# Fixed Income Investor Presentation April 2012

### **Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation**

The financial figures for SMFG and SMBC included in this presentation are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan, or Japanese GAAP

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### **SMFG / SMBC Overview**

#### **SMFG (Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group)**

- SMFG is one of the three largest banking groups in Japan with an established global presence
- Designated as one of the G-SIFIs

Market Capitalization (TSE:8316 / NYSE:SMFG)	JPY 3.9 tn (USD 47 bn)
Total Assets	JPY 139 tn
Tier I Ratio	12.49 %

(As of Mar. 30, 2012 for Market Capitalization and as of Dec. 31, 2011 for others) (Consolidated)

#### **SMBC's Business Franchise**

- Core operating entity within the SMFG franchise
- Heritage dating back more than 400 years
- 26 million retail customer deposit accounts
- 114 thousand domestic corporate loan clients
- 434 domestic branches
- **50+** overseas franchises\*1

Ratings (Moody's / S&P / Fitch)

Aa3 / A+ / A

(As of Sep. 30, 2011, except for the ratings)

SMBC's Asset Quality and Liquidity		
Total Assets	JPY 111 tn	
Loans	JPY 57 tn	
Deposits	JPY 82 tn	
Loan-to-Deposit Ratio	69.4 %	
Non-Performing Loan Ratio	1.73 %	
(As of Sep. 30, 2011, non-consolidated)		

#### **SMBC's Profitability**

	FY3/11	AprDec. 2011
Gross Banking Profit	JPY 1,532 bn	JPY 1,165 bn
Pre-Provision Profit	JPY 833 bn	JPY 632 bn
Net Income	JPY 421 bn	JPY 344 bn
Overhead Ratio	45.6%	45.8 %

(Non-consolidated)

<sup>\*1</sup> SMBC's branches and subsidiaries

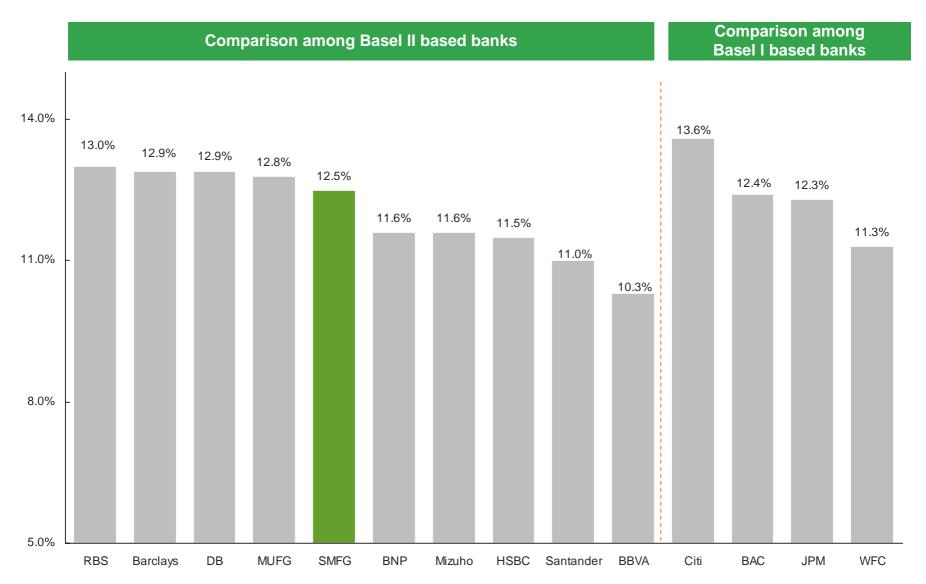
<sup>\*2</sup> SMBC's long-term senior unsecured bond ratings

### **Capital, Asset Quality and Liquidity**

Profitability

**Growth Strategy** 

### **Tier I Ratio Comparison**

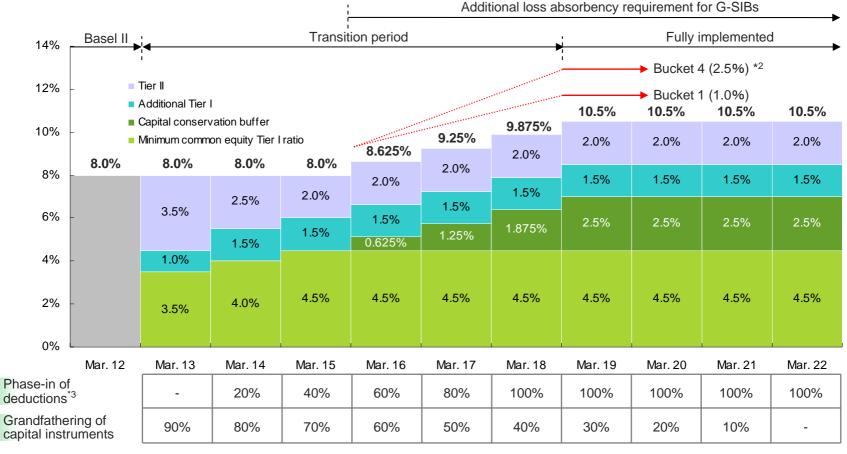


<sup>\*</sup> Based on each company's financial disclosure as of Dec. 31, 2011

### **Summary of Regulatory Capital Framework**

In March 2012, the Japanese Financial Services Agency published final rules regarding bank capital requirements:

- Basically consistent with Basel III text
- Effective from the end of March 2013 to conform with the fiscal year end of Japanese banks
- To be supplemented by details on application that will be published in due course\*1



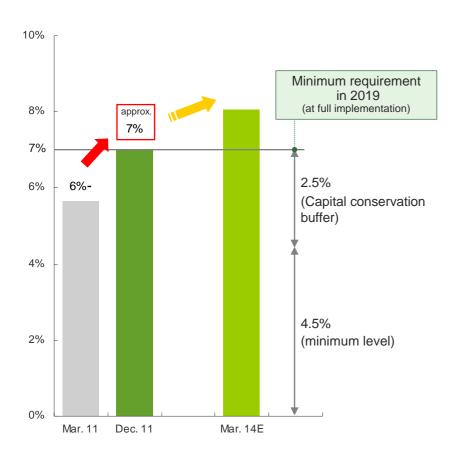
<sup>\*1</sup> Drafts of other rules that are to be implemented after 2014, such as rules on capital buffers and liquidity standards, will be published at a later stage

<sup>\*2</sup> With an empty bucket of 3.5% to discourage further systemicness

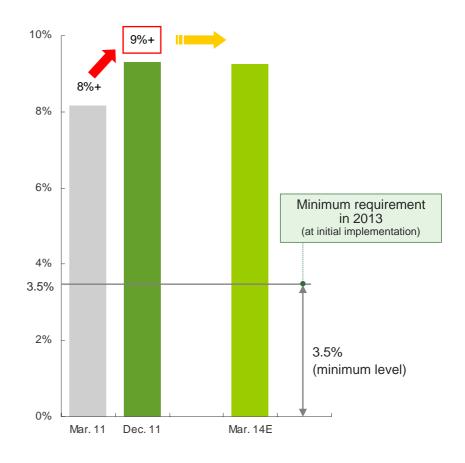
<sup>\*3</sup> Including amounts exceeding the limit for deferred tax assets, mortgage servicing rights and investment in the capital instruments of unconsolidated financial institutions

### **Resilient Capital Base**

## Core Tier I ratio (based on full implementation of Basel III\*1, 2)



## Core Tier I ratio (based on initial implementation of Basel III\*1)

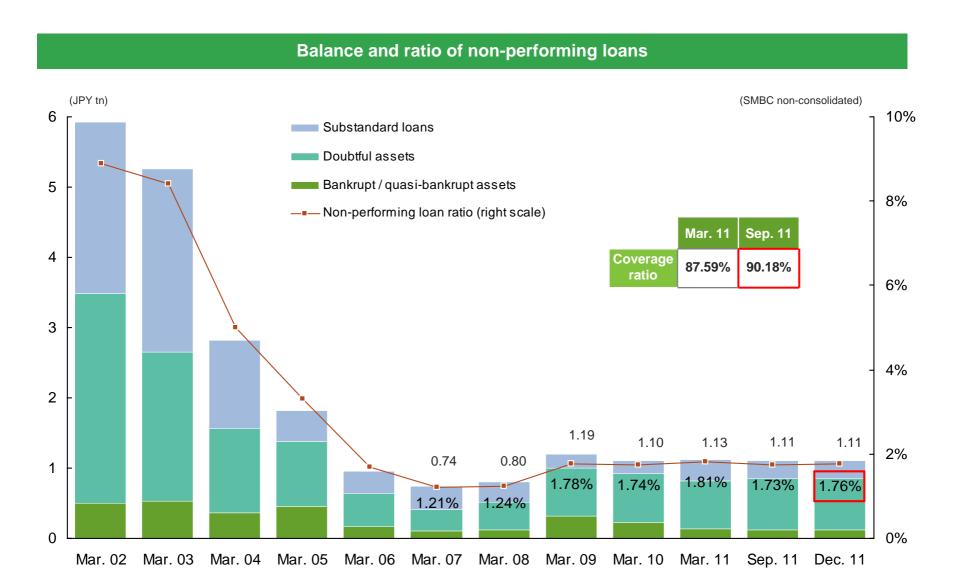


(SMFG consolidated)

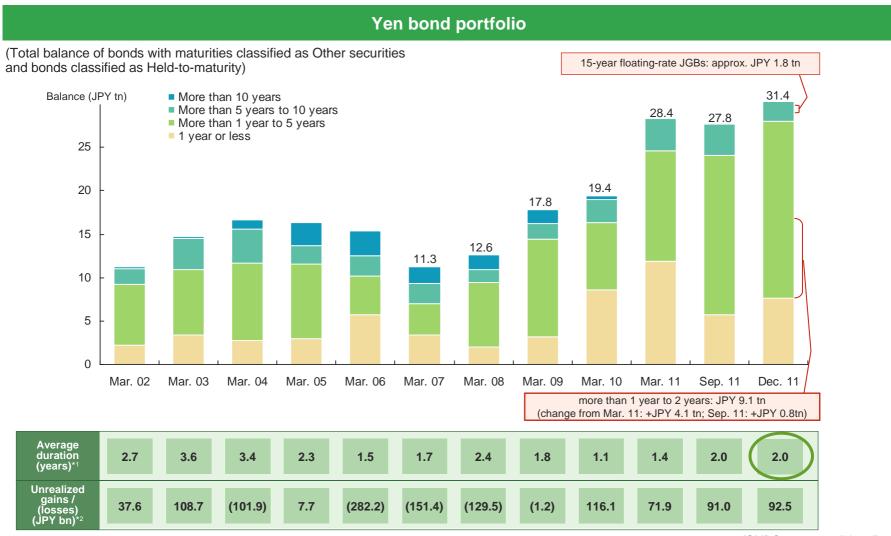
<sup>\*1</sup> Estimate. Unrealized gains are excluded for Mar. 2011 while they are included in Dec. 2011

<sup>\*2</sup> Regulatory adjustments are fully applied

### **Solid Loan Portfolio**



### Bond Portfolio - average duration held at around 2 years

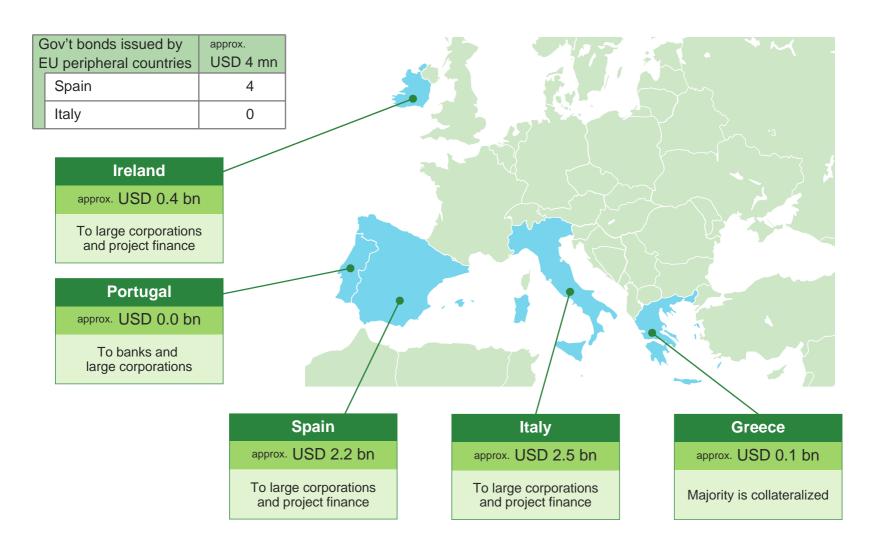


(SMBC non-consolidated)

<sup>\*1</sup> Excluding bonds classified as held to maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is regarded as zero (duration of JGB portfolio only for Mar. 02)

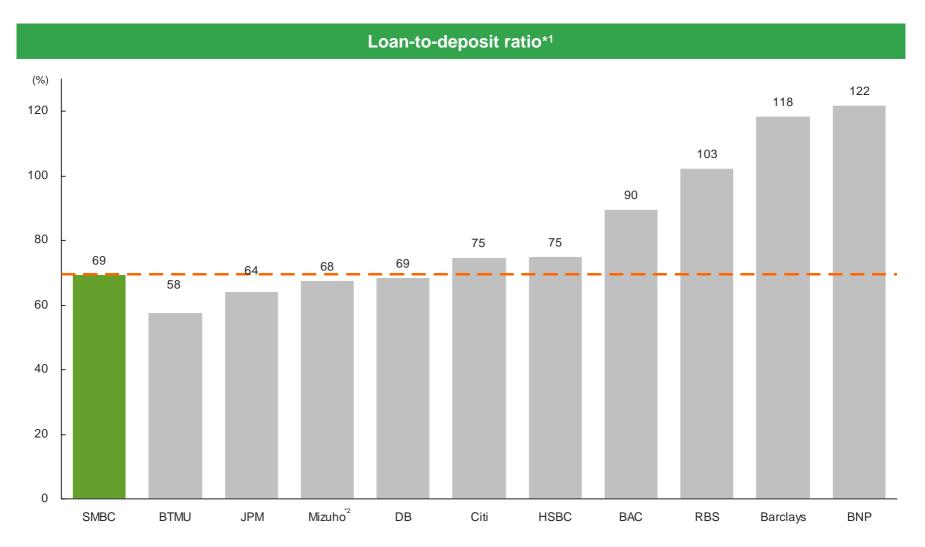
<sup>\*2 15-</sup>year floating-rate JGBs have been carried at their reasonably estimated value since Mar. 09

### Exposure to European Peripheral Countries\* - approx. USD 5.3 bn



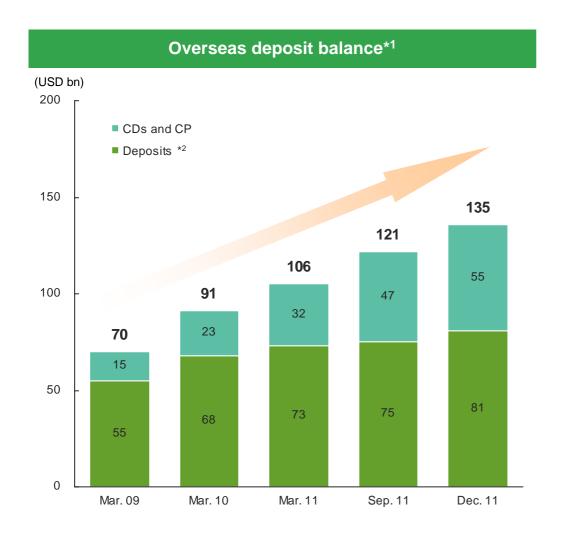
<sup>\*</sup> As of December 31, 2011. European peripheral countries are blue-colored countries: Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain

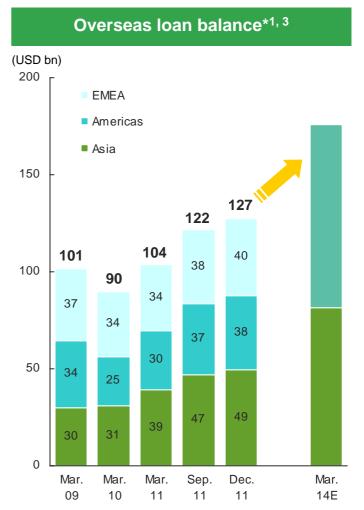
### Liquidity - supported by a sticky domestic deposit base



<sup>\*1</sup> Based on each company's financial statements (as of Sep. 30, 2011 for SMBC, The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ ("BTMU") and Mizuho, as of Dec. 31, 2011 for others). Figures of SMBC, BTMU and Mizuho are on a non-consolidated basis. The others are on a consolidated basis
\*2 Aggregate of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank

### **Foreign Currency Funding (1)**





<sup>\*1</sup> Managerial accounting basis (converted to USD at respective term-end JPY/USD rate. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China))

<sup>\*2</sup> Including deposits from central banks \*3 Classification based on booking office

### Foreign Currency Funding (2)

#### **Diversification of foreign currency funding**

- CP program for short-term funding
  - USD CP Program:
     Established Nov. 2009 (USD 5bn)
     Expanded Nov. 2011 (USD 15bn)
  - Euro CP Program:
     Established Nov. 2011 (EUR 10bn)
- Benchmark transactions: bond issuances
  - USD denominated senior bonds: issued periodically in 144A/RegS format since 2010
  - USD and EUR denominated subordinated bonds: issued to international investors
  - AUD denominated senior bonds: issued to Japanese domestic retail investors

Continue building a robust and broader investor base with periodic benchmark transactions

#### SMBC's dated foreign currency bonds issued since 2010\*

Issue Date	Sub/ Senior	Format	Tenor	Amount (mn)	Coupon
USD denomina	ated				
Jul 22 2010	Senior	144A/PogS	3 years	USD 1,000	2.15%
Jul. 22, 2010	Senior	144A/RegS	5 years	USD 1,000	3.15%
lon 14 2011	Senior	144A/PogS	3 years	USD 650	1.95%
Jan. 14, 2011	Seriioi	144A/RegS	5 years	USD 850	3.10%
			3 years	USD 400	1.90%
Jul. 22, 2011	Senior	144A/RegS	3 years	USD 500	LIBOR+ 0.95%
			5 years	USD 1,100	2.90%
			3 years	USD 500	1.90%
Jan. 12, 2012	Senior	144A/RegS	5 years	USD 500	2.65%
			10 years	USD 500	3.95%
Mar. 1, 2012	Sub	RegS	10 years	USD 1,500	4.85%
Euro denomina	ated				
Nov. 9, 2010	Sub	144A/RegS	10 years	Euro 750	4.00%
AUD denominated					
Mar. 16, 2010	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 540	5.76%
Dec. 21, 2011	Senior	Domestic Retail	3 years	AUD 430	4.28%

<sup>\*</sup> Foreign currency bonds other than AUD denominated bonds are issued to international investors

Capital, Asset Quality and Liquidity

**Profitability** 

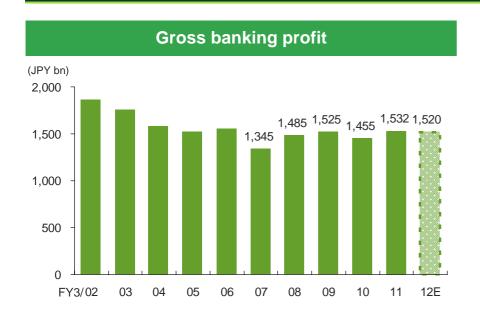
**Growth Strategy** 

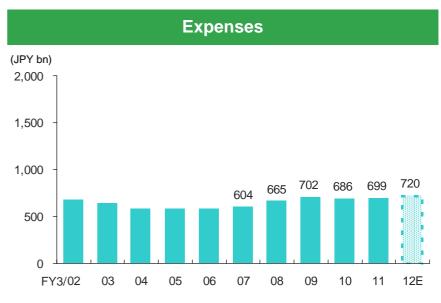
### **Trend of Bottom Line Profits**

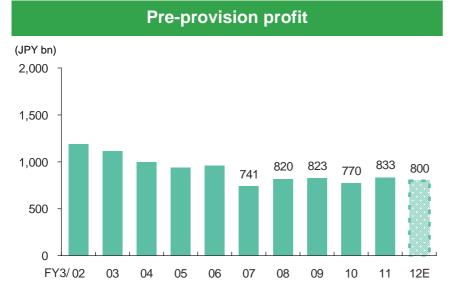
#### SMFG's consolidated net income

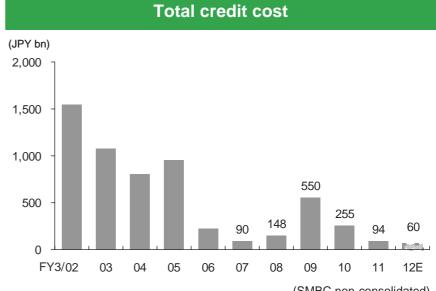


### **Trend of Major Income Components**



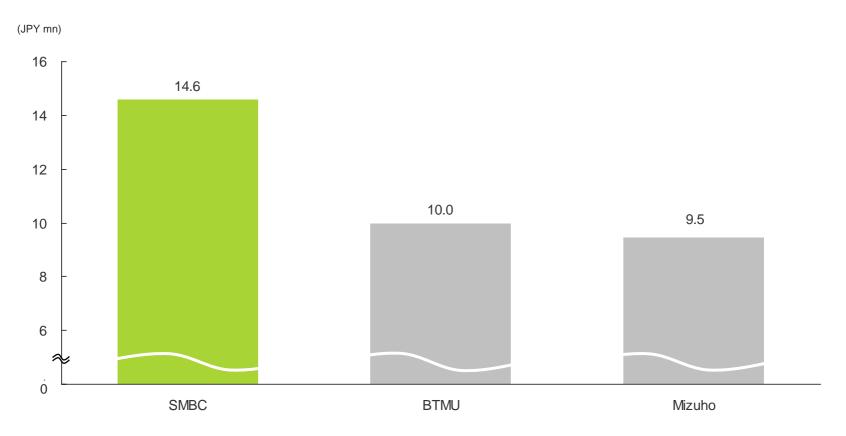






### **Competitive Productivity**

#### Pre-provision profit per employee for the 1st Half FY3/12\*1, 2



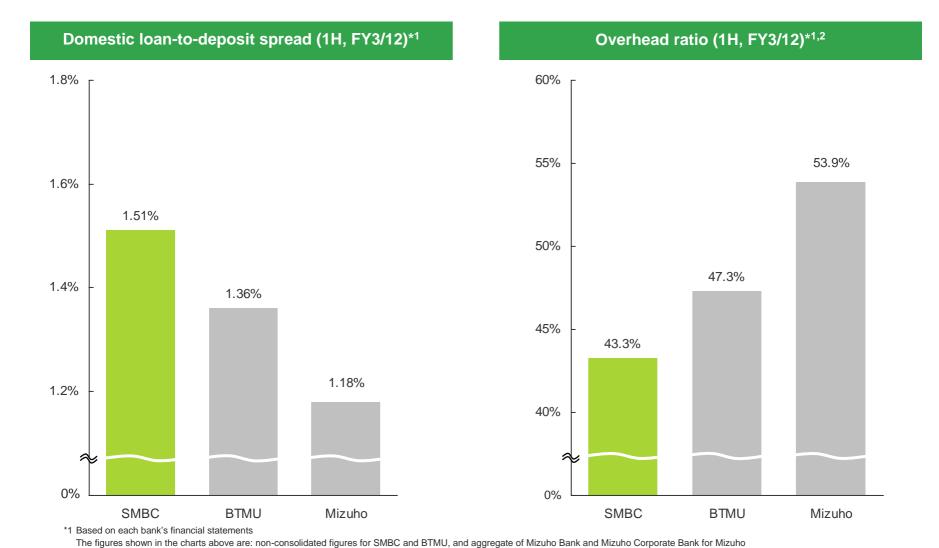
<sup>\*1</sup> Based on each bank's financial statements.

The figures shown in the charts above are: non-consolidated figures for SMBC and BTMU, and aggregate of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho

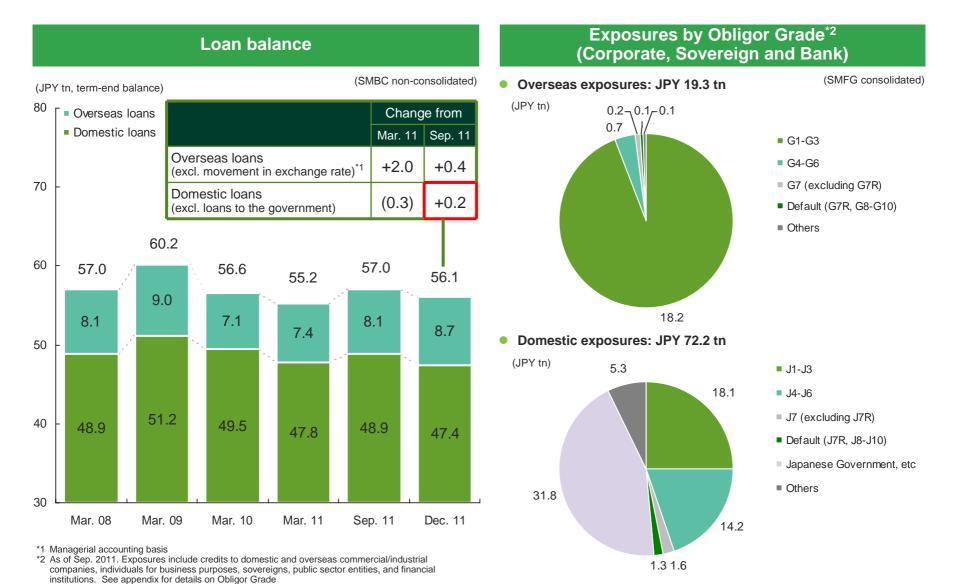
<sup>\*2</sup> Pre-provision profit excluding gains (losses) on bonds, divided by average number of employees (average number of beginning and end of the period for BTMU and Mizuho)

### **Two Major Sources of Productivity**

\*2 Expenses divided by gross banking profit



### Loan Balance and Exposures - domestic loans shows recovery



<sup>18</sup> 

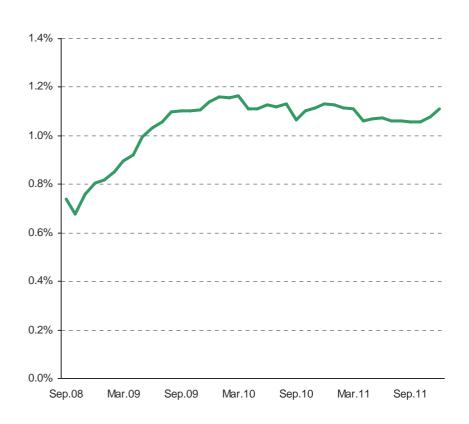
### **Loan Spread**

#### Domestic\*1

(SMBC non-consolidated)

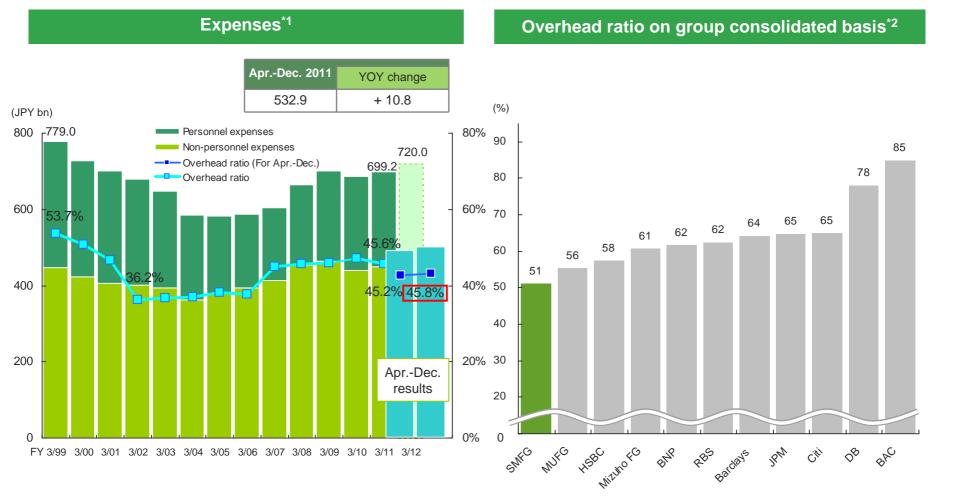
### Medium-sized enterprises and SMEs (Middle Market Banking Unit) Large corporations (Corporate Banking Unit) 1.4% 1.2% 1.0% 0.8% 0.6% 0.4% 0.2% 0.0% Sep. 08 Mar. 09 Sep. 09 Sep. 10 Sep. 11 Mar. 10 Mar. 11

#### Overseas\*1,2



<sup>\*1</sup> Managerial accounting basis. Average loan spread of existing loans \*2 Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

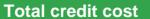
### Expenses - controlled in SMBC and on a group-wide basis



<sup>\*1</sup> Excluding non-recurring losses. FY3/01 and before: the aggregate of former Sakura Bank and Sumitomo Bank

<sup>\*2</sup> G&A expenses (for Japanese banks, excluding non-recurring losses) divided by top-line profit (net of insurance claims), based on each company's financial statements. Based on 1H, FY3/12 results for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, and based on FY11 results for others

### **Credit Costs**



(SMBC non-consolidated)



### Financial Results of FY3/2011 and 3Q, FY3/2012 (Cumulative)

	(JPY bn)	FY3/2011 results
	Gross banking profit	1,531.8
	Gains (losses) on bonds	147.1
	Expenses*1	699.2
<u></u>	<overhead ratio=""></overhead>	45.6%
SMBC cnon-consolidated>	Pre-Provision Profit*2	832.6
SMBC n-consolid	Total credit cost*3	94.3
v noi	Gains (losses) on stocks	(87.3)
	Ordinary profit	595.7
	Net income	421.2
	Ordinary profit	825.4
SMFG consolidated>	Difference from SMBC (non-consolidated)	229.7
SM	Net income	475.9
<b>V</b>	Difference from SMBC (non-consolidated)	54.7

Apr. Dog 2011		
AprDec. 2011 results	YOY change	
1,164.7	+9.1	
142.3	+4.7	
532.9	+10.8	
45.8%	+ 0.6%	
631.8	(1.7)	
24.7	(25.8)	
(55.8)	(44.8)	
523.4	+2.3	
343.9	(85.6)	
761.2	+23.0	
237.8	+20.7	
*4 411.0	(104.1)	
67.1	(18.5)	

FY3/2012 forecast (Announced Nov. 2011)
1,520
720
47.4%
800
60
640
430
900
260
500
70

<sup>\*1</sup> Excluding non-recurring losses

 <sup>\*2</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses
 \*3 Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses) in the results of FY3/2011

<sup>\*4</sup> Effects of the national corporation tax rate reduction: JPÝ (31.6) bn

### **Agenda**

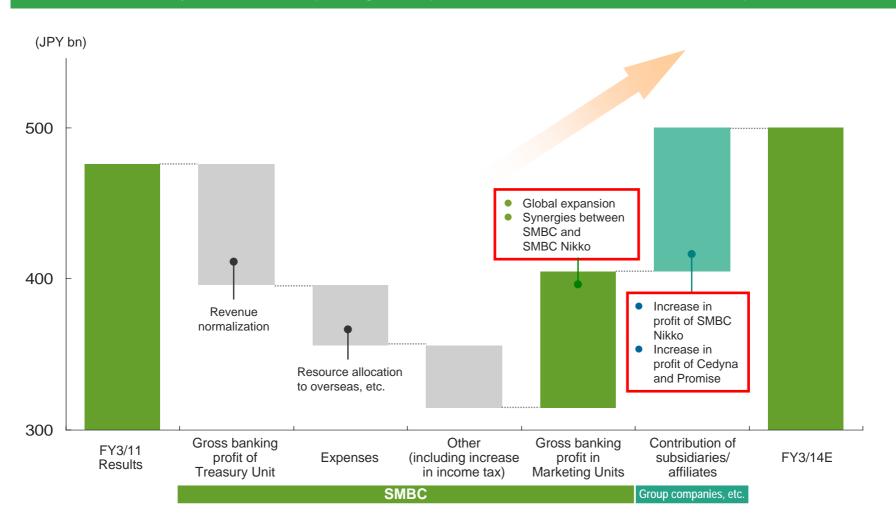
Capital, Asset Quality and Liquidity

**Profitability** 

**Growth Strategy** 

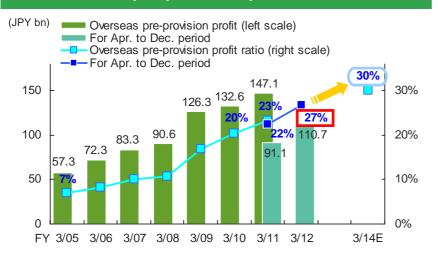
### **Profit Drivers of Medium-term Management Plan**

#### 3-year forecast of profit growth (SMFG consolidated Net income basis)

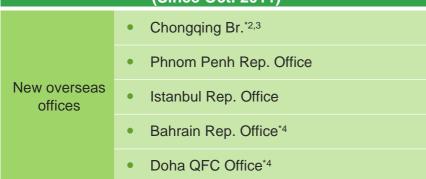


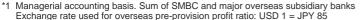
### **Global Expansion (1)**

#### Overseas pre-provision profit and ratio\*1



## Establishment of new offices (Since Oct. 2011)





<sup>\*2</sup> Branch of SMBC (China)

6 Figures based on JPY reported amounts converted at period end JPY/USD rate.

Classification based on booking office

#### Overseas loan balance\*5, 6



#### Average overseas loan spread\*5

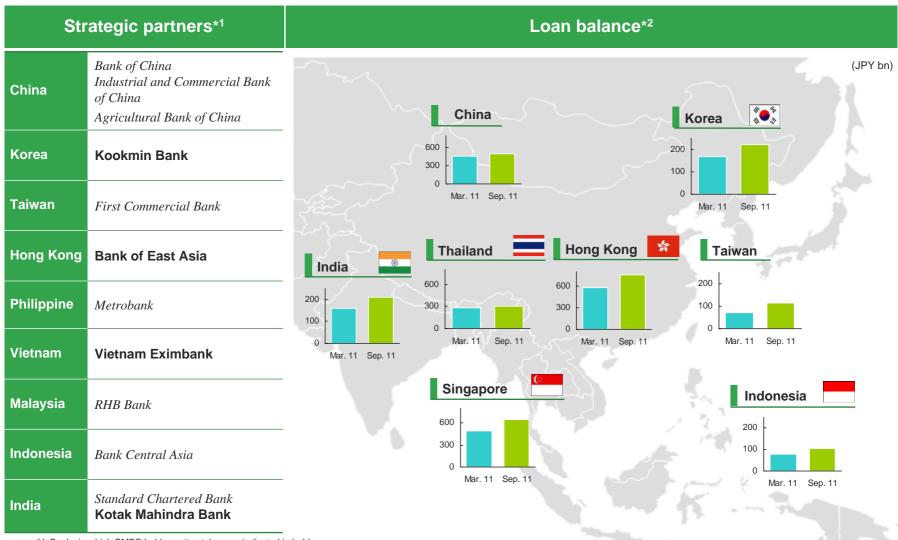


<sup>\*3</sup> Received approval for opening

<sup>\*4</sup> Upgraded from representative office to marketing office

<sup>\*5</sup> Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China).

### Global Expansion (2) - increasing presence in Asia



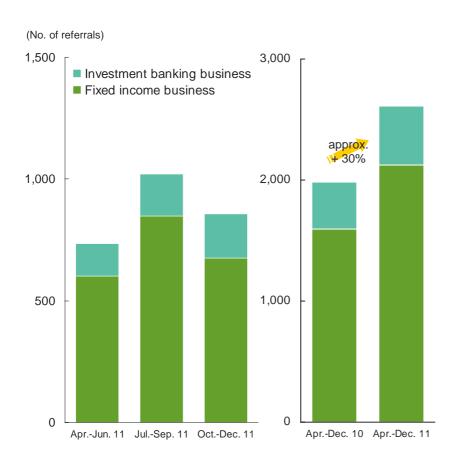
<sup>\*1</sup> Banks in which SMBC holds equity stakes are indicated in bold.

<sup>\*2</sup> Bar charts represent loan balance (aggregation by country/region based on domicile of borrowers (not by channels)).
Figures of China include those of SMBC (China). Loan balances are calculated in JPY from each country's local currency at the exchange rate of Sep. 30, 2011

### Securities Business (1) - promoting cross-selling

#### No. of referrals from SMBC to SMBC Nikko

#### Ranking related to wholesale business



Japan related league tables (AprDec. 11)		Rank	Mkt share
All Bonds in Yen (Manager, Underwriting amount)*1	SMBC Nikko	#5	12.5%
Global Equity & Equity-Related (Book runner, Underwriting amount)*2	SMFG	#3	13.1%
Financial Advisor (M&A, No. of deals)*3	SMBC Nikko	#2	3.5%

<sup>\*1</sup> Source: SMBC Nikko (corporate bonds, FILP agency bonds, municipality bonds (proportional shares as lead manager), samurai bonds)

<sup>\*2</sup> Source: SMBC Nikko based on the data of Thomson Reuters (Japanese related, group basis)

<sup>\*3</sup> Source: Thomson Reuters (any Japanese Involvement announced (excluding real estate related))

### **Securities Business (2)**

#### SMBC Nikko's results (non-consolidated)

(JPY bn)	FY3/2011	AprDec. 2011	YOY change
Net operating revenue	205.1	158.3	+0.4
SG&A expenses	166.6	133.2	+9.8
Ordinary profit	38.3	25.3	(8.0)
Net income	23.5	• 7.6	(14.3)

Including negative impact of JPY 4.7 bn from a write-down of deferred tax assets owing to the national corporation tax rate reduction  $\,$ 

#### **Business and capital alliance with Moelis & Company**

- Focus on providing cross-border M&A and other advisory services to Japanese companies
- Geographic areas for alliance:
   Japan, North America, Europe, Middle East, North Africa,
   Australia, Hong Kong and China
- SMBC invested approx. USD 93 mn in Moelis

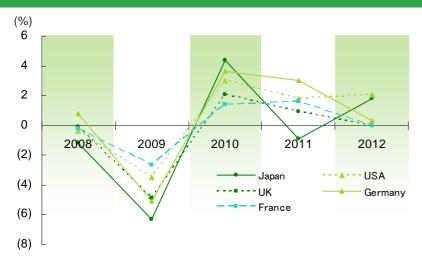
#### Peer comparison (Apr.-Dec. 2011) \* (JPY bn) 1,036.8 Net operating revenue 1,000 245.0 250 167.9 200 158.3 124.9 150 100 50 0 SMBC Nomura Daiwa Mizuho Mitsubishi Nikko UFJ (JPY bn) 40 25.3 30 24.1 **Ordinary profit** 19.1 20 10 0 **SMBC** Nomura Daiwa Mizuho Mitsubishi (10)Nikko UFJ (20)(21.8)(30)(40)(36.6)

Based on each company's financial statements. The figures shown in the charts above are: consolidated figures (US GAAP, comparison with Net revenue and Income before income taxes) of Nomura Holdings for Nomura, consolidated figures of Daiwa Securities Group for Daiwa, consolidated figures of Mizuho, and consolidated figures of Mitsubishi UFJ Securities Holdings for Mitsubishi UFJ

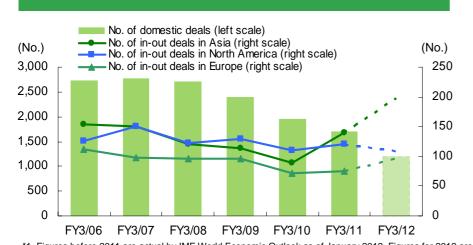
## Appendix

### **Macro Data (1)**

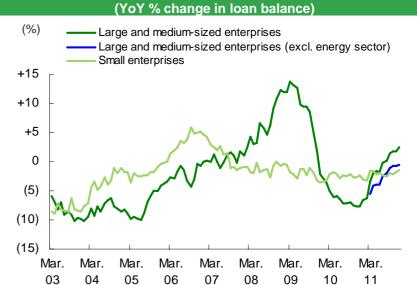




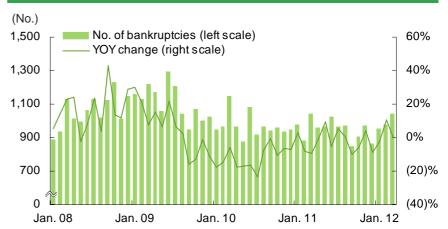
#### No. of M&A deals\*2



### Domestic corporate loans\*3



#### Corporate bankruptcies in Japan\*4

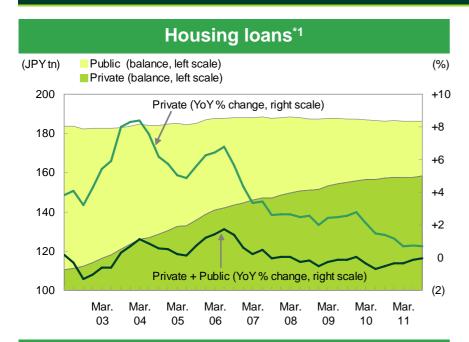


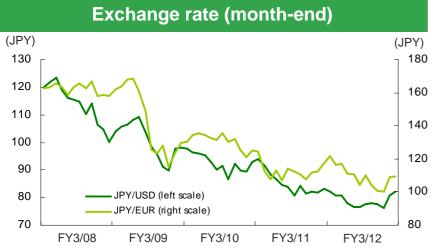
<sup>\*1</sup> Figures before 2011 are actual by IMF World Economic Outlook as of January 2012. Figures for 2012 are estimates by the Japan Research Institute

<sup>\*2</sup> Source: RECOF Corporation. FY3/12 results represent No. of deals in Apr.-Dec. 2011 \*3 Source: Bank of Japan "Loans and Bills Discounted by Sector "

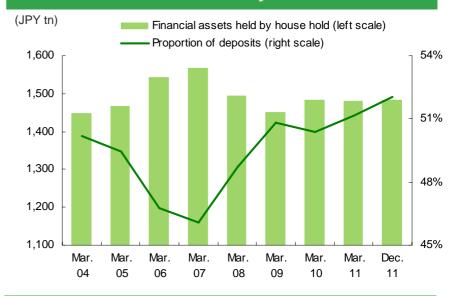
<sup>\*4</sup> Source: Teikoku Databank

### Macro Data (2)





#### Financial assets held by household\*1,2



#### Nikkei stock average (month-end)



<sup>\*1</sup> Source: Bank of Japan "Flow of Funds"

<sup>\*2</sup> Deposits does not include CDs and foreign currency deposits

## **Basel II Capital**

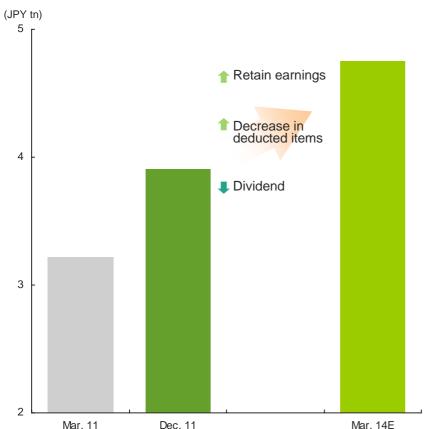
(JPY bn)	Mar. 31, 2011	Sep. 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2011
Tier I	6,324.0	6,371.8	6,326.3
Capital stock & Capital surplus	3,316.7	3,097.7	
<preferred stock=""></preferred>	[210.0]	[-]	
Retained earnings	1,702.8	1,947.3	
Preferred securities issued by overseas SPCs	1,593.6	1,564.4	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(122.9)	(109.1)	
Increase in equity capital resulting from a securitization exposure	(36.3)	(37.7)	
Tier II	2,537.0	2,364.4	2,549.1
Unrealized gains on other securities after 55% discount	169.3	66.2	
General reserve for loan losses	100.0	102.6	
Excess amount of provision	21.7	3.4	
Perpetual subordinated debt	243.0	156.5	
Dated subordinated debt	1,967.2	1,999.9	
Deduction	428.1	345.6	365.3
Total capital	8,432.9	8,390.6	8,510.1
Risk-weighted assets	50,693.7	48,860.6	50,624.6
Capital ratio	16.63%	17.17%	16.81%
Tier I ratio	12.47%	13.04%	12.49%

(SMFG consolidated)

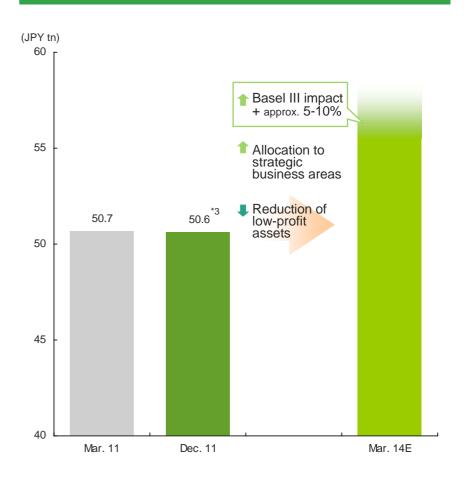
<sup>\*</sup> Based on Basel II standard (Credit risk: AIRB, Operational risk: AMA)

### **Basel III Capital Analysis**

## Illustrative Core Tier I capital (based on full implementation of Basel Ill\*1, 2)



#### Illustrative Risk-weighted assets



(SMFG consolidated)

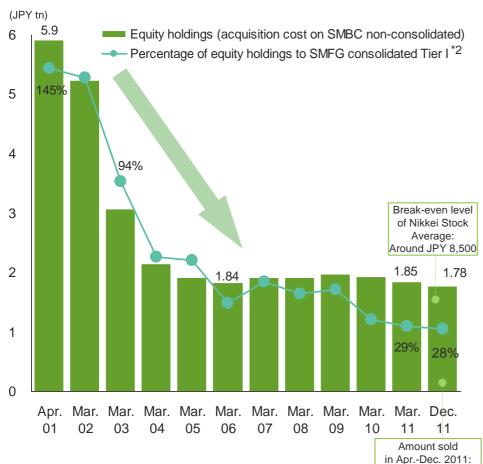
<sup>\*1</sup> Estimate. Unrealized gains are excluded for Mar. 2011 while they are included in Dec. 2011

<sup>\*2</sup> Regulatory adjustments are fully applied

<sup>\*3</sup> Including Basel 2.5 impact of approx. JPY 400 bn

### **Equity Holdings**

#### Balance of equity holdings\*1



in Apr.-Dec. 2011:

### Changes in environment

- Tightening of capital regulations
- Introduction of IFRS

Need to minimize the impact of stock price fluctuation on our capital base



Reduce un-hedged equity to about 25% of Tier I capital

approx. JPY 4 bn

<sup>\*1</sup> Balance of domestic stocks classified as Other securities with fair value

<sup>\*2</sup> Until Mar. 02, percentage to SMBC consolidated Tier I

### Overview of 3Q, FY3/2012 Results (Cumulative)

#### **Overview of 3Q, FY3/2012 results (cumulative)**

Pre-provision pro	fit*1 SMB0	C non-consolidated
79% of full-year forecast	FY3/2012 forecast JPY 631.8 b	
Total credit cost	SMB	C non-consolidated
41% of full-year forecast	FY3/2012 forecast JPY 60.0 bn JPY 24.7 br	
Net income SMFG consolidated		
82% of full-year forecast	FY3/2012 forecast JPY 500.0 bn	JPY 411.0 bn

Overseas pre-provision p	rofit ratio	erial accounting basis
Steadily increased	FY3/2014 target 30% (FY3/2011 result: 23.3%)	<b>26.8</b> %*2
Overhead ratio SMBC non-consolidated/ SMFG consolidated		
Controlled	FY3/2014 target Overhead ratio: 45%-50%	45.8%
within target	FY3/2014 target Consolidated overhead ratio: 50%-55%	52.7%

<sup>\*</sup> Effects of changes in the corporate income tax rate: JPY (31.6) bn

#### Per share information

	AprDec. 2011 YOY change		FY3/2012 (Nov. forecast)	
Net income per share	JPY 295.01	JPY (71.53)	JPY 360.92	

	Dec. 31, 2011	Change from Mar. 2011
Net assets per share	JPY 3,553.96	+JPY 20.49

<sup>\*1</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses
\*2 Based on the assumption under the medium-term management plan (USD 1 = JPY 85)

### Performance by Business Unit\*1

			(JPY bn)	1H FY3/11	1H FY3/12	YOY
			` ′			change*2
	Consumer		Gross banking profit	190.2	192.3	+ 0.4
	Banking Unit		Expenses	143.4	143.0	(0.5)
	Danking Onit	Р	re-provision profit	46.8	49.3	+ 0.9
	Middle Morket		Gross banking profit	220.7	208.8	(11.4)
	Middle Market Banking Unit		Expenses	109.5	110.8	+ 0.9
	Dariking Offic	Р	re-provision profit	111.2	98.0	(12.3)
	Composito		Gross banking profit	99.0	102.6	+ 0.6
	Corporate Banking Unit		Expenses	17.7	18.9	+ 0.9
	Dariking Offic	Р	re-provision profit	81.3	83.7	change*2 + 0.4 (0.5) + 0.9 (11.4) + 0.9 (12.3) + 0.6
	International	Г	Gross banking profit	88.8	93.5	+ 15.7
	Banking Unit		Expenses	29.1	31.0	+ 5.0
	(IBU)	Р	re-provision profit	59.7	62.5	+ 10.7
			Gross banking profit	598.7	597.2	+ 5.3
N	Tarketing Units		Expenses	299.7	303.7	+ 6.3
		P	re-provision profit	299.0	293.5	(1.0)
			Gross banking profit	251.7	227.3	(24.4)
Т	reasury Unit		Expenses	8.9	9.5	+ 0.7
		Р	re-provision profit	242.8	217.8	(25.1)
Headquarters			Gross banking profit	(11.8)	(5.0)	0.0
			Expenses	36.7	41.4	+ 2.3
		Р	re-provision profit	(48.5)	(46.4)	(2.3)
Total			Gross banking profit	838.6	819.5	(19.1)
	(Business		Expenses	345.3	354.6	+ 9.3
Units)		Р	re-provision profit	493.3	464.9	(28.4)

Gro	Gross banking profit by product <pre></pre>				
Inco	ome on domestic loans ome on domestic yen deposits 's Interest related income*3	245.7 83.4 53.2	(14.2) (1.8) +5.0		
Interes	st income	413.1	(11.2)		
	nvestment trust Pension-type insurance	27.6 4.9	+3.8 (0.9)		
	ome relating to Financial consulting for viduals	40.4	+4.4		
5	oan syndication Structured finance*4 Real estate finance*4	20.2 24.4 15.7	+0.6 +2.9 (0.9)		
Inco	ome related to IB*5 business*4	71.4	+2.3		
Mor	es of derivatives ney remittance, Electronic banking eign exchange 's Non-interest income*3	7.7 46.4 23.2 42.9	+0.4 (0.6) +0.5 +11.4		
Non-in	184.1	+16.5			
Gross banking profit of Marketing Units 597.2					
	Adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc.: (6.8)				

Nominal YOY change: (1.5)

(IDV hn)

#### Average loan balance and spread by business unit

		Average balance		Average spread	
	(JPY tn, %)	1H FY3/12	YOY change*2	1H FY3/12	YOY change*2
D	omestic loans	48.1	(0.9)	1.05	(0.04)
	Consumer Banking Unit	15.3	(0.1)	1.47	(0.03)
	Middle Market Banking Unit	16.7	(1.0)	1.14	(0.05)
	Corporate Banking Unit	11.8	(0.1)	0.71	0.00

<sup>\*1</sup> Managerial accounting basis \*2 After adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc. \*3 Including profit from Japanese corporations in Hong Kong Branch and Taipei Branch

<sup>\*4</sup> Including interest income \*5 IB stands for "investment banking"

### **Loan-to-Deposit Spread**

### Loan-to-deposit spread (financial accounting basis)

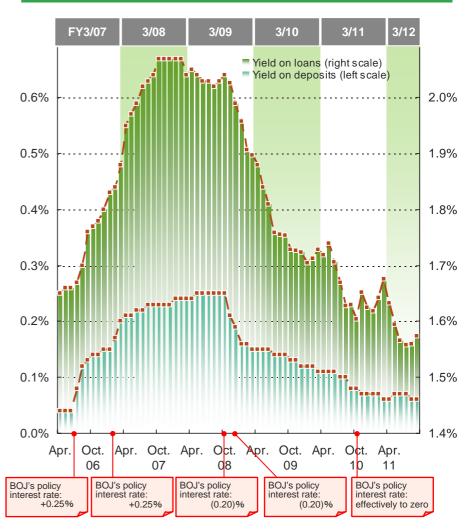
					(JPY tn, %)
		1H F	Y3/12	YOY o	hange
<domestic></domestic>		Average balance	Yield	Average balance	Yield
Loans*	(a)	45.3	1.57	(1.1)	(0.11)
Deposits, etc.	(b)	71.6	0.06	+3.4	(0.04)
Loan-to-deposit spread (a) -			1.51		(0.07)

#### <Overseas>

Loans (a)	9.1	2.00	+0.7	+0.03
Deposits, etc. (b)	10.1	0.47	+0.6	+0.02
Loan-to-deposit spread (a) - (b)		1.53		+0.01

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding loans to financial institutions

### Yield on domestic loans and deposits (managerial accounting basis)



### **Medium-term Management Plan (overview)**

**Basic policy** 

To be a globally competitive and trusted financial services group by maximizing our strengths of Spirit of Innovation, Speed and Solution & Execution.

#### Strongly support reconstruction efforts following the March 2011 natural disaster

#### **New Medium-term Management Plan (FY3/12–FY3/14)**

#### **Management targets**

- ✓ Aim for top quality in strategic business areas
- Establish a solid financial base and corporate infrastructure to meet the challenges of financial regulations and highly competitive environment

#### Financial objectives

To improve and seek a balance between financial soundness, profitability and growth

- Achieve sufficient Core Tier I ratio as required for a global player
- Enhance risk-return profile by improving asset quality
- Aim for top-level cost efficiency among global players
- Expand overseas business especially in Asia by capturing growing business opportunities

	Core Tier I ratio	approx. 8%
FY3/14 targets	Consolidated net income RORA	approx. 0.8%
	Consolidated overhead ratio	50-55%
	Overhead ratio	45-50%
	Overseas pre-provision profit ratio	approx. 30%

Key initiatives to achieve management and financial targets

#### Strategic initiatives

#### Strategic business areas

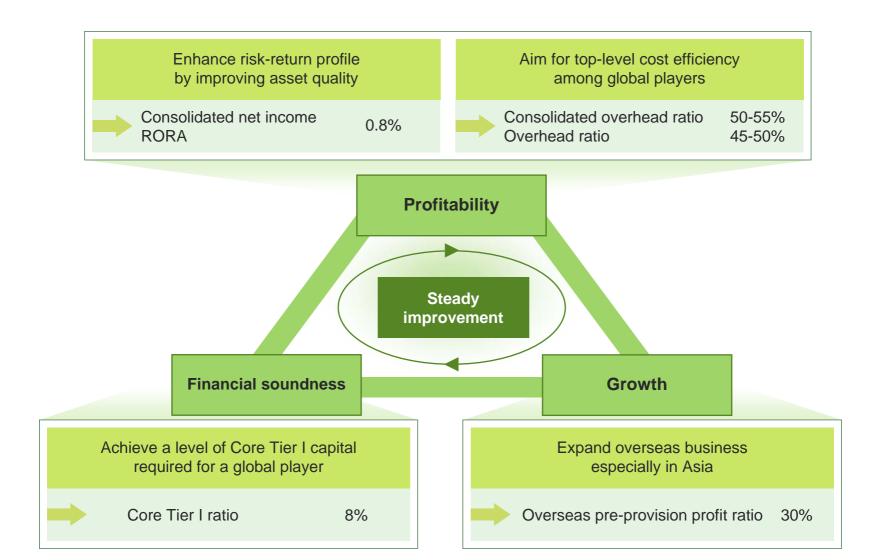
- Financial consulting for retail customers
- Tailor-made solutions for corporate clients
- Commercial banking in emerging markets, especially Asia
- Broker-dealer/ Investment banking
- Non-asset businesses such as payment & settlement services and asset management

#### Corporate infrastructure

- Extend best practice in management throughout the SMFG group
- Develop corporate infrastructure to support growing international network
- Maximize operational efficiency

### **Management Approach for Sustainable Growth**

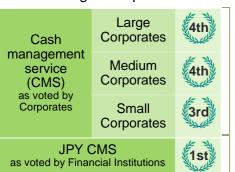
Steadily increase consolidated net income while seeking a balance between financial soundness, profitability and growth



### **Businesses with Competitive Advantage**

#### **Transaction services business**

Cash management providers' ranking (in Asia Pacific)\*1



#1 among Japanese banks for six consecutive years

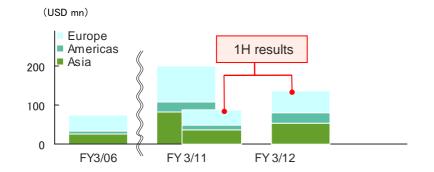
> CMS in Asia: Aim to be one of the top three global banks

#1 for six consecutive years

#### Project finance and loan syndication\*3

	Global	Asia*4
Project finance	#3	#7
Loan syndication	#9	#5

#### Trade finance related profit\*2



#### \*1 Source: "ASIAMONEY": "Cash Management Poll 2011" (Aug. 2011)

\*3 Results in 2011. Source: Thomson Reuters (Mandated arranger)

\*4 Project finance - Asia Pacific (incl. Australia and Japan), Loan syndication - Asia (excl. Japan)

#### **Example** Initiatives for infrastructure finance

Project Finance Company in Singapore

 Working in consortium with Temasek Holdings and consortium partner banks to establish a specialized Project Finance Company

One-stop service > Involved in projects from origination stage



<sup>\*2</sup> Managerial accounting basis (calculated in USD at respective term-end JPY/USD rate). Sum of SMBC and its overseas subsidiaries

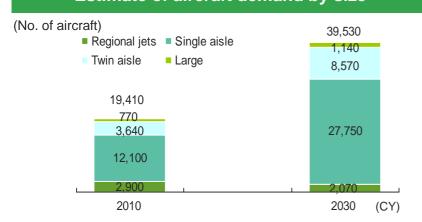
### **Acquisition of Aircraft Leasing Business from RBS Group**

#### Ranking after acquisition\*1

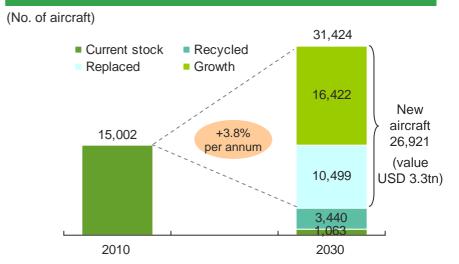
		Leasing Company	Nationality	No. of aircrafts
	1	GECAS	U.S.	1,825
	2	ILFC	U.S.	1,029
	3	BBAM	U.S.	380
$\rightarrow$		RBS AC + SMFG/SC Group*2		318
	4	AerCap	Netherlands	312
	5	CIT Aerospace	U.S.	249
	6	Aviation Capital	U.S.	244
$\dashv$	7	RBS AC	Ireland	240
=				

15 SMFG/SC Group\*2 Netherlands 78

#### Estimate of aircraft demand by size\*3



#### Estimate of passenger aircraft demand\*4



#### Estimate of airline traffic by airline domicile\*4



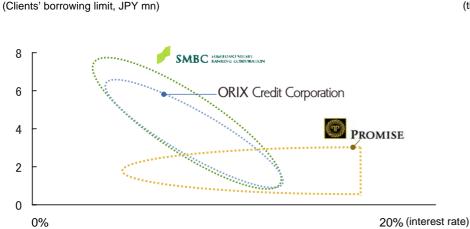
<sup>\*1</sup> As of Dec. 31, 2010, Source: Ascend

<sup>\*2</sup> Aggregate of 1) SMFG's subsidiary, SMFL Aircraft Capital Corp. and 2) Sumitomo Corporation's subsidiary, Sumisho Aircraft Asset Management

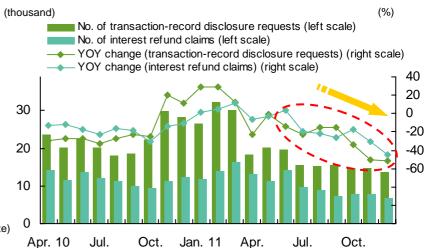
<sup>\*3</sup> Source: Boeing Current Market Outlook 2011-2030 \*4 Source: Airbus Global Market Forecast 2011-2030

### Consumer Finance - a stable and relatively high margin business

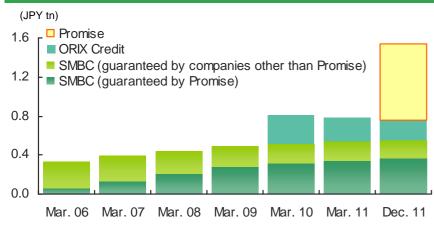
#### Overview of consumer finance business in SMFG



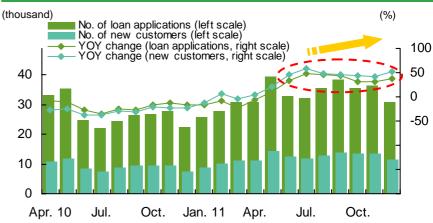
### No. of transaction-record disclosure requests and interest refund claims (Promise)



### Outstanding card loan balances of major SMFG companies



### No. of loan applications and new customers / approval rate (Promise)



### Consolidation Process and 3Q, FY3/2012 Results of Promise

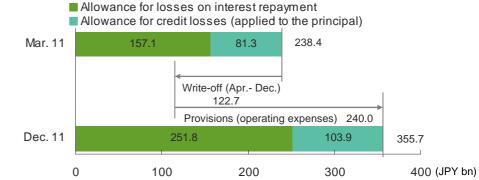
#### Making Promise a wholly-owned subsidiary of SMFG

- SMBC's tender offer for Promise shares
   SMFG's subscription of third-party allotment of Promise shares
  - Owned approx. 98% of voting rights (As of Dec. 31, 2011)
- SMFG's repurchase of its own shares (repurchased in two separate transactions to acquire 45.7 mn shares [equivalent to approx. JPY 110 bn] for share exchange\*)
  - 1st phase (Dec.2, 2011 Jan. 16, 2012)
     Amount repurchased: 22.7 mn shares [equivalent to JPY 50 bn]
  - 2nd phase (Jan. 31 Mar. 23, 2012)
     Amount repurchased: 22.9 mn shares [equivalent to JPY 61bn]
- Effective date of the share exchange\*: Apr. 1, 2012

#### 3Q, FY3/2012 results (Promise consolidated)

(JPY bn)	1H results	AprDec. 2011 results
Operating income	100.4	147.8
Recurring profit	(205.7)	(179.6)
Net income	(208.6)	(182.1)
Customer loans outstanding	801.3	773.6

#### Interest repayment-related allowance



<sup>\*</sup> The share exchange ratio is 0.36 share of SMFG common stock per share of Promise common stock

## **Obligor Grading System**

Obligor Grade  Domestic (C&I*), etc. (C&I*), etc.				
		Definition	Borrower Category	
J1	G1	Very high certainty of debt repayment		
J2	G2	High certainty of debt repayment		
J3	G3	Satisfactory certainty of debt repayment		
J4	G4	Debt repayment is likely but this could change in cases of significant changes in economic trends or business environment	Normal Borrowers	
J5 G5		No problem with debt repayment over the short term, but not satisfactory over the mid to long term and the situation could change in cases of significant changes in economic trends or business environment		
J6	G6	Currently no problem with debt repayment, but there are unstable business and financial factors that could lead to debt repayment problems		
J7	G7	Close monitoring is required due to problems in meeting loan terms and conditions, sluggish/unstable business, or financial problems	Borrowers Requiring Caution	
J7R	G7R	(Of which Substandard Borrowers)	Substandard Borrowers	
J8	G8	Currently not bankrupt, but experiencing business difficulties, making insufficient progress in restructuring, and highly likely to go bankrupt	Potentially Bankrupt Borrowers	
J9 G9		Though not yet legally or formally bankrupt, has serious business difficulties and rehabilitation is unlikely; thus, effectively bankrupt	Effectively Bankrupt Borrowers	
J10	G10	Legally or formally bankrupt	Bankrupt Borrowers	

<sup>\*</sup> Commercial/Industrial

