

Merrill Lynch Japan Conference 2008

# **Seven Questions from Investors**

Teisuke KITAYAMA, President Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc.

September 16, 2008

- **Q1.** What is SMFG's view on the current <u>business environment</u>?
- **Q2.** How was SMFG's recent <u>business performance</u>?
- Q3. What is SMFG's view on <u>credit costs</u> in 1Q FY08?
- **Q4.** How is the <u>expense</u> situation?
- Q5. What progress has been made in domestic growth business areas?
- **Q6.** What progress has been made in <u>overseas growth business areas</u>?
- **Q7.** What is SMFG's <u>capital policy</u> going forward?



- Q1. What is SMFG's view on the current business environment?
- A1. There is a growing concern about the down-side risks of overseas and domestic economy.

  However, we will tackle the source of down-side risks as soon as possible, from a short-term perspective, while implementing initiatives for future growth from a long-term perspective, with "cautious optimism."



# 1. Current Business Environment Slowing Economy and Inflationary Trend Has Followed Subprime Crisis

FY07 - 09 FY10 -

Deregulation and tightening of regulations

Plan for Strengthening the Competitiveness of Japan's Financial and Capital Markets

Economic and financial globalization

Pursuit of opportunities for growth in overseas

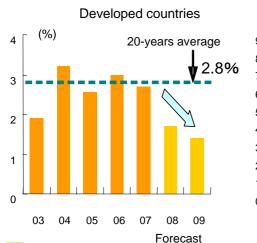
"Great investment era" Subprime Crisis

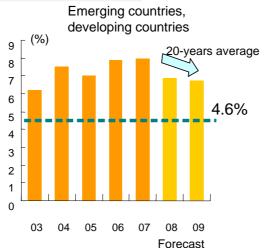
Process of adjustment in asset pricing

Tide of generational change

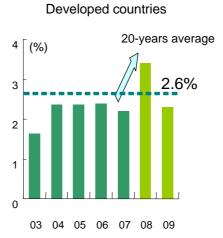
Expansion of ubiquitous network

# Real GDP growth rate\*

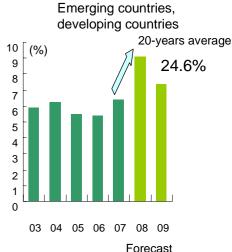




# CPI growth rate\*

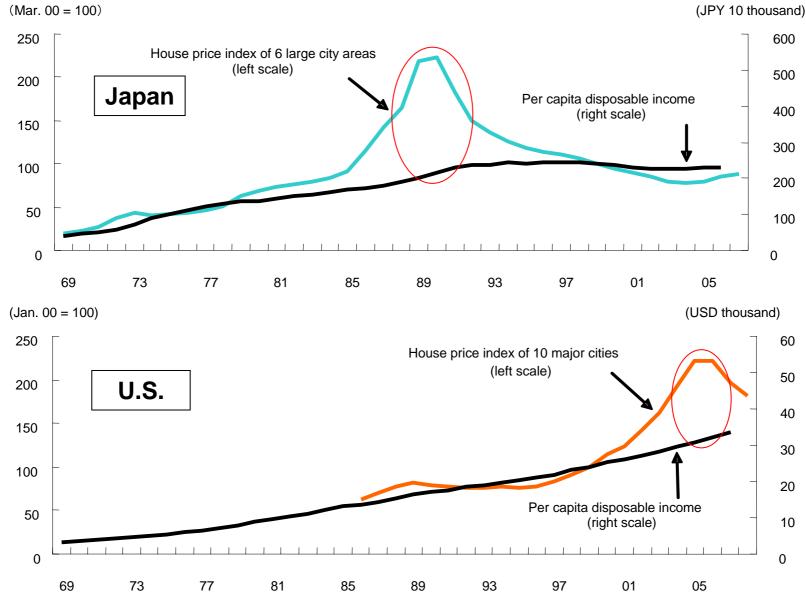


Forecast



Macro trends

# 1. Current Business Environment Price Adjustment Process - Japan's Experience after Bubble Burst\*



- Q2. How was SMFG's recent business performance?
- A2. SMBC Marketing Units' gross profit in 1Q FY08 was fairly in line with the business plan, despite slowing economy and continuing financial instability. Sub-prime exposure was minimized.



20.5%

# 2. Recent Business Performance FY07 Key Achievements

# The first step towards accomplishing the medium-term management plan

Forecast

Steady increase in topline profit

Aggressive allocation of resources in growth business areas

Increased returns to shareholders

Group-wide initiatives in growth business areas

(announced in May 07) (announced in May 08) Of which Gross banking profit YOY change YOY change **Marketing Units\*** (SMBC) +JPY 140.3 bn +JPY 144.5 bn +JPY 60.2 bn YOY change YOY change **Expenses** Overhead ratio +JPY 56.4 bn +JPY 61.2 bn (SMBC) 44.8% Consolidate Annual dividends JPY 10,000 **JPY 12.000** payout ratio per common stock

Result

Strengthen businesses both organically and inorganically

# Coped with uncertainty in business environment

Reduced subprimerelated exposure

Provisioned for exposure related to monoline insurance companies

Net balance of securitized products and warehousing loans (after write-offs and provisions)

Net exposure to a part of monoline insurance companies in connection with CDS transactions (after net of reserve)



JPY 5.5 bn



JPY 31.1 bn

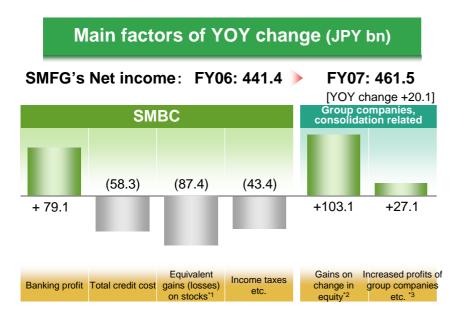


<sup>\*</sup> Consumer, Middle Market, Corporate and International Banking Units within SMBC

# 2. Recent Business Performance FY07 Financial Highlights

Banking profit on SMBC non-consolidated basis increased by JPY 79.1 bn year over year led by an increase of Gross banking profit due to an increase of **Net interest income** and an improvement of **Gains** (losses) on bonds despite an increase of **Expenses**.

Net income on SMFG consolidated basis increased by JPY 20.1 bn year over year led by an increase of SMBC's Banking profit and group companies' profits, as well as Gains on change in equity accompanied with the reorganization of the leasing companies, despite an increase of Total credit cost and Losses on stocks.



SM	BC non-consolidated> (JPY bn)	FY07	YOY change
	Gross banking profit	1,484.8	+140.3
	(Excluding gains (losses) on bonds)	1,514.9	+58.0
	Expenses	(665.1)	(61.2)
	Banking profit*4	819.7	+79.1
	Gains (losses) on stock	(141.0)	(152.1)
	Total credit cost*5	(147.8)	(58.3)
	Ordinary profit	510.7	(62.6)
	Net income	205.7	(110.0)

### <SMFG consolidated>

Ordinary profit	831.2	+32.6
Net income	461.5	+20.1

<sup>\*1</sup> Gains (losses) on stock + Provision for reserve for possible investment losses (Other non-recurring gains (losses))



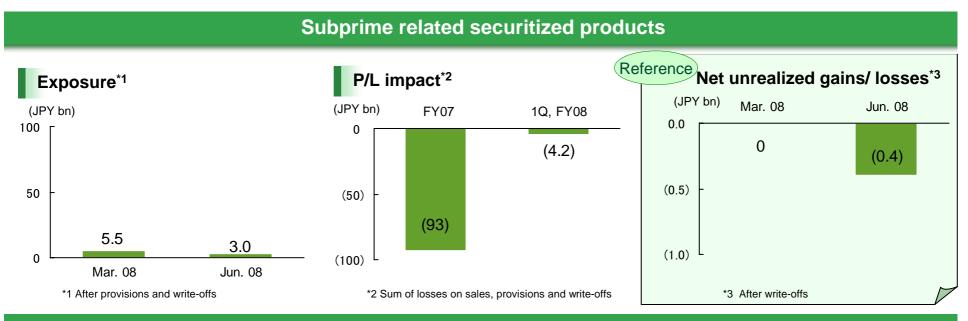
<sup>\*2</sup> Led by reorganization of the leasing companies

<sup>\*3</sup> Including losses related to monoline insurance companies

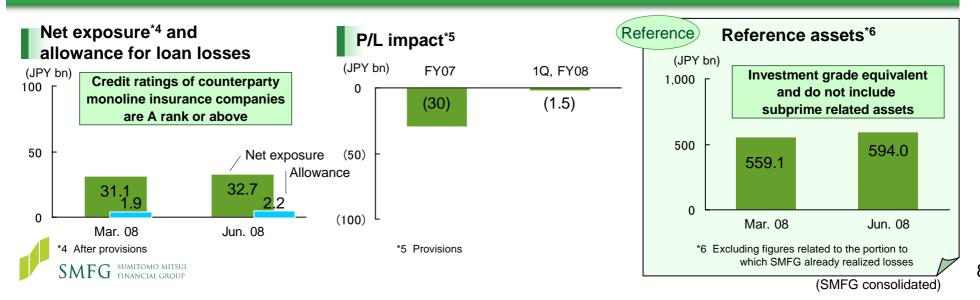
<sup>\*4</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

<sup>\*5</sup> Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses)

# 2. Recent Business Performance Exposure Related to Subprime and Monoline



# CDS transactions with monoline insurance companies



# 2. Recent Business Performance 1Q FY08 Financial Highlights

### <SMBC non-consolidated>

(JPY bn)	Results of 1Q, FY07	Results of 1Q, FY08	YOY change	Forecast for FY08*2
Banking profit*1	163.2	128.5	(34.7)	830.0
Total credit cost	(39.1)	(83.8)	(44.7)	(180.0)
Ordinary profit	109.3	41.8	(67.5)	610.0
Net income	73.8	56.2	(17.6)	390.0

## <Key considerations>

- SMBC's Banking profit in Marketing Units in 1Q was in line with budget.
- SMBC's net Losses on bonds amounted to JPY 30.3 bn, led by reduction of bonds in response to the hike of long-term interest rate during 1Q.
- SMBC's Total credit cost increased by JPY 44.7 bn to JPY 83.8 bn on year-over-year basis.
- SMFG did not revise the earnings forecast for the six months and the full year of FY08 on July 31st.

### <SMFG consolidated>

(JPY bn)	Results of 1Q, FY07	Results of 1Q, FY08	YOY change	Forecast for FY08 <sup>*2</sup>
Ordinary profit	195.0	73.6	(121.4)	850.0
Net income	119.7	58.1	(61.6)	480.0

<sup>\*1</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

# Reference Assumption for FY08 forecast

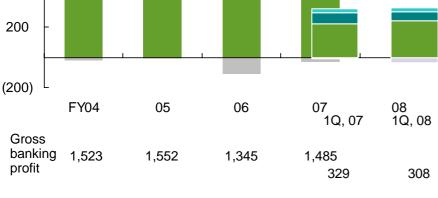
Nominal GDP growth rate	+1.4%
3 month JPY TIBOR	0.85%
10 year JPY swap rate	1.67%
Exchange rate (JPY/USD)	105
Nikkei 225 index (yen, as of Mar. 31, 08)	12,525.54



<sup>\*2</sup> The earnings forecasts announced on May 16, 08

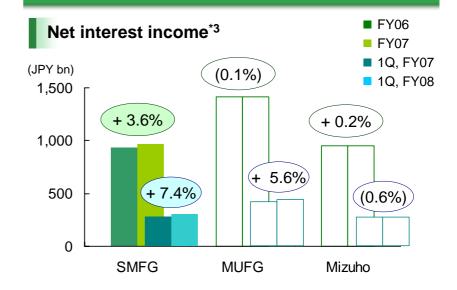
# 2. Recent Business Performance Breakdown of Gross Banking Profit and Peer Comparison

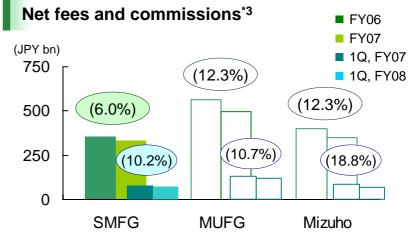
# Breakdown of gross banking profit\*1 Other income\*2 Net fees and commissions + Trust fees Net interest income Gains (losses) on bonds 1,400 1,000 1,400 1,000 1,400



<sup>\*1</sup> SMBC non-consolidated

# Peer comparison of growth rate





<sup>\*3</sup> Figures are the sum of subsidiary banks' non-consolidated profit

<sup>\*2</sup> Other income = Net trading income + Net other operating income - Gains (losses) on bonds

- Q3. What is SMFG's view on credit costs in 1Q FY08?
- A3. Slower-than-expected macro-economy was reflected to 1Q credit costs.

  However, the quality of our loan portfolio has dramatically improved during the past 4-5 years.



# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

# Financial Results for 1Q FY08

# Trend of credit cost\*1 (P/L)

	FY07					1Q, FY08
(JPY bn)	Results	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Results
Total credit cost	(148)	(39)	(75)	(73)	40	(84)
Provision of general allowance	97	4	(12)	1	103	8
Provision of specific allowance	(92)	(31)	(14)	(33)	(14)	(56)
Write-offs, etc.	(153)	(12)	(50)	(41)	(50)	(35)

# Trend of non-performing loans\*2 (B/S)



# Management analysis

Sensitivity of credit costs to nominal domestic GDP growth

 High progress ratio for 1Q based on annual budget in:

FY08 forecast: (180)

- Costs from deterioration of normal / watch-list borrowers, including substandard
  - \*Credit cost from **real estate** sector: approx. 20% of total
- Business Select Loan

Measures to secure the quality of portfolio implemented in FY07

Lack of collection gains in 1Q

Seasonality in NPL off-balancing processes

(SMBC non-consolidated)



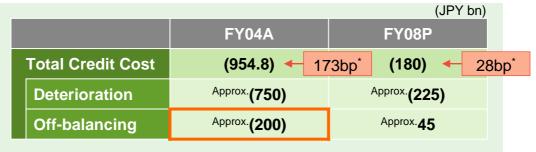
<sup>\*1</sup> Credit costs = the aggregate of net additions to general reserve, net additions to a specific reserve, net additions to a reserve for specific overseas loan losses, write-off of loans, losses on sales of delinquent loans, gains on collection of written-off claims and other credit costs \*2 Loans classified as bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt assets, doubtful assets, and substandard loans under the Financial Reconstruction Law

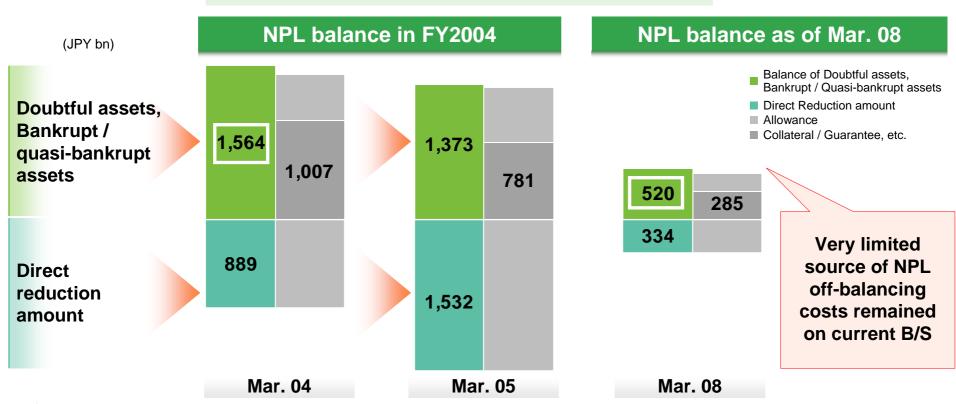
### LEAD THE VALUE

# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

Balance Sheet Approach:

Huge Difference in Source of Off-balancing costs between Mar. 04 and Mar. 08

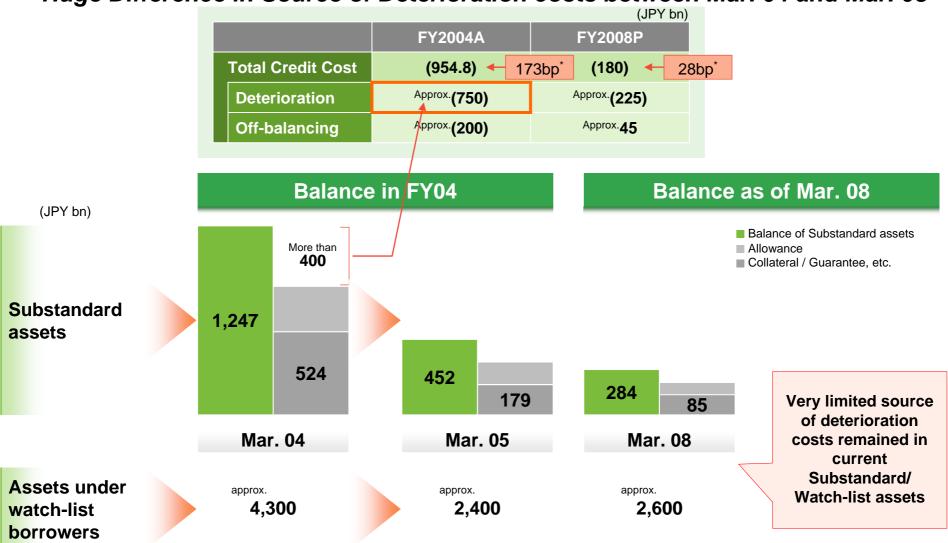


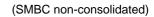


# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

Balance Sheet Approach:

Huge Difference in Source of Deterioration costs between Mar. 04 and Mar. 08

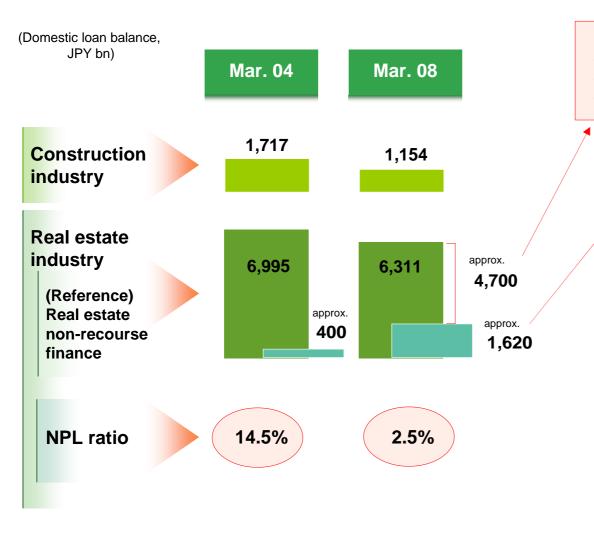






# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

Balance Sheet Approach: Huge Difference in Real Estate Exposure between Mar. 04 and Mar. 08

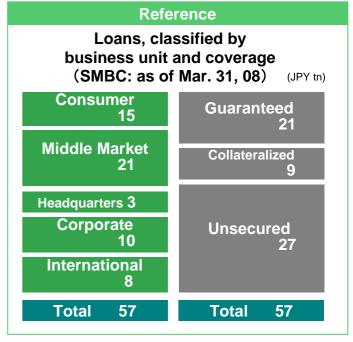


Portfolio diversified to three segments:

- Real estate leasing companies (approx. 50%)
- Large general real estate companies (approx. 20%)
- Real estate developers

(approx. 20%)

Above 80% classified to "Strong" and "Good" under Basel II slotting criteria



(SMBC non-consolidated)

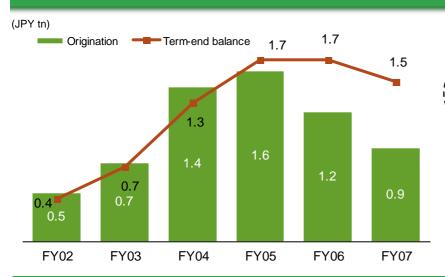


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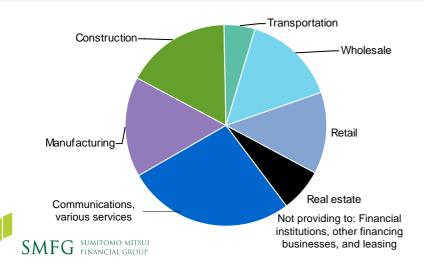
### LEAD THE VALUE

# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio Business Select Loan

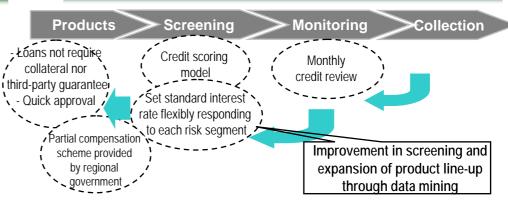
# Origination and term-end balance



# Industry mix (Mar. 08)



# **Operation flow**

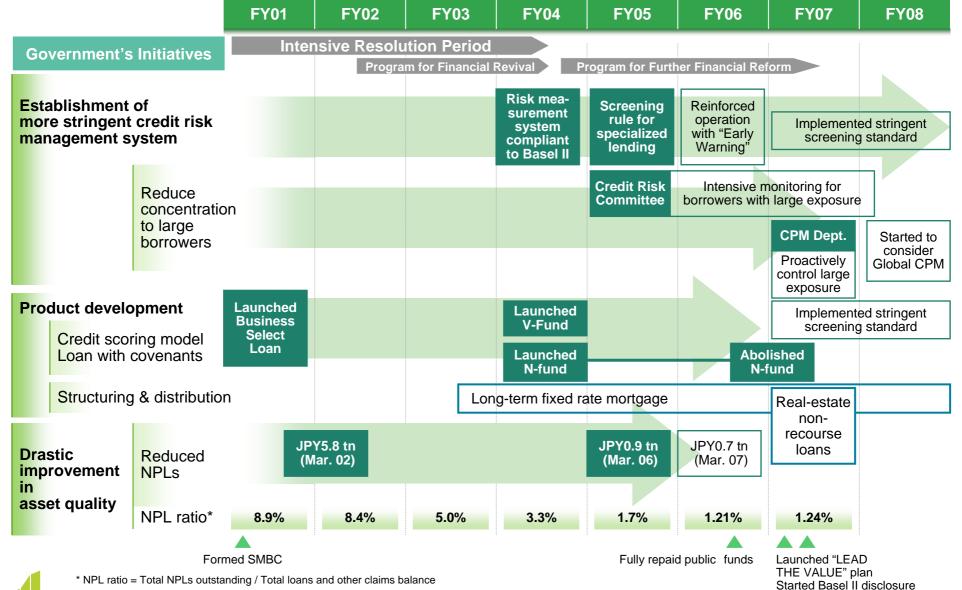


### **Product outline**

Product launch	Mar. 02		
Risk evaluation	SMBC original credit scoring model		
Loan amount maximum JPY 50 million (with monthly repayment)			
Interestrate	3.125% ~		
	- Different according to level of credit risk		
	- Discounted according to overall		
	transaction volume with SMBC		
Loan term Within 5 years			
Collateral	Not required (loan term: 3 years maximum)		
Guarantee No third party guarantee			
	(Guarantee by representative director is required)		
Fee New clients: JPY 73,500			
As from Oct. 15, 2007	(JPY 94,500 for loan amount of 30 million or more)		
	Existing clients: JPY 31,500		
	(JPY 52,500 for loan amount of 30 million or more)		
Channels	Most Corporate Business Offices,		
Business Support Offices, etc.: 226 locations			

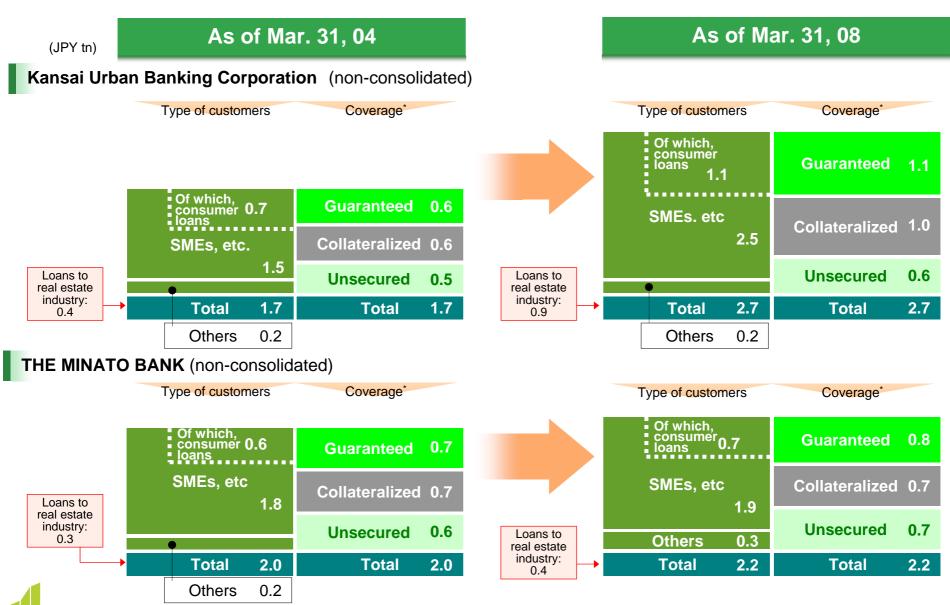
# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

# Continuously Fortifying Credit Risk Management System



# 3. Credit Costs and Loan Portfolio

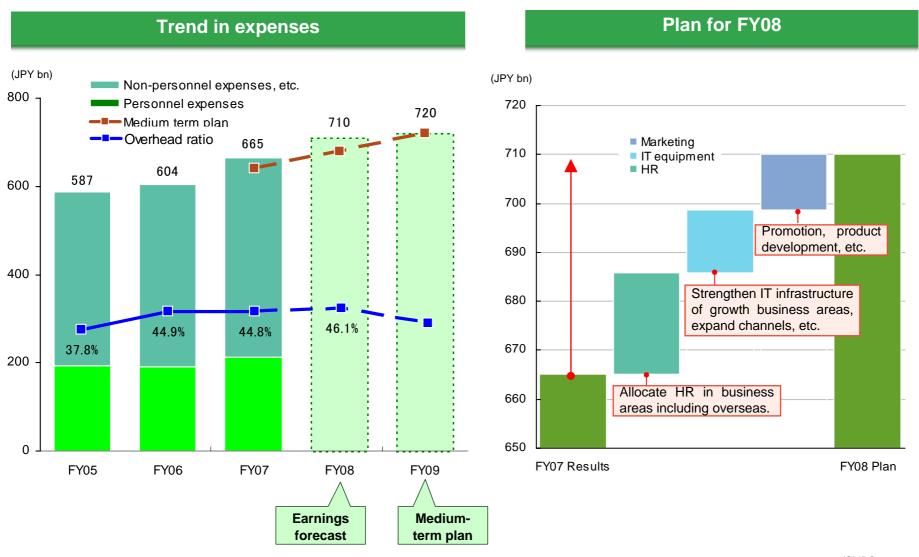
# Subsidiary Banks: Loans, Classified by Type of Customers and Coverage



- Q4. How is the expense situation?
- A4. We are aggressively allocating resources to targeted growth business areas while maintaining stringent cost control in order to sustain high efficiency.

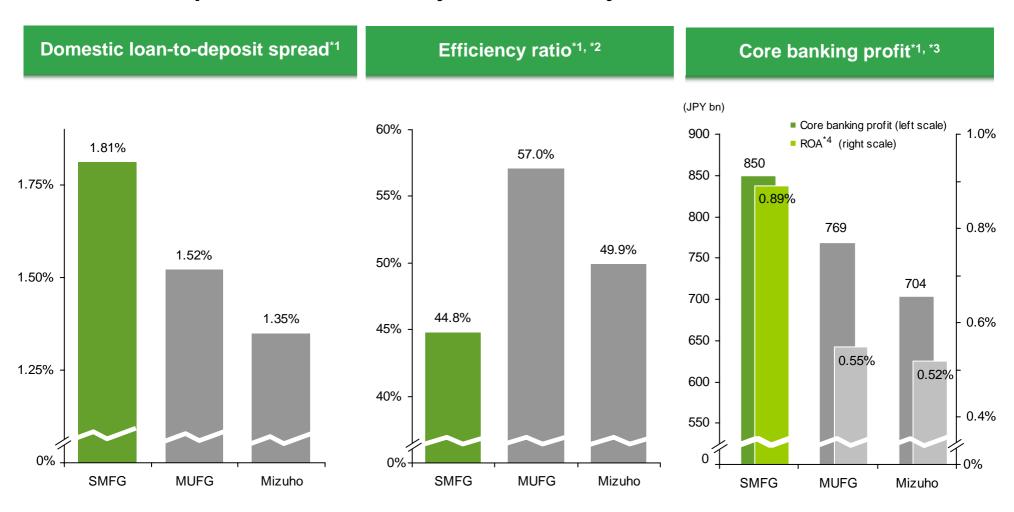


# 4. Situation of Expenses *Increase in Expenses*





# 4. Situation of Expenses Peer Comparison of Profitability and Efficiency



<sup>\*1</sup> Based on company supplementary information (financial results 2007). The three Japanese mega banks provide comparisons on a non-consolidated basis as follows:

SMFG provides a comparison to SMBC, Mizuho provides a comparison to Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank, and MUFG provides a comparison to The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ

<sup>\*4</sup> Core banking profit divided by total assets



<sup>\*2</sup> Expenses divided by gross operating profit

<sup>\*3</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses, excluding gains (losses) on bonds

- Q5. What progress has been made in domestic growth business areas?
- A5. Focal areas have been enhanced steadily through both organic and inorganic approaches.



# 5. Domestic Growth Business Areas

# Focuses Based on Five Macro Trends

FY07 - 09 FY10 -

Deregulation and tightening of regulations

Plan for Strengthening the Competitiveness of Japan's Financial and Capital Markets

Economic and financial globalization

Pursuit of opportunities for growth in overseas

"Great investment era" Subprime Crisis

Process of adjustment in asset pricing

Tide of generational change

Expansion of ubiquitous network

### Recent focuses in domestic markets

- ✓ High proportion of deposits to financial assets of individuals
- ✓ Diversified settlement tools in small money settlement market
- ✓ Expanding needs of business succession associated with aging owners of SMEs
- ✓ Increasing number of M&A in which Japanese companies are involved

Financial consulting for individuals

Macro trends

Payment & settlement, Consumer finance

Solution providing for corporations

Investment banking,
Trust business

Focused business areas in global markets

Proprietary investment

Credit derivative, Trading & distribution

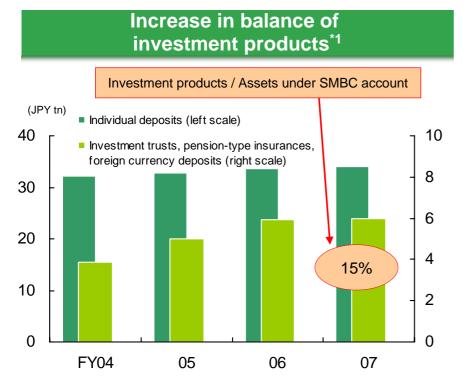
Strengthen "Seven growth business areas"



# 5. Domestic Growth Business Areas

# Financial Consulting for Individuals

Further promote sales of investment products through fortifying product line-up and expanding channel network



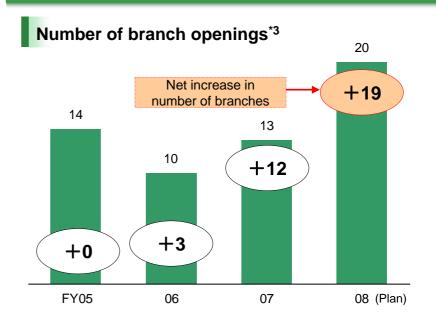


Since Dec. 07

- A good start (approx. 2,800 contracts by Jun. 08)
- 18 products from 7 life insurance companies sold at 90 branches<sup>\*2</sup>

\*1 Pension-type insurances: accumulated sales at fiscal year end \*2 As of Jun. 30, 08

# Aggressive expansion of channel network



- Net increase in number of branches accelerated from FY07
- Planned branch openings in FY08<sup>\*3</sup>

20 branches (Net increase: 19 branches)

Planning further expansion in the medium term

(SMBC non-consolidated)



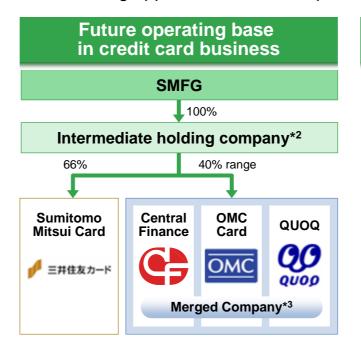
<sup>\*3</sup> Sum of increase in branches (new opening and conversion from representative office to branch) and increase in SMBC Consulting Offices.

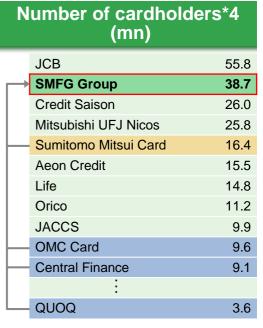
# 5. Domestic Growth Business Areas Credit Card Business

Promoting a new group strategy to capture increasing opportunities in the Japanese credit card market

### credit card business\*1 Japanese household consumption excluding (JPY tn) imputed rent (left scale) 25% 250 Proportion of credit card settlement (right scale) 23% 240 21% 19% 230 17% 15% 220 13% 11% 210 9% 7% 200 5%

Market size of





Expected synergies (examples)			
Top-line synergy	<ul> <li>Partnership in marketing of affiliated credit cards</li> <li>Expansion of contracting business</li> <li>Combined functioning and sharing of know-how</li> </ul>		
Cost synergy	<ul><li>Integration of systems and processing</li><li>Centralization of acquiring operations</li></ul>		

<sup>\*1 &</sup>quot;SNA," Cabinet Office of Japan, "Statistics on Japanese Consumer Credit," Japan Consumer Industry Association. Amount of credit card settlement is based on card sales amount handled

1998

2002

2006

<sup>\*4</sup> Number of cardholders as of Mar. 08 (Number of cardholders for JCB and Aeon Credit / OMC Card are as of Mar. 07 and Feb. 08, respectively)



1994

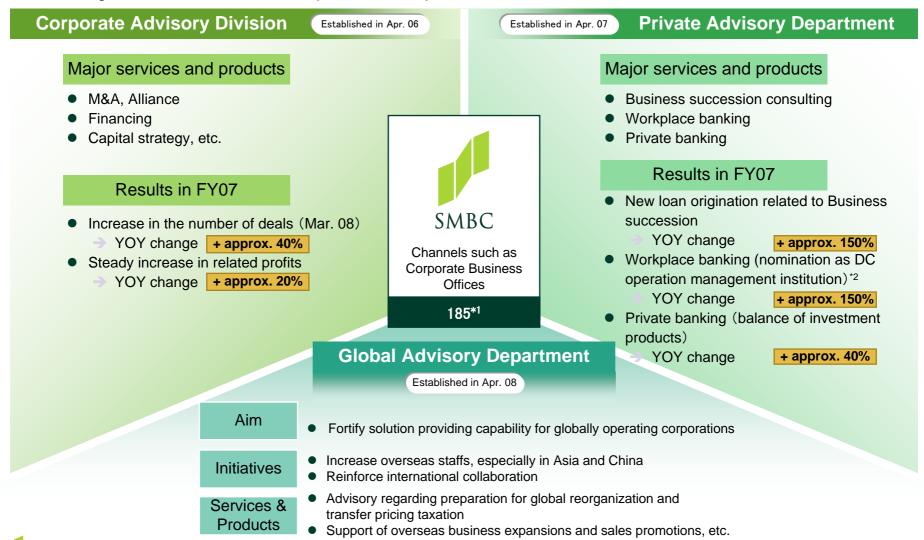
<sup>\*2</sup> Target date of establishment is Oct. 08

<sup>\*3</sup> Target date of merger is Apr. 09

# 5. Domestic Growth Business Areas

# Solution Providing for Corporations

Fortifying solution providing through seamless approach as "One Bank" centered on collaboration with marketing channels and the three specialized departments



SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI

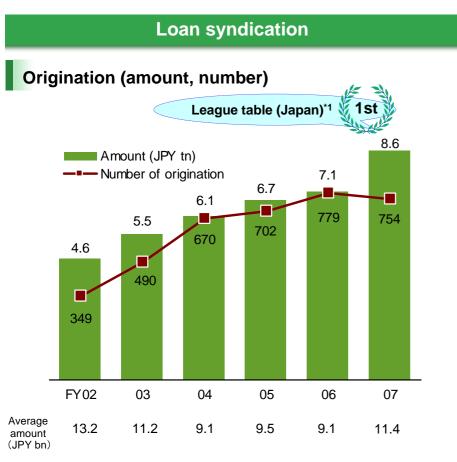
<sup>\*1</sup> Number of Corporate Business Offices as of Mar. 31, 08

<sup>\*2</sup> Number of employees

# 5. Domestic Growth Business Areas

Investment Banking Business

Strengthening initiatives in business fields with increased demand led by the recent change in market environment



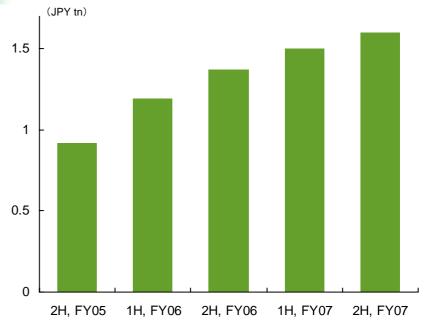


Launching new products and services to match clients' needs
 Loans with warrants, Samurai loans (e.g. IBM, Walt Disney)

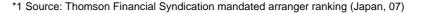
Further capture large projects

### Real estate finance





- Increased demand for mega banks to provide loans
   Resulted in wider loan spreads in the origination
- Carefully selecting projects with better risk-return profile



\*2 Financial Times



- Q6. What progress has been made in overseas growth business areas?
- A6. We have been expanding business capturing improvement in competitive environment while cautiously managing risks.

  Also, we are actively promoting strategic alliances with leading players overseas, aiming for medium-term growth.



# 6. Overseas Growth Business Areas

# Focuses Based on Five Macro Trends

FY07 - 09 FY10 -

Deregulation and tightening of regulations

Plan for Strengthening the Competitiveness of Japan's Financial and Capital Markets

Economic and financial globalization

Pursuit of opportunities for growth in overseas

"Great investment era" Subprime Crisis

Process of adjustment in asset pricing

Tide of generational change

Expansion of ubiquitous network

### Recent focuses in overseas markets

- ✓ Increasing amount of project finance
- ✓ Active business environment in sectors of natural resource and energy, growth of emerging countries
- ✓ Development of Asia and expansion of bilateral alliance

Financial consulting for individuals

Macro trends

Payment & settlement,
Consumer finance

Solution providing for corporations

Investment banking,
Trust business

Focused business areas in global markets

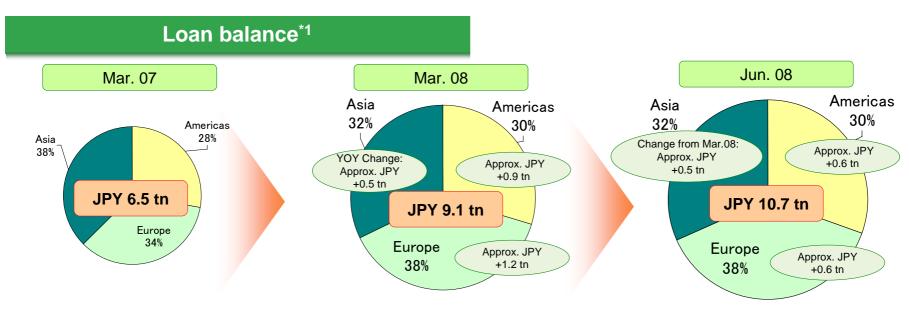
**Proprietary** investment

Credit derivatives, Trading & distribution

Strengthen "Seven growth business areas"



# 6. Overseas Growth Business Areas Improvement in Overseas Loans

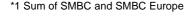




# **Background of improvement**

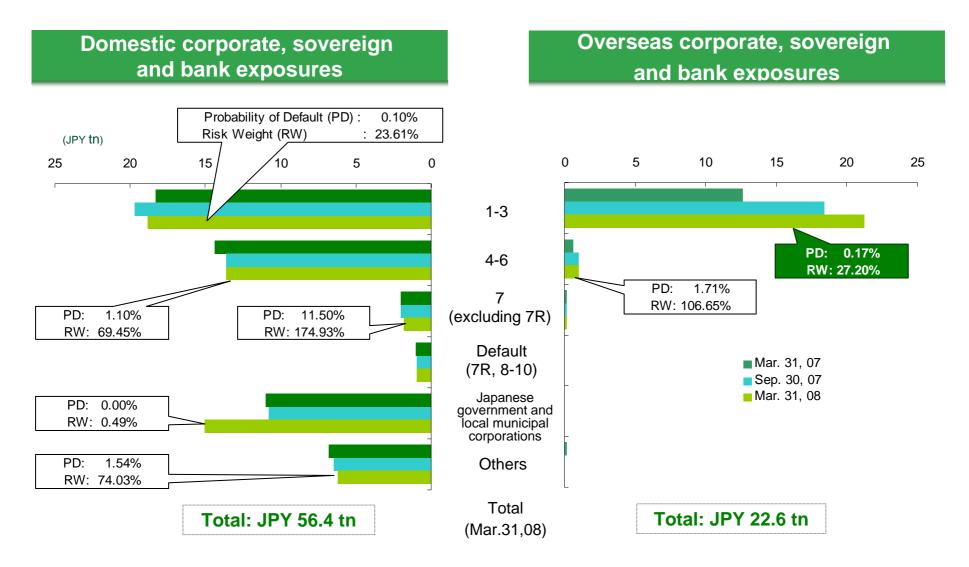
- Strong demand for finance in various sectors
- Customers' return to bank loans from capital market financing
- Overseas banks became more reluctant to provide financing

Carefully screening under increased uncertainty in the global economy



<sup>\*2</sup> SMBC, average on contracted overseas loans outstanding

# 6. Overseas Growth Business Areas Credit Portfolio





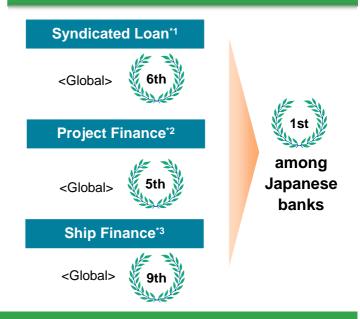
# 6. Overseas Growth Business Areas Strengthening Focused Areas in Global Markets

# **Further expand channel network**

# Prague representative Office Opened : Apr. 08 Middle East Dubai branch Mar. 07 Doha QFC representative office Apr. 08



# **Further fortify specific products**



# Promote business collaboration with overseas banks with competitive edge

# Barclays PLC - Acquired approx. 2% stake Will explore joint business development opportunities Vietnam Eximbank - Acquired 15% stake Retail banking and support for Japanese corporations Basic Agreement: Jun. 08 Basic Agreement: Jun. 08 Nov. 07

# First Commercial Bank (Taiwan)

 Business with Taiwanese corporations and support for Japanese corporations

Dec. 07

## **Industrial and Commercial Bank of China**

-Ship finance

Mar. 08

- \*1 Syndicated Loans Bookrunner (Jan. Jun. 08 Thomson Financial)
- \*2 Project Finance Mandated Arranger (Jan. Jun. 08 Thomson Financial)
- \*3 Shipping Finance Mandated Arranger (2007 Dealogic)

# 6. Overseas Growth Business Areas

# Strategic Investment to Barclays

Aiming for establishing a solid relationship with Barclays in order to explore opportunities in the long term







# **Outline of capital investment**

- SMBC invested approximately 500 million Sterling Pounds (169 million shares per 296 pence)
- Acquired approximately 2% stake of Barclays
- Attractive return\*

# SMFG's aim in strategic cooperation

- Supplement global network including emerging markets
- Leverage Barclays' expertise and products to strengthen growth businesses
- Trainee program

<sup>\*</sup> Dividend per share in 2007 divided by subscription price per share: approximately 11.5%



- Q7. What is SMFG's capital policy going forward?
- A7. We pursue a well-balanced growth cycle of higher profits, enhanced capital, and allocation of risk-adjusted assets to growth business areas.



# 7. Capital Policy

Changes in business environment (Compared to assumptions in the medium-term management plan)

- Expansion of business chances in overseas markets
- Delay in policy interest rate rise
- Lasting trend of decline in domestic lending spread
- Business environment of fee business become worse than expected (ex. sales of investment trusts)

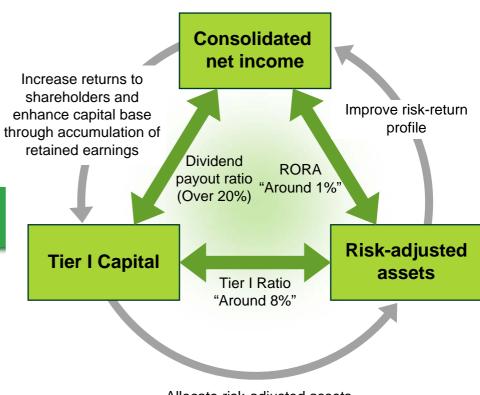
## Financial targets and capital policy

Achieved dividend payout ratio target (over 20%) in FY07

Dividend per common stock:

FY07 result JPY 12,000 FY08 forecast JPY 14,000

 Enhance capital base both in quality and quantity to capture growth opportunities led by changes in business environment Well-balanced growth cycle of profitability, sound capital base and risk-adjusted assets



Allocate risk-adjusted assets to growth business areas



## **Appendices**



### Appendix (a) Performance by Business Unit

	(JPY bn)			FY06	FY07	YOY change <sup>*</sup>	
			Gross banking profit	410.7	440.7	+ 30.0	(1)
	Consumer Banking Unit		Expenses	(249.2)	(271.4)	(22.2)	
		В	anking profit	161.5	169.3	+ 7.8	
			Gross banking profit	610.1	624.3	+ 14.2	(2)
	Middle Market Banking Unit		Expenses	(190.0)	(203.1)	(13.1)	
	Barnarig Oria	В	anking profit	420.1	421.2	+ 1.1	
			Gross banking profit	187.7	186.7	(1.0)	(3)
	Corporate Banking Unit		Expenses	(29.4)	(31.1)	(1.7)	
	O'III	В	anking profit	158.3	155.6	(2.7)	
	International		Gross banking profit	120.5	137.5	+ 17.0	(4)
	Banking Unit		Expenses	(45.8)	(56.0)	(10.2)	
		В	anking profit	74.7	81.5	+ 6.8	
			Gross banking profit	1,329.0	1,389.2	+ 60.2	
M	arketing units		Expenses	(514.4)	(561.6)	(47.2)	
		В	anking profit	814.6	827.6	+ 13.0	
			Gross banking profit	51.8	145.4	+ 93.6	(5)
Т	reasury Unit		Expenses	(17.8)	(17.6)	(0.2)	
		В	anking profit	34.0	127.8	+ 93.8	
			Gross banking profit	(36.3)	(49.8)	(13.5)	
Headquarters			Expenses	(71.7)	(85.9)	(14.2)	
		В	anking profit	(108.0)	(135.7)	(27.7)	
			Gross banking profit	1,344.5	1,484.8	+ 140.3	
T	otal		Expenses	(603.9)	(665.1)	(61.2)	
		В	anking profit	740.6	819.7	+ 79.1	

<sup>\*</sup> Before adjustment of interest rates and foreign exchange rates

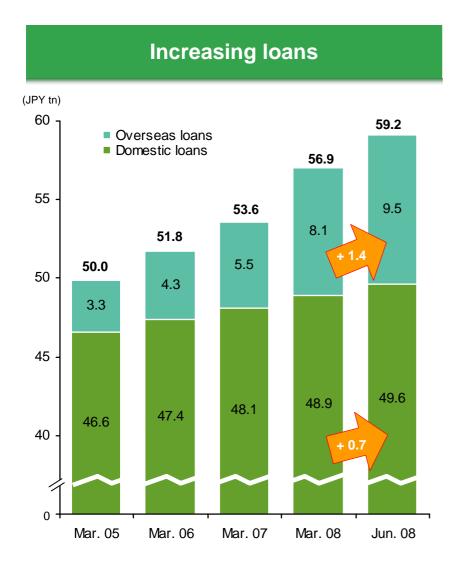
#### Major factors of YOY change in gross banking profit (JPY bn)

(OT 1 DIT)					
		Income on deposits	+64.0		
	Consumer	Investment trust	(7.0)		
(1)	Baking Unit	Pension-type insurance	(3.0)		
	+30.0	Income on loans	(11.0)		
		Fee income related to ATM, etc.	(4.0)		
		Income on deposits	+43.0		
	Middle Market	Foreign currency derivatives	+12.0		
(2)	Banking Unit	Income on loans (loan spread	(26.0)		
	+14.2	decreased by 11bp yoy)			
		Fees related to corporate bonds	(9.0)		
	Corporate	Income on deposits	+9.0		
(3)	Banking Unit	Income on loans (loan spread	(6.0)		
(3)	(1.0)	decreased by 5bp yoy)			
	(1.0)	Derivatives	(4.0)		
	International	Loans and Deposits	+12.0		
(4)	Banking Unit	Fee income related to loans	+11.0		
	+17.0	Too moonie rolated to leane			
	Tropoury Unit	ALM operations (Including gains	+73.0		
(5)	Treasury Unit +93.6	(losses) on bond portfolio)			
	+93.0	Trading	+21.0		
	:				

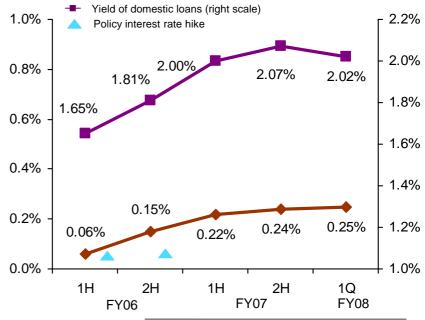
#### Average loan balance and spread by business unit (managerial accounting basis)

	Average balance		Average spread	
(JPY bn, %)	FY07	YOY change	FY07	YOY change
Domestic loans	47.4	▲0.5	1.19	▲0.05
Consumer Banking Unit	14.5	▲0.1	1.63	+0.01
Middle Market Banking Unit	21.1	▲0.0	1.29	▲0.11
Corporate Banking Unit	9.8	▲0.0	0.59	▲0.05

### Appendix (b) Loan Balance and Loan-to-Deposit Spread



### 



	FY07		YOY Change	
<domestic> (JPY tn, %</domestic>	Average Balance	Yield	Average Balance	Yield
Loans <sup>*2</sup> (a)	45.0	2.04	(1.0)	+ 0.31
Deposits, etc. (b)	59.8	0.23	(0.2)	+ 0.13
Loan-to-deposit spread (a) - (b)		1.81		+ 0.18

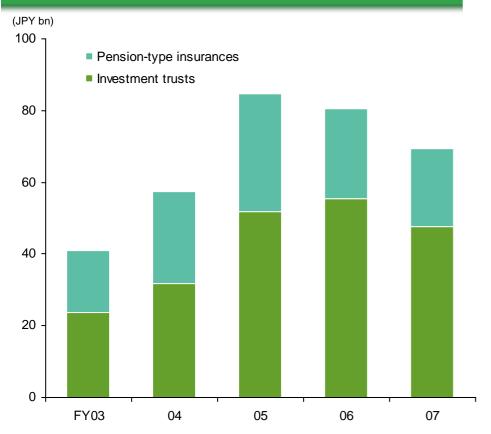
<sup>\*1</sup> Loan-to-deposit spread = Interest rate earned on domestic loans and bills discounted – interest rate paid on domestic deposits



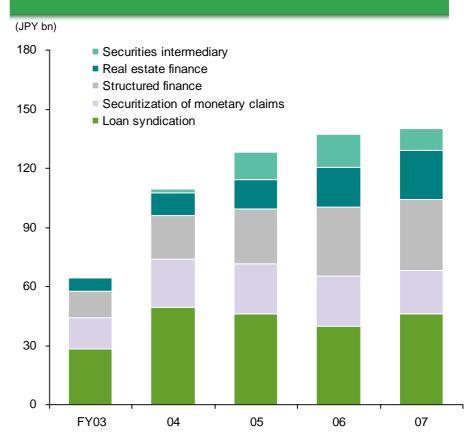
<sup>\*2</sup> Excluding loans to financial institutions

### **Appendix (c) Fee-Related Business**

## Profits related to investment trusts and pension-type insurances



#### Profits related to investment banking\*

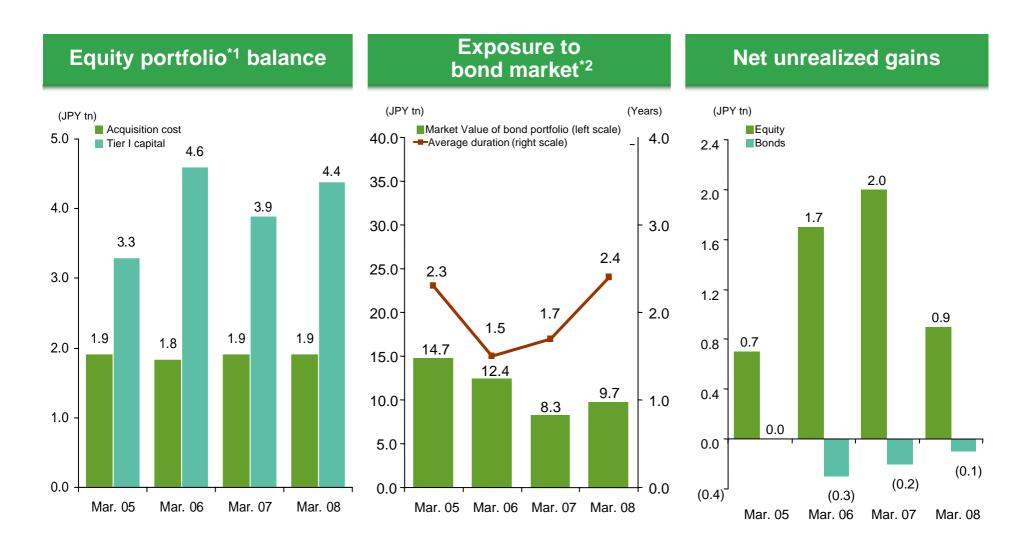


Profits of securities intermediary business: fees and commissions from transactions with both individual and corporate clients
 Profits of other business: marginal accounting basis including the fee commissions,

interest income, etc.



### Appendix (d) Securities Portfolio



<sup>\*1</sup> Excludes shares of subsidiaries and affiliates

<sup>\*2</sup> Excludes bonds held to maturity, bonds for which fair value hedge accounting is applied and private placement bonds



### Appendix (e) Gains (Losses) on Stocks

#### **SMBC** non-consolidated

	(JPY bn)	FY06	FY07	YOY Change
Ga	ains (losses) on stocks	11	(141)	(152)
	Gains on sale	50	27	(23)
	Losses on sale	(1)	(2)	(1)
	Losses on devaluation	(39)	(165)	(126)

#### **SMFG** consolidated



Devaluation loss on shares of consumer finance companies (JPY106 bn) on a SMBC non-consolidated basis was not recorded on a SMFG consolidated basis.

### Devaluation on stocks of consumer finance companies

	(JPY bn)	SMBC non-consolidated		
Equity method affiliate	Voting rights	Book value	Devaluation	Book value after devaluation
Promise	22.0%	approx. 201	approx. (44)*1	approx. 80
Central Finance	24.7%	approx. 20 <sup>(2)</sup>	approx. (11)*2	approx. 9
OMC Card	32.6%	approx. 76	approx. (56)	approx. 20

SMFG consolidated
Devaluation
-
-
-

On a SMFG consolidated basis, goodwill was written-down by approx. JPY56 bn

<sup>\*2</sup> Sum of shares SMFG and SMBC own



<sup>\*1</sup> After offsetting by JPY78 bn of reserve for possible investment losses recorded in FY06

## Appendix (f) Exposure Related to Securitized Products

#### Subprime-related exposure

	Jun. 30, 08			
(JPY bn)	Balances (after provisions and write-offs)	Change from Mar. 08	Net unrealized gains/losses (after write-offs)	
Securitized products	2.6	(2.3)	(0.4)	
Warehousing loans, etc.	0.4	(0.2)	-	
Total	3.0	(2.5)	(0.4)	

Mar. 31, 08
Balances (after provisions and write-offs)
4.9
0.6
5.5

Ratings of underlying assets, etc. *1
Speculative ratings

#### Products other than subprime related

Residential mortgage loans (Guaranteed by GSE etc. *2)	418.0	198.2	(9.0)
Cards	13.3	0.8	(0.3)
CLO	11.4	(12.5)	(0.8)
CMBS	6.0	-	(0.1)
Warehousing Loans etc.	6.2	0.3	-
Total	454.9	186.8	(10.2)

219.8
12.5
23.9
6.0
5.9
268.1

AAA
A-BBB
AAA-A,
some are not rated
BBB

<sup>\*2</sup> GSE etc. includes GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC. Besides RMBS, SMFG held bonds issued by GSEs (FNMA, FHLMC and Federal Home Loan Banks) of JPY 12.8 bn



<sup>\*1</sup> Credit ratings are in principle indicated by the lower of S&P ratings and Moody's Investors Services ratings. Notation of credit ratings is followed by the notation system of S&P

### Appendix (g) Exposure Related to Monoline Insurance Companies\*1

(As of Jun. 30, 08, JPY bn)	Net exposure <sup>*2</sup>	Change from Mar. 08	Allowance for loan losses*2
Exposure to CDS transactions with monoline insurance companies	32.7	1.6	2.2

Amount of reference assets*2	
594.0	

(As of Jun. 30, 08, JPY bn)	Balance	Change from Mar. 08	Allowance for loan losses
Loans and investments guaranteed by monoline insurance companies	23.5	(18.2)	-

Underlying assets
Project finance and local government bonds with investment grade equivalent, no subprime-related assets

<sup>\*2</sup> Excluding figures related to the portion to which SMFG already realized losses (JPY 30 bn) through write-offs



<sup>\*1</sup> In addition, SMFG had approximately JPY 17 bn in commitment contracts (withdrawn amount: JPY 1.3 bn) to insurance companies with monoline insurance companies as group members

### Appendix (h) Leveraged Loans and ABCP Programs as Sponsor

#### Leveraged loans\*1 (as of Jun. 30, 08)

(JPY bn)	Loans	Undrawn commitments	Allowance for loan losses
Total	839.0	207.3	17.0
Europe	330.8	95.4	-
Japan	217.0	8.3	14.6
United States	187.4	94.5	1.5
Asia (excluding Japan)	103.8	9.1	0.9

Includes approximately JPY 20 bn of loans to be sold. Loss on sales of leveraged loans is expected to be below 10% of each loan's face value, as of July.

#### ABCP programs as sponsor (as of Jun. 30, 08)

(JPY bn)		Notional amount of reference	Allowance	Suppo progra	
		assets (overseas)		Liquidity support	Credit support
Total		928.1 (459.2)	0.1	_	_
	Claims on corporations	691.7 (287.9)	0.1	yes	yes
		65.1 (-)	-	no	no
	Claims on financial institutions	53.2 (53.2)	-	yes	yes
	Retail loan claims	115.6 (115.6)	-	yes	yes
	Other claims	2.5 (2.5)	-	yes	yes

<sup>\*1</sup> Figures do not include leveraged loans which are included in underlying assets of securitized products

<sup>\*2</sup> The maximum amount of credit supports for overseas ABCP program is limited to 10% of the balance of reference assets. On the other hand, the maximum amount of credit supports provided for domestic ABCP programs are limited to the balance of 100% of reference assets. In addition, SMFG provides liquidity and credit supports for ABCP programs which are sponsored by other banks. Total notional amount of reference assets of such programs are approx. JPY 120 bn



(SMFG consolidated)

### **Appendix (i) Contribution of Affiliates**

	(JPY bn)	SMFG consolidated	SMBC non- consolidated	Difference	
Consolidated gross profit / non-consolidated gross profit		2,116	1,485	631	
	Net interest income	1,210	971	239	(1)
	Trust fees	4	4	0	
	Net fees and commissions	612	332	280	(2)
	Net trading income	470	441	29	
	Net other operating income	(180)	(263)	83	
	neral and ministrative expenses	(979)	(665)	(314)	(3)
То	tal credit cost	(249)	(148)	(101)	(4)
Eq of	uity in earnings (losses) affiliates <sup>*1</sup>	(42)	-	(42)	
Ordinary profit		831	511	320	
Extraordinary gains (losses)		98	(3)	101	
Net income		462	206	256	
	nsolidated/non-consolidated t business profit <sup>*2</sup>	1,023	820	203	

Major factors contributing to difference					
	(JPY bn)	FY07	YOY Change		
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporations	59	+4		
(1)	MINATO BANK	47	+1		
(.)	SMBC Europe	32	+5		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	28	(3)		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	130	+12		
(2)	SMBC Friend Securities	38	(4)		
	SMBC Guarantee	35	(0)		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	(130)	(7)		
	SMBC Friend Securities	(41)	(4)		
(3)	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(35)	(2)		
	MINATO BANK	(34)	0		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Finance & Leasing	(32)	(4)		
	I				
	SMBC Capital Markets	(30)	(29)		
(4)	MINATO BANK	(19)	(6)		
(4)	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	(18)	(1)		
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(17)	(6)		

<sup>\*1</sup> Including a loss of impairment of goodwill of approximately JPY56 billion in connection with the investment in OMC Card

Corporation



<sup>\*2</sup> Consolidated net business profit = (SMBC non-consolidated banking profit (before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses)) + (Other consolidated subsidiaries' ordinary profit (excluding non-recurring items)) + (Equity method affiliates' ordinary profit) X (Ownership ratio) – (Internal transaction (dividends, etc.))

### Appendix (j) Capital Quality and Capital Management

	(JPY bn)	2007/3 (a)	2008/3 (b)	(b) – (a)	
1	ier I capital	3,903	4,382	+479	
	Capital stock & Capital surplus	1,479	1,479	0	
	<preferred stock=""></preferred>	<360>	<360>	<0>	
	Retained earnings	1,320	1,681	361	(a)
	Preferred securities issued by overseas SPCs	1,160	1,217	57	(b)
	Foreign currency translation adjustment	(31)	(27)	4	
	Increase in equity capital resulting from a securitization exposure	(40)	(44)	(4)	
T	ier II capital	3,640	3,022	(618)	
	45% of unrealized gains on other securities	825	334	(491)	(c)
	45% of land revaluation excess				l .
	1070 of faria foraldation exceed	39	37	(2)	
	General reserve for possible loan losses	39 35	37 60	(2) 25	
	General reserve for possible loan				(d)
	General reserve for possible loan losses  Total eligible provisions minus the total	35	60	25	(d) (e)
	General reserve for possible loan losses  Total eligible provisions minus the total expected loss amount	35 176	60	25 (108)	` ′
D	General reserve for possible loan losses  Total eligible provisions minus the total expected loss amount  Perpetual subordinated debt	35 176 1,114	60 68 998	25 (108) (116)	` ′
_	General reserve for possible loan losses Total eligible provisions minus the total expected loss amount Perpetual subordinated debt Dated subordinated debt	35 176 1,114 1,450	60 68 998 1,525	25 (108) (116) 75	` ′
Т	General reserve for possible loan losses Total eligible provisions minus the total expected loss amount Perpetual subordinated debt Dated subordinated debt eduction	35 176 1,114 1,450 (691)	60 68 998 1,525 (738)	25 (108) (116) 75 (47)	` ′
T	General reserve for possible loan losses Total eligible provisions minus the total expected loss amount Perpetual subordinated debt Dated subordinated debt eduction otal capital	35 176 1,114 1,450 (691) 6,853	60 68 998 1,525 (738) 6,666	25 (108) (116) 75 (47) (187)	(e)

<sup>\*1</sup> Figures are on the basis of Basel II standard (Credit risk: FIRB, Operational risk: BIA (FY06), AMA (FY07))

# SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI FINANCIAL GROUP

#### Tier I capital

(a) Consolidated net income

Dividends

(b) Issue of preferred securities in domestic market

Decrease due to yen appreciation

JPY18 bn

Net deferred tax assets/ Tier I (SMFG consolidated): 21.3% (as of March 31,2008, decreased by 0.1% year over year)

#### Tier II capital

#### Risk-adjusted assets

(f)	2007/3	2008/3		
(JPY bn)	2007/3	2006/3	YOY Change	
Sum of risk-weighted assets of credit risk	56,108	59,335	+ 3,227	
Market risk equivalent	412	430	+18	
(Reference) Outlier ratio*2	2.1%	5.4%	+3.3%	
Operational risk equivalent	4,020	3,352	(668)	
Total	60,540	63,117	+ 2,577	

(g) Introduction of AMA (BIA for FY07)

(BIA for FY07) JPY(689) bn

\*2 SMBC non-consolidated basis

(SMFG Consolidated)

(g)

### Appendix (k) Preferred Stock / Preferred Capital\*1

		Type	Amount*2	Issue	1 <sup>st</sup> Call
SMFG SUMITOMO M	ITSUL	Convertible preferred stock <1-4,9-12 Series, Type 4>	JPY100.2 bn	Feb. 2003	-
Sumitomo Mitsui	KOOP .	Non-convertible preferred stock <type 6=""></type>	JPY210.0 bn	Mar. 2005	Mar. 2011
Financial Group	SMFG Preferred Capital USD 1 Ltd	Preferred securities step-up	USD1,650 mn	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2017
[	SMFG Preferred Capital GBP 1 Ltd	Preferred securities step-up	GBP500 mn	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2017
Ţ,	SMFG Preferred Capital JPY 1 Ltd	Preferred securities non step-up	JPY135.0 bn	Feb. 2008	Jan. 2018
3	SMFG Preferred Capital USD 2 Ltd	Preferred securities non step-up	USD1,800 mn	May 2008	Jul. 2013
	SMFG Preferred Capital USD 3 Ltd	Preferred securities step-up	USD1,350 mn	Jul. 2008	Jul. 2018
	SMFG Preferred Capital GBP 2 Ltd	Preferred securities step-up	GBP250 mn	Jul. 2008	Jan. 2029
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	SPCL	Preferred securities non step-up	JPY283.8 bn	Dec. 1998 Mar. 1999	Jan. 2009
Corporation		Preferred securities non step-up	JPY340.0 bn	Feb. 1999 Mar. 1999	Jun. 2009
Other subsidia	KUBC PCC*3	Preferred securities step-up	JPY12.5 bn	Jan. 2007	Jul. 2012

<sup>\*1</sup> On Jun. 30, 2008, SB Treasury Company L.L.C which is a wholly owned subsidiary of SMBC redeemed its USD 1.8 bn of preferred securities

<sup>\*3</sup> A company incorporated for the purpose of issuing the preferred securities and a wholly owned subsidiary of Kansai Urban Banking Corporation ("KUBC"), which is a consolidated subsidiary of SMFG



<sup>\*2</sup> Outstanding balance as of Jul. 18, 08

### Appendix (I) Balance of Loan Portfolio

#### Loans and bills discounted, classified by industry\*1

#### A. Domestic offices\*2

(JPY mn	06/3		07/3		08/3	
Manufacturing	5,172,704	10.9%	5,236,097	10.9%	5,284,513	10.8%
Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and mining	133,756	0.3	132,196	0.3	138,440	0.3
Construction	1,283,199	2.7	1,224,951	2.5	1,153,752	2.4
Transportation, communications and public enterprises	2,658,362	5.6	2,886,168	6.0	2,891,612	5.9
Wholesale and retail	5,170,601	10.9	5,089,297	10.6	4,902,333	10.0
Finance and insurance	5,072,348	10.7	5,675,905	11.8	6,083,560	12.4
Real estate	6,316,865	13.3	6,369,243	13.2	6,310,993	12.9
Services	5,731,622	12.1	5,742,376	11.9	5,453,700	11.2
Municipalities	657,755	1.4	592,238	1.2	780,942	1.6
Others	15,264,035	32.1	15,242,033	31.6	15,877,739	32.5
Total	47,461,252	100.0%	48,190,509	100.0%	48,877,589	100.0%

#### B. Overseas offices\*3

(JPY mr	06/3		07/3		08/3		
Public sector	38,992	0.9%	19,029	0.3%	19,835	0.3%	
Financial institutions	348,464	7.9	287,898	5.2	679,195	8.4	
Commerce and industry	3,815,783	86.8	5,038,808	90.5	6,790,929	84.0	
Others	193,066	4.4	220,195	4.0	590,262	7.3	
Total	4,369,307	100.0%	5,565,931	100.0%	8,080,224	100.0%	

#### Loans to small- and medium-sized enterprises, etc.\*1

	(JPY mn)	06/3	07/3	08/3
Outstanding balance		35,496,058	36,276,238	36,129,519
Ratio to total loans		74.8%	75.3%	73.9%

#### Consumer loans outstanding\*1

(JPY mn)	06/3	07/3	08/3
Housing loans	13,771,812	13,557,521	13,647,753
Of which, residential purpose	10,044,534	9,918,884	10,033,842
Other consumer loans	953,701	935,292	934,018
Consumer loans	14,725,514	14,492,814	14,581,772



<sup>\*1</sup> As of Mar. 31, 08

\*2 Excluding offshore banking account
\*3 Including Tokyo offshore accounts for international finance transactions

### Appendix (m) Exposure to Special Lending and Retail

#### **Corporate exposures**

- A. Specialized lending (SL)\*1
  - a. Project finance, object finance and IPRE\*2

#### b. HVCRE\*3

(JPY bn)	Risk weight	Project finance	Object finance	IPRE	Risk weight	Amount
Strong:					_	
Residual term less then 2.5 years	50%	105.2	6.3	419.9	70%	3.9
Residual term 2.5 years or more	70%	460.8	59.9	690.0	95%	_
Good:						
Residual term less then 2.5 years	70%	26.4	-	53.4	95%	71.5
Residual term 2.5 years or more	90%	215.2	13.4	128.3	120%	105.1
Satisfactory	115%	26.0	16.0	83.2	140%	201.5
Weak	250%	13.5	4.7	10.7	250%	_
Default	_	3.8	0.1			
Total	·	850.8	100.5	1,385.4		382.0

#### **Retail exposures**

#### A. Residential mortgage exposures\*1

		E	Exposure amoun	t	Weighted-	Weighted-	Weighted-
	(JPY bn)	Total	On-balance sheet assets	Off-balance sheet assets	average PD	average LGD	average risk weight
Mortgage loans							_
PD segment							
Not delinquent							
Use model		8,993.8	8,993.8	-	0.39%	40.18%	25.62%
Other*4		853.1	853.1	_	0.78	61.05	70.76
Delinquent*5, etc		44.8	44.8	_	37.16	45.20	256.45
Default		84.5	84.5	-	100.00	29.89	19.28
Total		9,976.2	9,976.2	_	_	_	_

<sup>\*1</sup> As of Mar. 31, 08

(SMBC non-consolidated)

<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;IPRE" stands for "Income-Producing Real Estate"

<sup>\*3 &</sup>quot;HVCRE" stands for "High-Volatility Commercial Real Estate"

<sup>\*4 &</sup>quot;Other" includes loans guaranteed by employers

<sup>\*5 &</sup>quot;Delinquent" loans are past due loans and loans to obligors categorized as "Borrowers Requiring Caution" that do not satisfy the definition of default stipulated in the Notification.

### Appendix (n) Exposure to Retail

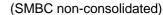
#### B. Qualifying revolving retail exposures\*1

		Exposure	e amount						
		On-balance s	sheet assets	Off-balance sheet	Undrawn	Average	Weighted- average PD	Weighted- average	Weighted- average
(JPY bn)	Total	Balance	Increase	assets	amount	CCF	average i b	LGD	risk weight
Card loans									
PD segment									
Not delinquent	451.3	379.3	71.9	_	146.2	49.18%	2.04%	83.41%	51.67%
Delinquent*2, etc	59.9	58.7	1.2	_	8.6	14.24	47.35	90.63	257.00
Credit card balances									
PD segment									
Not delinquent	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Delinquent*2, etc	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Default	3.3	3.2	0.1	_	_	_	100.00	78.13	80.79
Total	514.5	441.2	73.2	-	154.8	_	_	-	_

#### C. Other retail exposures\*1

	Ex	posure amour	nt	Wajahta d	Mainhte d	Weighted-	
(JPY bn)	Total	On-balance sheet assets	Off-balance sheet assets	Weighted- average PD	Weighted- average LGD	average risk weight	
Business loans							
PD segment							
Not delinquent							
Use model	1,493.6	1,485.0	8.6	1.16%	62.92%	59.50%	
Other*3	231.6	231.6	0.1	1.25	56.71	57.41	
Delinquent*2, etc	521.5	520.8	0.8	11.76	68.10	110.26	
Consumer loans							
PD segment							
Not delinquent							
Use model	300.4	300.4	-	1.62	41.06	48.56	
Other*3	238.2	238.2	-	1.81	65.65	81.17	
Delinquent-2, etc	37.6	37.6	-	31.10	47.23	120.96	
Default	177.1	174.5	2.6	100.00	58.98	64.22	
Total	3,000.0	2,988.0	12.0	_	_		

<sup>\*1</sup> As of Mar. 31, 08

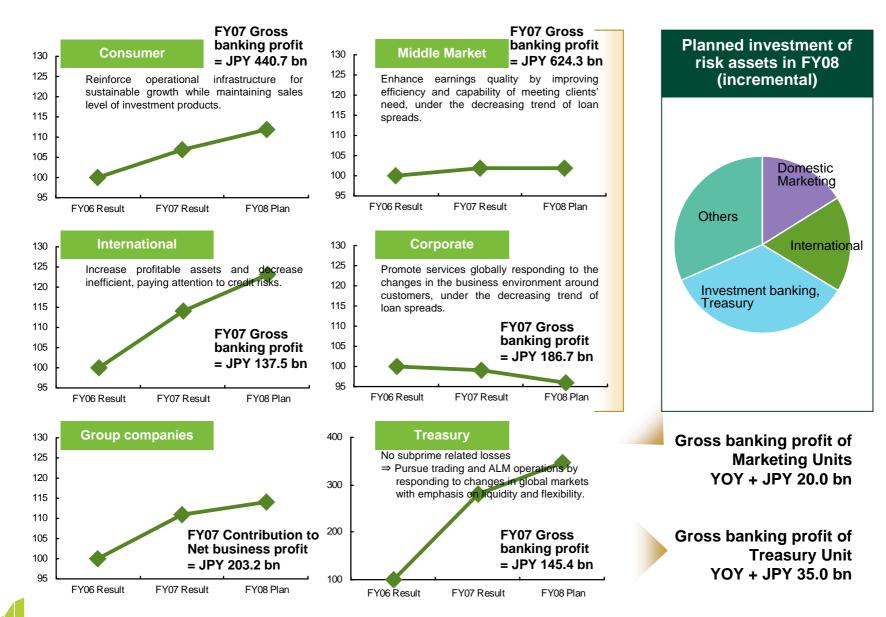




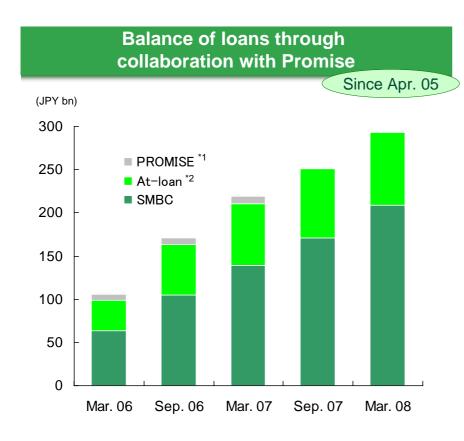
<sup>\*2 &</sup>quot;Delinquent" loans are past due loans and loans to obligors categorized as "Borrowers Requiring Caution" that do not satisfy the definition of default stipulated in the Notification.

<sup>\*3 &</sup>quot;Other" includes loans guaranteed by employers

### Appendix (o) Gross Banking Profit Plan by Business Unit



### **Appendix (p) Consumer Finance Business**



Steady increase in loan balance centered on SMBC

## SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI FINANCIAL GROUP

#### Further promote collaborative business

- Expand network of automatic contract machines
- Aiming for nation-wide network expansion, including into regional cities



As of Mar. 31, 08 697



Planned increase up to 1,000

- Launch new products
- Loans for specific purposes guaranteed by Promise

#### **Acquisition of Sanyo Shinpan by Promise**

Dec. 07

- Loan balance (consolidated basis)\*3
- JPY 1.76 tn
- #1 share in consumer finance industry\*4
- Initiatives to realize top-line and cost synergies
- Reduce costs through utilizing economies of scale
- Enhance solicitation of customers through 2 brands promotion and the expansion of the guarantee business

<sup>\*1</sup> Stopped origination in Feb. 07

<sup>\*2</sup> Excluding loans which At-loan provided before collaboration

<sup>\*3</sup> As of Mar. 31, 08

<sup>\*4</sup> Company disclosure

### Appendix (q) Medium-Term Management Plan (FY07-09)

					Announce	d on Apr. 27, 07
(JPY bn)		FY06 Results		FY09 Plan*	Chang	ge in 3 years
	SMFG consolidated Net business profit	924.2		1,360	арр	orox. +440
	SMBC non-consolidated Banking profit	740.6		1,070	арр	orox. +330
Earnings  Gross SMBC   SMBC   Ove	SMBC non-consolidated Gross banking profit	1,344.5		1,790	арр	orox. +450
	SMBC non-consolidated Expenses	(603.9)		(720)	арр	rox. (120)
	SMBC non-consolidated Overhead ratio	45%		40-45%	арр	orox. (5%)
	SMFG consolidated  Net income	441.4	ts on plan	650	арр	orox. +210
Profit distribution	Payout ratio (common stock)	12.5%	Financial targets on medium-term plan	over 20%	ар	orox. +8%
Soundness	Tier I ratio	6.44%	nancia	Approx. 8%	арр	rox. +1.5%
Profitability	SMFG consolidated net income RORA	0.72%		Approx. 1%	арр	rox. +0.3%
Fioritability	SMFG consolidated ROE	10.5%	10.5%			
				FY07	FY08	FY09
Economic		3 month TIBOR (average)		0.72%	1.12%	1.16%
		10 Year Swa	ap (average)	1.87%	2.10%	2.12%
	assumptions	Nominal GDP g	growth (annual)	2.5%	2.9%	2.4%



<sup>\*</sup> Economic assumptions: Exchange rate \$1 = JPY 115



This material contains certain forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The following items are among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this material: business conditions in the banking industry, the regulatory environment, new legislation, competition with other financial services companies, changing technology and evolving banking industry standards and similar matters.

