# **Loans** (Non-consolidated)

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

# Balance of Loans and Bills Discounted

Year-End Balance	Millions of yen		
March 31	2021	2020	
Domestic operations:			
Loans on notes	¥ 208,562	¥ 225,691	
Loans on deeds	43,088,613	40,171,297	
Overdrafts	9,709,751 10,231		
Bills discounted	28,304	38,806	
Subtotal	¥53,035,232	¥50,667,777	
nternational operations:			
Loans on notes	¥ 1,411,461	¥ 1,428,505	
Loans on deeds	27,259,778	27,793,181	
Overdrafts	231,252	297,917	
Bills discounted	_	_	
Subtotal	¥28,902,493	¥29,519,604	
Total	¥81,937,725	¥80,187,382	

#### Average Balance

7.10.490 24.4.100	Millions of yen			
Year ended March 31	2021	2020		
Domestic operations:				
Loans on notes	¥ 233,732	¥ 303,641		
Loans on deeds	43,108,069	39,264,897		
Overdrafts	10,400,325	9,590,833		
Bills discounted	29,294	40,658		
Subtotal	¥53,771,421	¥49,200,031		
International operations:				
Loans on notes	¥ 1,411,383	¥ 1,462,915		
Loans on deeds	28,018,749	25,566,394		
Overdrafts	222,831	226,263		
Bills discounted	_	_		
Subtotal	¥29,652,963	¥27,255,573		
Total	¥83,424,385	¥76,455,604		

Note: The average balance of foreign-currency-denominated transactions by domestic branches in international operations is calculated by the monthly current

# Balance of Loans and Bills Discounted, Classified by Purpose

	Millions of yen			
March 31	2021	2020	2020	
Funds for capital investment	¥21,010,394	25.6%	¥20,644,721	25.7%
Funds for working capital	60,927,330	74.4	59,542,661	74.3
Total	¥81,937,725	100.0%	¥80,187,382	100.0%

# Balance of Loans and Bills Discounted, Classified by Collateral

Millions	s of yen
2021	2020
¥ 2,091,227	¥ 1,819,416
1,002,367	1,108,314
_	_
7,032,707	6,914,460
2,417,714	1,898,216
12,544,016	11,740,408
22,462,566	23,257,352
46,931,142	45,189,621
¥81,937,725	¥80,187,382
	¥ 2,091,227 1,002,367 — 7,032,707 2,417,714 12,544,016 22,462,566 46,931,142

## Balance of Loans and Bills Discounted, Classified by Maturity

	Millions of yen		
March 31	2021	2020	
One year or less	¥16,191,482	¥14,584,910	
One — three years	14,930,337	14,155,126	
Floating interest rates	10,731,377	9,929,489	
Fixed interest rates	4,198,960	4,225,637	
Three — five years	13,578,974	13,489,165	
Floating interest rates	9,564,478	10,489,184	
Fixed interest rates	4,014,496	2,999,981	
Five — seven years	6,723,822	6,134,963	
Floating interest rates	4,855,075	4,729,480	
Fixed interest rates	1,868,746	1,405,482	
More than seven years	20,572,103	21,293,316	
Floating interest rates	18,455,954	19,221,910	
Fixed interest rates	2,116,149	2,071,406	
No designated term	9,941,004	10,529,900	
Floating interest rates	9,941,004	10,529,900	
Fixed interest rates	_	_	
Total	¥81,937,725	¥80,187,382	

Note: Loans with a maturity of one year or less are not classified by floating or fixed interest rates.

### Balance of Loan Portfolio, Classified by Industry

	Millions of yen			
March 31	2021		2020	
Domestic operations:				
Manufacturing	¥ 8,523,121	15.0%	¥ 7,193,086	13.2%
Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and mining	262,451	0.5	257,491	0.5
Construction	735,840	1.3	753,216	1.4
Transportation, communications and public enterprises	5,297,336	9.3	5,128,181	9.4
Wholesale and retail	5,061,401	8.9	4,385,298	8.0
Finance and insurance	6,613,461	11.6	7,130,276	13.1
Real estate	8,026,779	14.1	7,621,115	13.9
Goods rental and leasing	2,302,189	4.0	1,580,709	2.9
Services	4,795,440	8.4	4,279,121	7.8
Municipalities	546,849	1.0	784,273	1.4
Others	14,744,557	25.9	15,500,557	28.4
Subtotal	¥56,909,430	100.0%	¥54,613,328	100.0%
Overseas operations:				
Public sector	¥ 132,216	0.5%	¥ 174,297	0.7%
Financial institutions	1,997,239	8.0	1,929,564	7.5
Commerce and industry	20,938,451	83.7	21,485,675	84.0
Others	1,960,387	7.8	1,984,517	7.8
Subtotal	¥25,028,295	100.0%	¥25,574,054	100.0%
Total	¥81,937,725	_	¥80,187,382	

Notes: 1. Domestic operations represents the operations of SMBC's domestic branches. Overseas operations represents the operations of SMBC's overseas

# Loans to Individuals/Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises

	Millions of yen		
March 31	2021	2020	
Total domestic loans (A)	¥56,909,430	¥54,613,328	
Loans to individuals, and small and medium-sized enterprises (B)	33,528,406	33,095,033	
(B) / (A)	58.9%	60.6%	

Notes: 1. The figures above exclude the outstanding balance of loans at overseas branches and of Japan offshore banking accounts.

<sup>2.</sup> Japan offshore banking accounts are included in overseas operations' accounts.

<sup>2.</sup> Small and medium-sized enterprises are individuals or companies with capital stock of ¥300 million or less, or an operating staff of 300 or fewer employees. (Exceptions to these capital stock and staff restrictions include wholesalers: ¥100 million or less, 100 employees or fewer; retailers: ¥50 million or less, 50 employees or fewer; and service industry companies: ¥50 million or less, 100 employees or fewer.)

# Consumer Loans Outstanding

	Million	s of yen
March 31	2021	2020
Consumer loans	¥12,002,500	¥12,427,001
Housing loans	11,239,293	11,583,830
Residential purpose	9,081,691	9,267,478
Others	763,207	843,171

Note: Housing loans include general-purpose loans used for housing purposes as well as housing loans and apartment house acquisition loans.

# Breakdown of Reserve for Possible Loan Losses

			Millions of yen		
	Balance at beginning	Increase during	Decrease during	g the fiscal year	Balance at end
Year ended March 31, 2021	of the fiscal year	the fiscal year	Objectives	Others	of the fiscal year
General reserve for possible loan losses	¥191,109	¥351,065	¥ –	¥191,109*	¥351,065
	[(2,537)]				
Specific reserve for possible loan losses	91,865	105,084	31,331	60,533*	105,084
	[(736)]				
For nonresident loans	31,785	34,389	20,141	11,644*	34,389
	[(736)]				
Loan loss reserve for specific overseas countries	0	254	_	0*	254
Total	¥282,975	¥456,405	¥31,331	¥251,643	¥456,405
	[(3,273)]				

<sup>\*</sup> Reversal by reversal method

Note: Figures in brackets [] indicate foreign exchange translation adjustments.

			Millions of yen		
	Balance at beginning	Increase during	Decrease during	g the fiscal year	Balance at end
Year ended March 31, 2020	of the fiscal year	the fiscal year	Objectives	Others	of the fiscal year
General reserve for possible loan losses	¥168,006	¥188,572	¥ –	¥168,006*	¥188,572
	[3,351]				
Specific reserve for possible loan losses	102,782	91,128	19,371	83,411*	91,128
	[1,044]				
For nonresident loans	39,712	31,049	9,599	30,112*	31,049
	[1,044]				
Loan loss reserve for specific overseas countries	0	0	_	0*	0
Total	¥270,789	¥279,702	¥19,371	¥251,418	¥279,702
	[4,395]				

\* Reversal by reversal method Note: Figures in brackets [] indicate foreign exchange translation adjustments.

# Write-Off of Loans

	Millions of yen		
Year ended March 31	2021	2020	
Write-off of loans	¥21,424	¥19,799	

Note: Write-off of loans include amount of direct reduction.

# Specific Overseas Loans

	Millions of yen		
March 31	2021	2020	
Myanmar	¥4,345	_	
Argentina	9	¥8	
Sri Lanka	7	_	
Total	¥4,362	¥8	
Ratio of the total amounts to total assets	0.00%	0.00%	
Number of countries	3	1	

#### Risk-Monitored Loans

March 31	Millions of yen		
	2021	2020	
Bankrupt loans	¥ 68,769	¥ 12,978	
Non-accrual loans	333,421	305,587	
Past due loans (3 months or more)	6,460	4,468	
Restructured loans	202,301	90,338	
Total	¥610,952	¥413,372	
Amount of direct reduction	¥ 92,023	¥ 78,064	

#### Notes: Definition of risk-monitored loan categories

- 1. Bankrupt loans: Loans on which accrued interest income is not recognized, and to borrowers that are undergoing bankruptcy, corporate reorganization and rehabilitation proceedings or borrowers receiving a disposition to suspend transactions with a clearing house.
- 2. Non-accrual loans: Loans on which accrued interest income is not recognized, excluding "Bankrupt loans" and loans on which interest payments are deferred in order to support the borrowers' recovery from financial difficulties.
- 3. Past due loans (3 months or more): Loans on which the principal or interest is past due for 3 months or more, excluding loans in categories 1. and 2.
- 4. Restructured loans: Loans to borrowers on which terms and conditions have been amended in favor of the borrowers in order to support the borrowers' recovery from financial difficulties and facilitate collection of loans, excluding loans in categories 1. through 3.

### Non-performing loans (NPLs) based on the Financial Reconstruction Act

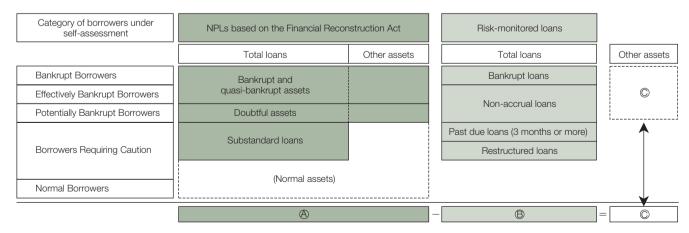
	Millions of yen			
March 31	2021	2020		
Bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt assets	¥ 112,697	¥ 72,976		
Doubtful assets	306,336	260,833		
Substandard loans	208,761	94,807		
Total	627,795	428,617		
Normal assets	95,426,746	92,797,390		
Grand Total	¥96,054,542 ¥93,226,007			
Amount of direct reduction	¥ 115,282	¥ 95,410		

#### Notes: Definition of NPLs categories

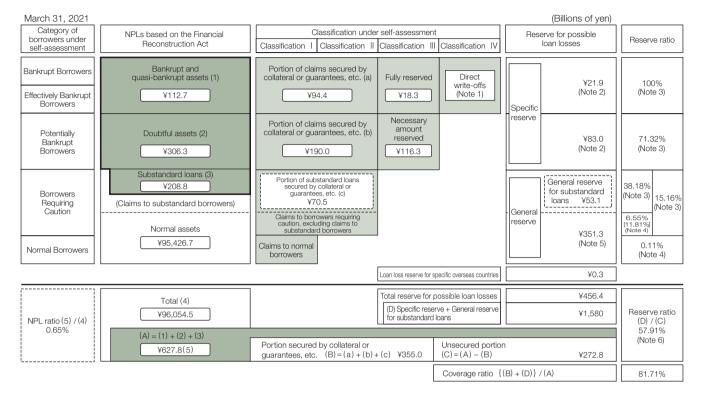
These assets are disclosed based on the provisions of Article 7 of the Financial Reconstruction Act (Act No. 132 of 1998) and classified into the 4 categories based on financial position and business performance of obligors in accordance with Article 6 of the Act. Assets in question include private placement bonds, loans and bills discounted, foreign exchanges, accrued interest, and suspense payment in "other assets," customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees, and securities lent under the loan for consumption or leasing agreements.

- 1. Bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt assets: Credits to borrowers undergoing bankruptcy, corporate reorganization, and rehabilitation proceedings, as well as claims of a similar nature
- 2. Doubtful assets: Credits for which final collection of principal and interest in line with original agreements is highly improbable due to deterioration of financial position and business performance, but not insolvency of the borrower
- 3. Substandard loans: Past due loans (3 months or more) and restructured loans, excluding 1. and 2.
- 4. Normal assets: Credits to borrowers with good business performance and in financial standing without identified problems and not classified into the 3 categories above

#### Non-performing loans (NPLs) based on the Financial Reconstruction Act, and Risk-Monitored Loans



#### Classification based on Self-Assessment, and the Financial Reconstruction Act, and Write-Offs/Reserves



Notes: 1. Includes amount of direct reduction totaling ¥115.3 billion.

- 2. Includes reserves for assets that are not subject to disclosure under the Financial Reconstruction Act. (Bankrupt/Effectively Bankrupt Borrowers: ¥3.6 billion; Potentially Bankrupt Borrowers: ¥2.5 billion)
- 3. Reserve ratios for claims on Bankrupt/Effectively Bankrupt Borrowers, Potentially Bankrupt Borrowers, Substandard Borrowers, and Borrowers Requiring Caution (including Substandard Borrowers): The proportion of each category's total unsecured claims covered by reserve for possible loan losses.
- 4. Reserve ratios for claims on Normal Borrowers and Borrowers Requiring Caution (excluding claims to Substandard Borrowers): The proportion of each category's total claims covered by reserve for possible loan losses. The reserve ratio for unsecured claims on Borrowers Requiring Caution (excluding claims to Substandard Borrowers) is shown in brackets.
- 5. Includes Specific reserve for Borrowers Requiring Caution totaling ¥0.2 billion.
- 6. The proportion of the reserve to the claims, excluding the portion secured by collateral or guarantees, etc.

# Results of off-balancing of NPLs

	Billions of yen						
	March 31, 2019	2019 Fiscal 2019	2019	March 31, 2020	Fiscal 2020		March 31, 2021
		New occurrences	Off-balanced	2	New occurrences	Off-balanced	3
Bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt assets	¥ 75.3	¥ 27.6	¥ (30.0)	¥ 73.0	¥ 66.6	¥ (26.9)	¥112.7
Doubtful assets	337.4	110.0	(186.5)	260.8	186.7	(141.2)	306.3
Total	¥412.7	¥137.6	¥(216.5)	¥333.8	¥253.3	¥(168.0)	¥419.3
				Increase/			Increase/
				Decrease			Decrease
				2-1			3 - 2
Bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt assets				¥ (2.4)			¥39.7
Doubtful assets				(76.5)			45.5
Total				¥(78.9)			¥85.2

Notes: 1. The off-balancing (also known as "final disposal") of NPLs refers to the removal of such assets from the bank's balance sheet by way of sale, direct write-off or other means.

2. The figures shown in the above table under "new occurrences" and "off-balanced" are simple additions of the figures for the first and second halves of fiscal 2019. Amount of ¥29.8 billion in fiscal 2020, recognized as "new occurrences" in the first half of the term, was included in the amounts off-balanced in the second half.