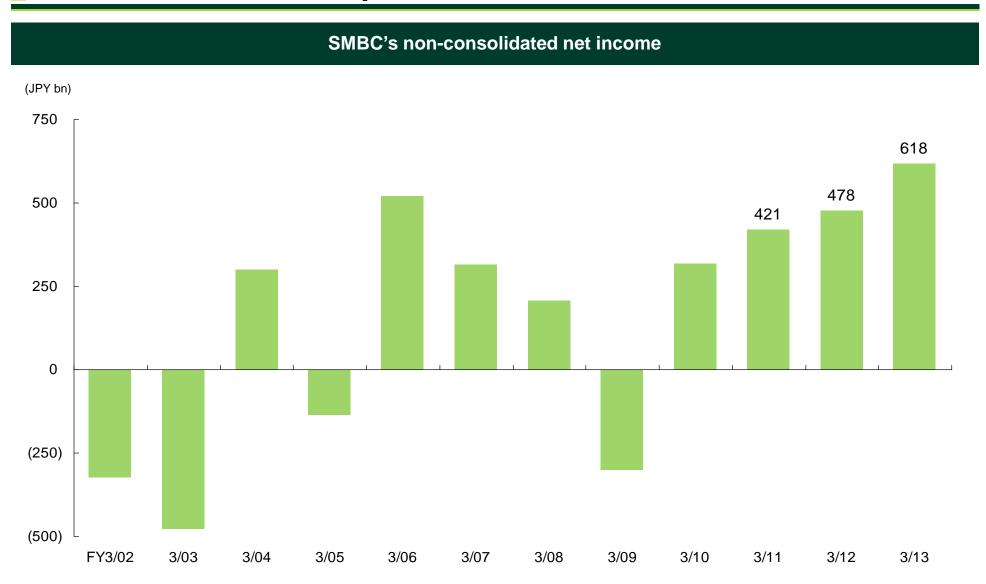
^{*2} Source: Bloomberg

⁴ Consumer confidence index, excluding one-person households

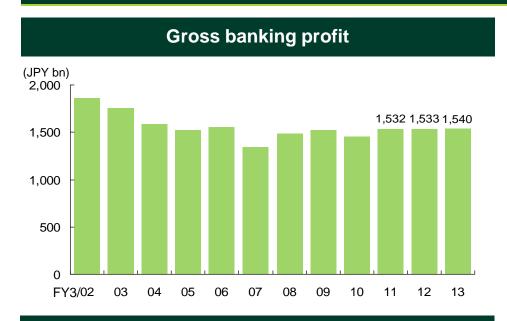
⁵ Source: Statistics Bureau. Consumption expenditures of two-or-more-person households, real index, seasonally adjusted

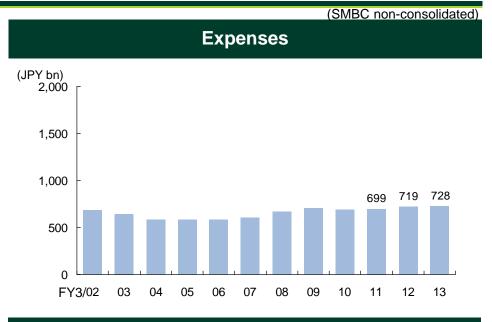
^{*6} Private sector excluding volatile orders, seasonally adjusted

Trend of bottom line profits

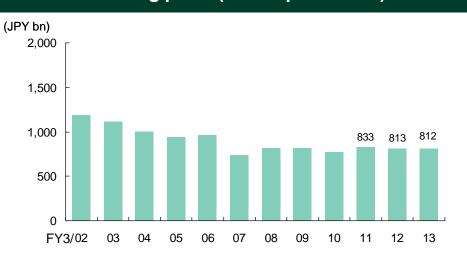


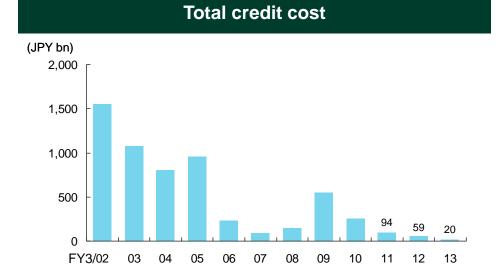
Trend of major income components





Banking profit (before provisions)

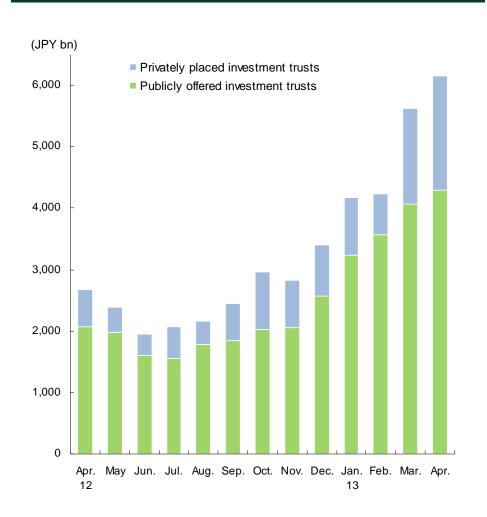


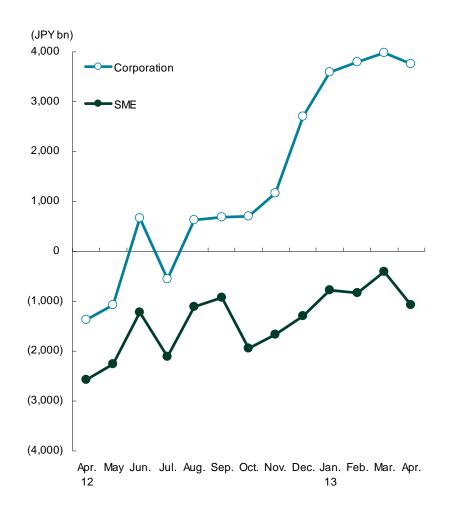


Trend of investment trusts sales and lending in Japan

Sales of stock investment trusts*1

YoY increase/decrease of ending loan balance*2





¹ Source: The Investment Trusts Association, Japan

^{*2} Source: Bank of Japan

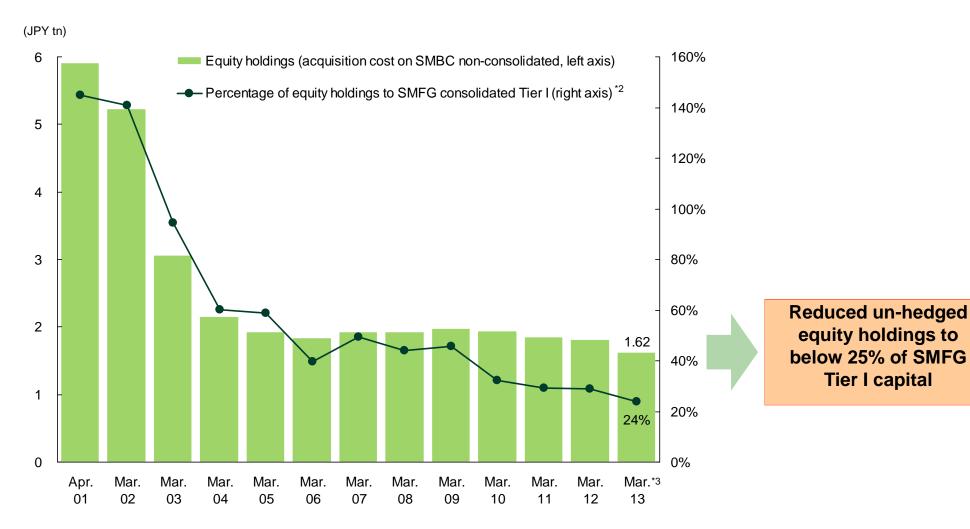
Performance by business unit*1

		(JPY bn)	FY3/12	FY3/13	YOY change*2
		Gross banking profit	383.7	374.9	+4.4
	Consumer	Expenses	289.5	284.4	(5.4)
	Banking Unit	Banking profit (before provisions)	94.2	90.5	+9.8
		Gross banking profit	422.9	412.2	(5.0)
	Middle Market Banking Unit	Expenses	222.8	216.7	(2.3)
	Banking Onic	Banking profit (before provisions)	200.1	195.5	(2.7)
	Company	Gross banking profit	212.6	208.0	+2.6
	Corporate Banking Unit	Expenses	38.2	39.6	+0.6
	Danking Onic	Banking profit (before provisions)	174.4	168.4	+2.0
	Internetional	Gross banking profit	197.4	240.5	+33.0
	International Banking Unit	Expenses	64.9	72.9	+8.4
	Danking Onic	Banking profit (before provisions)	132.5	167.6	+24.6
		Gross banking profit	1,216.6	1,235.6	+35.0
Marl	keting units	Expenses	615.4	613.6	+1.3
		Banking profit (before provisions)	601.2	622.0	+33.7
		Gross banking profit	319.3	295.3	(24.0)
Trea	sury Unit	Expenses	19.2	21.0	+1.5
		Banking profit (before provisions)	300.1	274.3	(25.5)
		Gross banking profit	(3.4)	9.2	(3.4)
Head	dquarters	Expenses	84.9	93.1	+5.4
		Banking profit (before provisions)	(88.3)	(83.9)	(8.8)
		Gross banking profit	1,532.5	1,540.1	+7.6
Tota	ıl	Expenses	719.5	727.7	+8.2
		Banking profit (before provisions)	813.0	812.4	(0.6)

^{*1} SMBC non-consolidated. Managerial accounting basis *2 After adjustment of internal rates, etc.

Equity holdings

Balance of equity holdings*1



^{*1} Balance of domestic stocks classified as other securities at fair value

^{*2} Until Mar. 2002, percentage to SMBC consolidated Tier I. On Mar. 2013, percentage to SMFG consolidated Tier I based on Basel III

^{*3} Equity shares of SMFG related to share exchange for acquiring former Promise are excluded. Amount of un-hedged

Exposure to GIIPS countries

Exposure to GIIPS countries - approx. USD 6.3 bn*1 as of March 2013



(SMFG consolidated)

^{*1} Aircraft leasing by the newly consolidated SMBC Aviation Capital is approx. USD 0.49 bn in total; USD 0.33 bn in Ireland, USD 0.11 bn in Spain, USD 0.04 bn in Greece and USD 0.01 bn in Italy *2 Secondary holdings of government bonds in SMBC Nikko, with USD 0.70 mn in Italy and USD 0.02mn in Greece

Obligor grading system

Obligor grade				
Domestic (C&I*), etc.	Overseas (C&I*), etc.	Definition	Borrower category	
J1	G1	Very high certainty of debt repayment		
J2	G2	High certainty of debt repayment		
J3	G3	Satisfactory certainty of debt repayment		
J4	G4	Debt repayment is likely but this could change in cases of significant changes in economic trends or business environment	Normal borrowers	
J 5	G5	o problem with debt repayment over the short term, but not satisfactory over the mid to eng term and the situation could change in cases of significant changes in economic ends or business environment		
J6	G6	Currently no problem with debt repayment, but there are unstable business and financial factors that could lead to debt repayment problems		
J7	G7	Close monitoring is required due to problems in meeting loan terms and conditions, sluggish/unstable business, or financial problems	Borrowers requiring caution	
J7R	G7R	(Of which substandard borrowers)	Substandard borrowers	
J8	G8	Currently not bankrupt, but experiencing business difficulties, making insufficient progress in restructuring, and highly likely to go bankrupt	Potentially bankrupt borrowers	
J9	G9	Though not yet legally or formally bankrupt, has serious business difficulties and rehabilitation is unlikely; thus, effectively bankrupt Effectively bankrupt		
J10	G10	Legally or formally bankrupt Bankrupt borrowers		

^{*} Commercial/Industrial

Financial consulting for retail customers

Solid business infrastructure

 We aim to continue maximizing synergies between SMBC, a mega-bank and SMBC Nikko, a top-notch securities company in Japan

Mega-trends

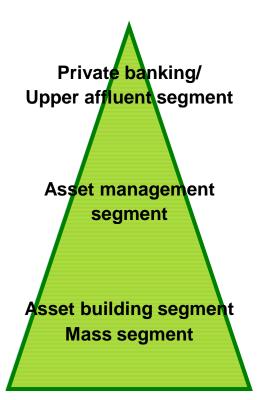
Acceleration on savings to investment

 Japanese Individual Saving Accounts (ISA)

Coming era of inheritance

- Asset and business succession
- Asset transfer between generations

Advanced IT and network-society



Present

Customized services

Since Jun. 2010

JV with Barclays

Investment management, testamentary trust, apartment loans

Since Apr. 2010

Securities intermediary businesses

Housing loans, card loans, insurance products

Since Oct. 2012

"Bank and Trade"

Remote banking

Going forward

Integration of bank and securities businesses

Inheritance and succession business





- AUM at SMBC: approx. JPY 70 tn
- No. of consultants: approx. 5,000
- No. of marketing channels: approx. 600

Tailor-made solutions for corporate clients

Broker-dealer / investment banking

- M&A, alliance
- Financing
- Capital strategy, etc.

International business

- M&A, alliance for globally operating corporations
- Foreign currency funding, settlement (incl. CMS)
- Overseas expansion advisory, etc.



Bank - Securities collaboration

Large

Domestic - Overseas collaboration

International Banking Unit

Enhanced

Corporate Advisory Division

Offer industrial knowledge and knowhow on corporate restructuring, etc.

Investment Banking Unit

corporations

Medium-sized corporations

SMEs

Global Advisory Dept.

Offer knowledge and information on local regulations, business cultures and local companies, etc.

Investment Banking Unit

103 thousand corporate loan clients

Middle market - Consumer

- Business and asset succession
- Testamentary trust
- Workplace banking, etc.

collaboration Integration of bank and securities businesses

Consumer Banking Unit

Enhanced

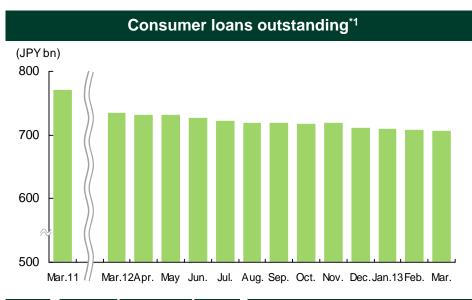
Private Advisory Dept.

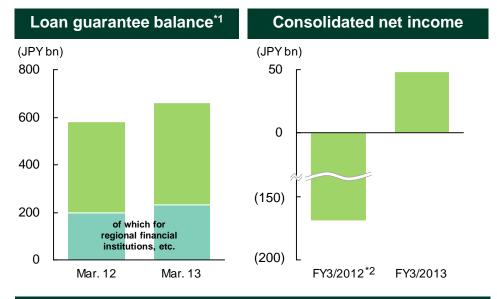
Offer experience and know-how on business succession and asset management, etc.

SMBC NIKKO

Middle market and consumer banking combined operation

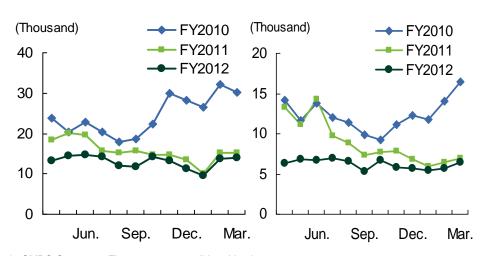
SMBC Consumer Finance





Transaction-record disclosure requests*1

Interest refund claims*1



Overseas operations

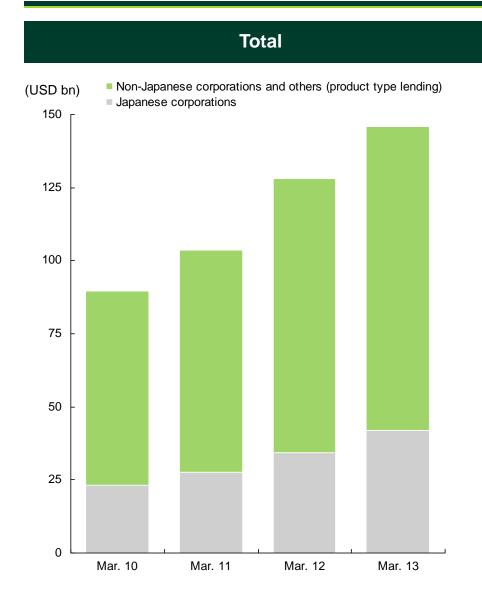


^{*1} SMBC Consumer Finance non-consolidated basis

^{*2} Made provisions in 2Q FY3/12 to prepare for interest refund claims

Overseas loan balance classified by borrower type

(Geographic classification based on booking office)*



(%) Non-Japanese corporations and others Japanese corporations 100 75 50 25

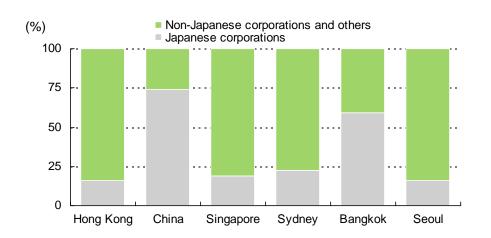
Major marketing channels in Asia (Mar. 2013)

Americas

EMEA

Asia

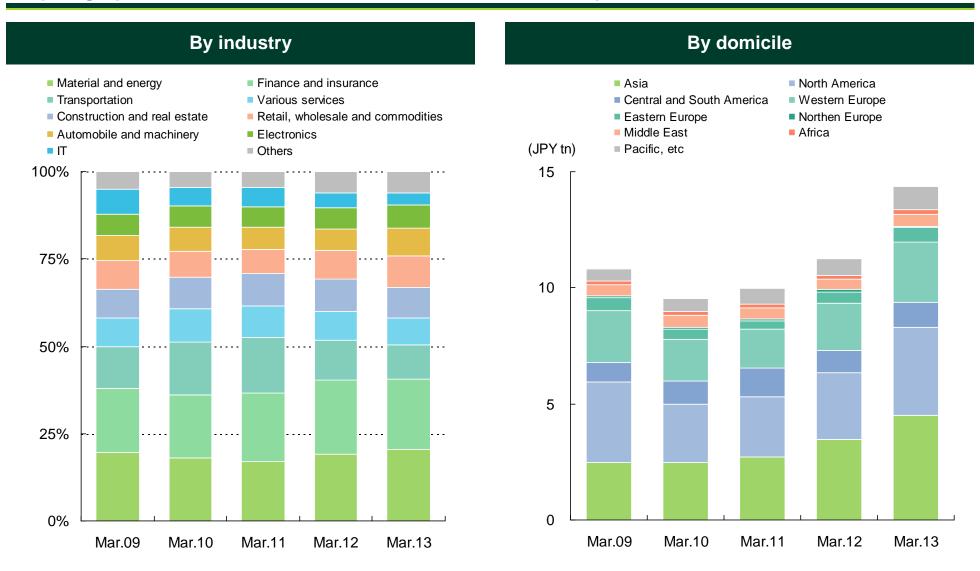
Total



^{*} Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

Overseas loan balance classified by industry and domicile

(Geographic classification based on domicile of borrowers)*



Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

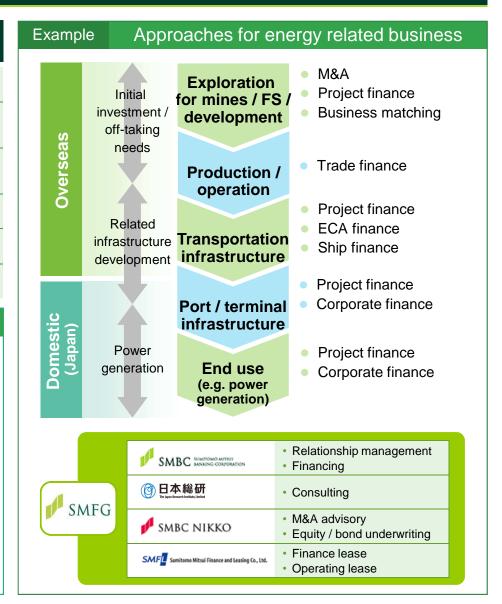
Support for growing markets

Growth Industry Cluster Dept.			
Renewable energy Solar energy, wind energy, etc.			
Water supply and sewerage, recycled water, desalination, etc.			
Environment	Eco-city development, energy-saving facilities, etc.		
Natural resources Coal, natural gas, etc.			
Healthcare Medical, nursing, etc.			
Agriculture Global expansion, etc.			

Example Approaches for emerging countries

Support growth of emerging countries including Asia through leading a consortium of Japanese corporations with technological strength and municipalities.

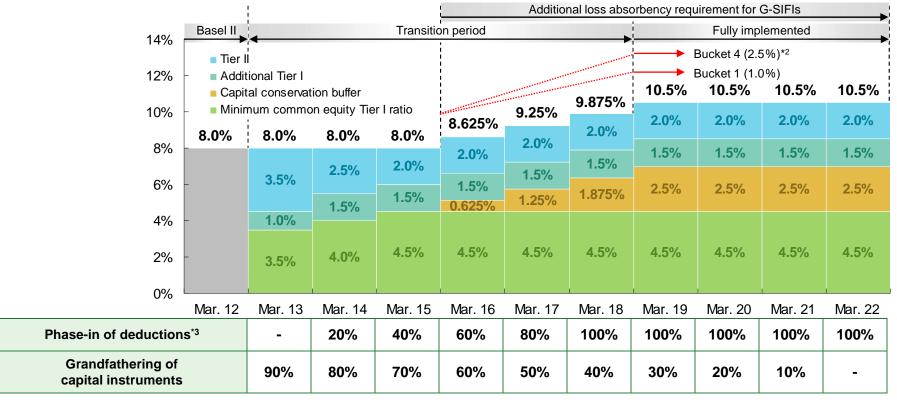
- India: Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor
- Vietnam: Water, urban development, power
- Malaysia: Eco-city project
- Thailand: Upgrade industrial park
- Mongolia: Refurbish and construct electricity transmission and distribution systems
- China: Healthcare, eco-city project



Summary of the Japanese regulatory capital framework

In March 2012, the Japanese FSA amended requirements regarding bank capital*1

- Effective from the end of March 2013 to conform with the fiscal year end of Japanese banks
- Basically consistent with Basel III text



^{*1} Drafts of other rules that are to be implemented after 2014, such as rules on capital buffers and liquidity standards, will be published at a later stage

^{*2} With an empty bucket of 3.5% to discourage further systemicness

^{*3} Including amounts exceeding the limit for deferred tax assets, mortgage servicing rights and investment in capital instruments of unconsolidated financial institutions

"Abenomics" and "Quantitative and Qualitative Monetary Easing"

Policies : "Three arrows" Aggressive monetary policy

- 2% inflation target
- Strengthen monetary easing by BOJ
- Strengthen co-ordination between the government and BOJ to overcome deflation
- Establish a public (MOF and BOJ) private investment fund for purchasing foreign bonds

Flexible fiscal policy

- Formulate JPY 10.3 tn yen of supplementary budget for FY12
- Adopt flexible economic / fiscal policies in the next
 2-3 years
- Institute large scale public investment based on national land reconstruction plan
- Achieve primary balance surplus in 2020

Growth strategy

- Aim to be "trading / industrial investment nation" in the next 5 years
- Deregulate aggressively and reduce corporate tax rate
- Extend overseas investments, economic partnership agreements and international natural resources strategy to capture growth of Asia

Targets

- Recovery of export by easing excessive yen appreciation
- Increase of domestic demand led by rise in stock prices



Support demand



 Boost competitiveness of Japanese corporations



- "Quantitative and Qualitative Monetary Easing"
 By BOJ (Announced on Apr. 4, 2013)
 - Achieve the price stability target of 2% in terms of the YoY rate of change in the CPI at the earliest possible time, with a time horizon of about 2 years.

Operating target	Monetary base
Monetary base	JPY 270 tn at end-2014 (doubled from 2012)
	All maturities including 40-year bonds
Increase in JGB	JPY 7+ tn per month
purchases	Average remaining maturity: approx.7 years (extended from approx.3 years at 2012)
Increase in ETF purchases	Increase amounts outstanding at an annual pace of JPY 1 tn (doubled from 2013)
Increase in J-REIT purchases	Increase amounts outstanding at an annual pace of JPY 30 bn (tripled from 2013)

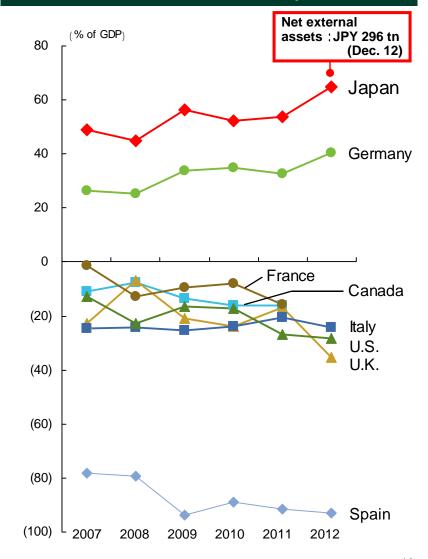
Japanese national wealth

Balance Sheet of Japan (as of Dec. 2011, JPY tn)*1

С	los	sin	g A	Assets	8,451	C n
		Н	ou	seholds	2,556	
			Fi	inancial assets	1,512	
			N	on-financial assets	1,044	
				Land	694	
				financial orations	1,836	
			Fi	nancial assets	816	
			N	on-financial assets	1,020	
				Land	282	
		Fi	inar	ncial corporations	2,885	
		G	ene	eral government	1,087	
			Fi	nancial assets	496	
	Financial assets		5,721			
	Non-financial assets		2,730			

	sing liabilities plus worth	8,451	
	Households	360	
	Non-financial corporations	1,157	
	Stocks	349	
	Financial corporations	2,825	
	Stocks To Nominal GDP: 231.5%	85	
	General government	1,096	
С	losing liabilities	5,455	
N	let worth	2,996	
	Households	2,195	
	Non-financial corporations	678	
	Financial corporations	61	
	General government	(19)	

Net international investment position*2

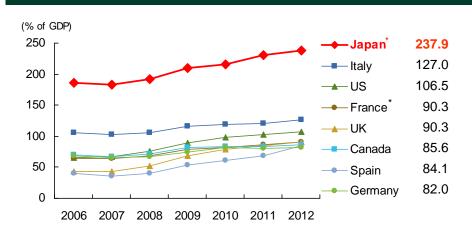


*2 Source: IMF.Stat

^{*1} Source: Cabinet office (Jan. 2013)

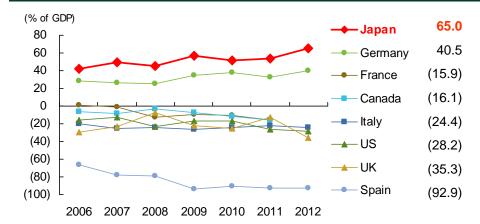
Fiscal condition of major nations

General government gross debt



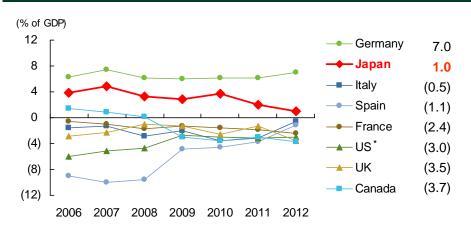
Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook, April 2013"

Net international investment position



Source: IMF.Stat

Current account balance



Source: IMF "World Economic Outlook, April 2013"

Non-resident holding of general government debt, 2012



Source: IMF "Apr 2013 Fiscal Monitor"

