

Financial Results for 1st Half, FY3/2010 & Management Policies and Strategies November 25th, 2009

Agenda

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and Business Performance of 1st Half

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1. FY3/2010 Management Policy and Business Performance of 1st Half

1-1. SMFG's Approach to Current Business Environment

SMFG's Core Strategies

Aim for "a globally competitive financial services group with highest trust," by maximizing our strength in "Core Commercial Banking Business"

Management Policy in FY3/2010

Establishing the next foundation for future growth, while continuing to strengthen businesses consistent with our philosophy of 'Follow the Basics'

Managing credit costs, risk-adjusted assets and expenses

- 1 Control on credit costs / risk-adjusted assets
- 2 Control on expenses

Fortifying targeted growth business areas

- Financial consulting for individuals
 / Payment & settlement services, Consumer finance
- 4 Solution providing for corporations / Investment banking, Trust business
- 5 Focused business areas in global markets

Realizing a solid financial base as a global player

6 Enhance capital base in terms of quality & quantity



1-2. Overview of 1H,FY3/2010 and Progress of Strategic Initiatives

SMFG's consolidated Net income in 1st Half, FY3/10 was JPY123.5 billion, JPY 33.5 billion higher than the May 09 forecast, due mainly to SMBC's favorable performance

Also, we enhanced our capital base, both in quality and quantity, by successfully completing the largest-ever common equity offering among Japanese financial institutions, while continuing to strengthen targeted growth business areas through making Nikko Cordial Securities as SMBC's wholly-owned subsidiary on Oct. 1st

Managing credit costs, risk-adjusted assets and expenses

SMBC <non-consolidated>

Banking profit*

JPY 27.6 bn higher than May 09 forecast

Gross banking profit

JPY 19.3 bn higher than May 09 forecast

- √ Good performance in Gains on bonds
- ✓ Increase of Net interest income in overseas operation driven by improved loan spread, etc.

Expenses

JPY 8.3 bn lower than May 09 forecast (OHR: 47.5%)

 Controlled business promotion expenses and investment in systems and offices

Total credit cost

> JPY 73.1 bn lower than May 09 forecast

Mainly through detailed responses to our clients

SMFG <consolidated>

Net Income

JPY 33.5 bn higher than May 09 forecast

Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

SMFG SUMITOMO MITSU FINANCIAL GROUP

Realizing a solid financial base as a global player

- Raised JPY 861.0 bn through common equity offering
- Issued preferred securities (approx. JPY 1.6 tn in total since Feb.08)
 - ✓ Completed JPY 0.8 tn of refinance issued about 10 years ago > SMFG's consolidated Tier I ratio: 9.55%

Fortifying targeted growth business areas

ORIX Credit:

Jul. 09

- ✓ Made as a SMBC's consolidated subsidiary
- Bank Central Asia (Indonesia):

Jul. 09

- √ Signed MOU on mutual business cooperation
- Vietnam Eximbank:

Aug. 09

- √ Signed Technical service agreement
- Level-premium insurance, etc.

Aug. 09

- ✓ Started sales over the counter of all branches in Japan
- Nikko Cordial Securities

Oct. 09

- ✓ Made as a wholly-owned subsidiary of SMBC
- ✓ Started business as a securities and IB company

Supplementary info. P.1, 2, 21 Reference Financial Results P.4, 8 Data book P.1, 2 LEAD THE VALUE

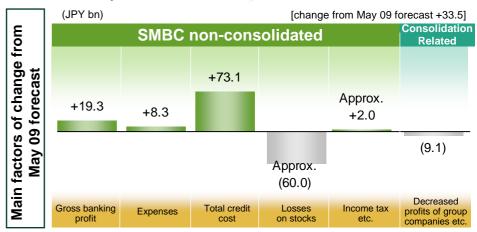
1-3. Summary of 1st Half, FY3/2010

SMBC's non-consolidated Banking profit exceeded May 09 forecast by JPY 27.6 billion, led by an increase in Gross banking profit and more stringent control on Expenses. Meanwhile, SMBC's non-consolidated Net income exceeded May 09 forecast by JPY 42.6 billion, due mainly to a decrease in Total credit cost which was JPY 73.1 billion less than May 09 forecast. As a result, SMFG's consolidated Net income exceeded May 09 forecast by JPY 33.5 billion, which was JPY 40.3 billion increase year over year

	(JPY bn)	1st Half, FY3/10	YOY Change	Change from May 09 forecast
	Gross banking profit	719.3	(15.8)	+19.3
	Expenses	(341.7)	+14.9	+8.3
	Banking profit*1	377.6	(0.9)	+27.6
idated>	Gains (losses) on stocks	(36.8)	(19.6)	
SMBC snon-consolidated>	Total credit cost*2	(156.9)	+67.2	+73.1
v ∨	Other non-recurring gains (losses)	(36.7)	(21.6)	
	Ordinary profit	147.1	+25.0	+37.1
	Net income	112.6	+32.2	+42.6
FG	Ordinary profit	222.2	+31.3	+22.2
SMFG <consolidated></consolidated>	Net income	123.5	+40.3	+33.5

*1 Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses *2 Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses)

SMFG's consolidated Net income: May 09 forecast: 90.0 > 1H FY3/10: 123.5



SMFG's consolidated Net income:

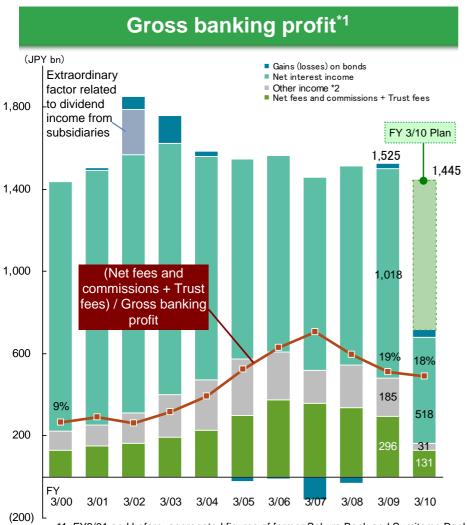
1H FY3/09:83.2 1H FY3/10:123.5
[YOY change +40.3] (JPY bn) change Consolidation SMBC non-consolidated Related +67.2 Main factors of YOY +14.9 +7.1+8.1 (15.8)(19.6)(21.6)Other non-Losses on Gross banking Expenses Total credit Income recurring profits of group

gains (losses)

companies etc.

1-4. Top-Line Profit (1) Gross Banking Profit

SMBC's non-consolidated Gross banking profit decreased by JPY 15.8 billion year over year mainly due to a decrease in loan related fees in overseas and income on foreign exchanges derived from decrease in trade volume, while Gains on bonds increased



^{*1} FY3/01 and before: aggregated figures of former Sakura Bank and Sumitomo Bank

Major factors of YOY change

	(JPY bn)	1H, FY3/10	YOY change
Gr	oss banking profit	719.3	(15.8)
Net	t interest income	517.8	+4.9
	Net interest income (loss) in domestic operations	459.4	(0.6)
	Net interest income in overseas operations	58.4	+5.5
	of which: Interest on interest-rate swaps	2.0	+10.2
	t fees and commissions + Trust fees	131.2	(17.1)
	Fees related to loans of overseas operations	17.5	(8.5)
	Fees related to securities business*3	9.4	(3.1)
Net trading income + Net other operating income		70.3	(3.6)
	of which: Gains (losses) on bonds	38.9	+43.4
	Profits from sales of derivative products	(14.0)	(15.3)
	Profits (losses) from foreign exchange*4	26.1	(19.9)

^{*3} Includes securities intermediary fees

^{*2} Other income = Net trading income + Net other operating income

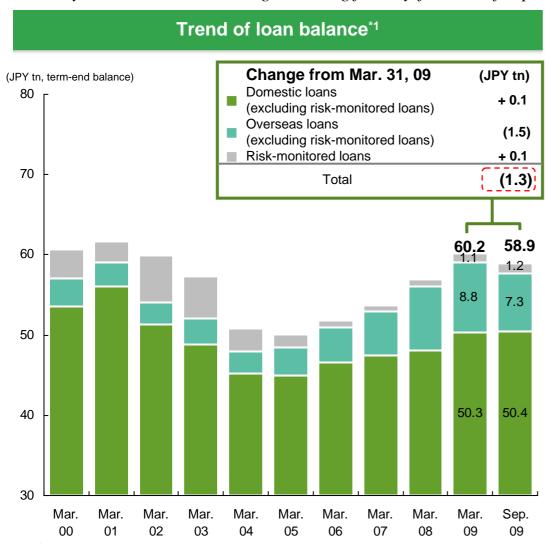
⁻ Gains (losses) on bonds

^{*4} After segmentation adjustments

LEAD THE VALUE

1-4. Top-Line Profit (2) Net Interest Income: Loan Balance

Overseas loan balance decreased from Mar 09 level due to cautious portfolio management starting in 2nd Half, FY 3/09. Domestic loan balance excluding loans to the public sector also decreased. Loan demand is limited under the faltering macro economy, while loan demand surge resulting from dysfunction of capital markets in 2nd Half, FY3/09 has subsided



*1 Mar. 01 and before: aggregated figures of former Sakura Bank and Sumitomo Bank

Term-end Balance by domestic business unit (managerial accounting basis)

(JPY tn, term-end balance)	Sep. 30, 09	Change from Mar. 31, 09
Consumer Banking Unit	15.2	+ 0.2 ^{*2}
Middle Market Banking Unit *3	19.3	(1.1)
Corporate Banking Unit	12.2	(0.0)

^{*2} After add-back adjustment of securitized portion of housing loans (Securitized approximately JPY 40 bn in 1H, FY3/10)

Overseas loans, classified by region *4 (managerial accounting basis)

(JPY tn, term-end balance)		Sep. 30, 09	Change from Mar. 31, 09
Overseas total		8.7	(1.3)
	Americas	2.6	(0.8)
	Europe	3.4	(0.3)
	Asia	2.7	(0.2)

^{*4} Includes SMBC Europe and SMBC (China) (SMBC non-consolidated)



^{*3} Excluding loans to the public sector

Reference: Supplementary info. P.3 Data book P.3, 4

1-4. Top-Line Profit (3) Net Interest Income: Loan to Deposit Spread

Tightening of domestic loan to deposit spread is due mainly to BOJ's policy interest rate cuts in Oct. and Dec. 08

Loan to deposit spread (financial accounting basis)

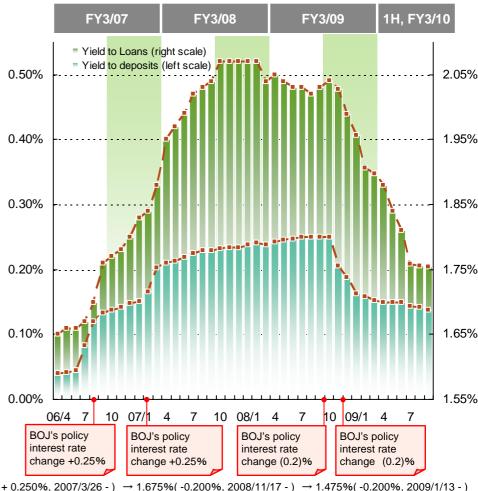
(JPY tn, %) 1H, FY3/10 YOY change **Average** Average Yield Yield <Domestic> balance balance Loans' (a) 48.2 1.77 +2.2 (0.24)Deposits, etc. (b) 67.2 0.15 +7.1 (0.11)Loan to deposit 1.62 (0.13)spread (a) - (b)

<Overseas>

Loans (a)	9.5	2.21	(0.6)	(1.80)
Deposits, etc. (b)	10.3	0.54	+0.3	(1.77)
Loan to deposit spread (a) - (b)		1.67		(0.03)

^{*} Excludes loans to financial institutions

Yield of domestic loans and deposits (managerial accounting basis)



Short term prime rate: $1.375\% \rightarrow 1.625\%(+0.250\%, 2006/8/21 -) \rightarrow 1.875\%(+0.250\%, 2007/3/26 -) \rightarrow 1.675\%(-0.200\%, 2008/11/17 -) \rightarrow 1.475\%(-0.200\%, 2009/1/13 -)$ Yield on ordinary deposit: $0.001\% \rightarrow 0.100\%(+0.099\%, 2006/7/18 -) \rightarrow 0.200\%(+0.100\%, 2007/2/26 -) \rightarrow 0.120\%(-0.080\%, 2008/11/4 -) \rightarrow 0.040\%(-0.080\%, 2008/12/22 -)$

Yield on 1 year time deposit : $0.150\% \rightarrow 0.300\%$ (+ 0.150%, $2006/7/18 -) <math>\rightarrow 0.400\%$ (+ 0.100%, $2007/2/26 -) <math>\rightarrow 0.300\%$ (-0.100%, $2008/11/12 -) \rightarrow 0.250\%$ (-0.050%, 2009/5/1 -) (over-the-counter) $\rightarrow 0.200\%$ (-0.030%, $2009/7/13 -) \rightarrow 0.170\%$ (-0.030%, $2009/9/7 -) \rightarrow 0.140\%$ (-0.030%, 2009/11/9 -) (SMBC non-consolidated)

Reference: Data book P.1, 3, 5

1-5. Performance by Business Unit

In 1st Half, FY3/10, Gross banking profit for Marketing units after adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc., was almost at the same level as 1st Half, FY3/09. Despite negative impact from policy interest rate cuts and yen appreciation etc., total Banking profit was at the same level as 1st Half, FY3/09, due mainly to good performance of Treasury Unit and stringent

control on Expenses (JPY bn)			1H, FY3/09	1H, FY3/10	YOY change*1	
	0		Gross banking profit	215.6	192.5	(5.9)
	Consumer Banking Unit		Expenses	(145.3)	(144.4)	+1.0
	Danking Onit	E	Banking profit	70.3	48.1	(4.9)
	Middle Market		Gross banking profit	281.1	231.4	(33.6)
	Banking Unit		Expenses	(111.2)	(109.2)	+1.4
	Danking Onit	E	Banking profit	169.9	122.2	(32.2)
	Composato		Gross banking profit	94.3	97.2	+19.4
	Corporate Banking Unit		Expenses	(15.7)	(16.6)	(0.1)
	Danking Onit	E	Banking profit	78.6	80.6	+19.3
	International		Gross banking profit	89.9	84.2	+18.5
	Banking Unit		Expenses	(34.6)	(27.3)	+2.0
	(IBU)	E	Banking profit	55.3	56.9	+20.5
B. A	laukatin n		Gross banking profit	680.9	605.3	(1.6)
	arketing nits		Expenses	(306.8)	(297.5)	+4.3
U	iiits	Ŀ	Banking profit	374.1	307.8	+2.7
			Gross banking profit	89.8	167.0	+78.3
T	reasury Unit		Expenses	(9.1)	(8.2)	+0.5
		E	Banking profit	80.7	158.8	+78.8
			Gross banking profit	(35.6)	(53.0)	(92.5)
Н	eadquarters		Expenses	(40.7)	(36.0)	+10.1
		E	Banking profit	(76.3)	(89.0)	(82.4)
			Gross banking profit	735.1	719.3	(15.8)
	Total		Expenses	(356.6)	(341.7)	+14.9
		E	Banking profit	378.5	377.6	(0.9)

Gross banking profit by products*2 (JPY bi						
of which:		YOY chang	<u>e</u> ">			
Income on domestic loans	261.1	+ 2.7				
Income on domestic yen deposits	104.3	(0.5)				
IBU's Interest related income	50.4	+16.8				
Interest income	441.9	+18.7				
of which: Investment trusts	16.7	+ 0.5				
Pension-type insurance	9.5	(0.2)				
Income relating to Financial consulting for individuals	27.4	(0.1)				
of which: Loan syndication	22.8	+ 4.9				
Income on structured finance*3	17.4	(2.9)				
Income on real estate finance*3	15.1	٠, ,				
Income relating to IB*4 business*3	65.9	+ 6.8				
of which: Derivatives	8.9	(14.2)				
Money remittance, EB	48.0	(0.7)				
Foreign exchange	19.8	(3.9)				
IBU's Non-interest income	33.8	+ 1.7				
Non-interest income 163.4 (20.3)						
Marketing Units	605.3	(1.6)	■ \ Nor			

Average loan balance and spread by business unit*2

	Average balance		Average spread		
(JPY tn、%)		YOY	1H,	YOY	
	FY3/10	change	FY3/10	change	
Domestic Loans	51.1	+2.6	1.04	(0.04)	
Consumer Banking Unit	15.1	+0.4	1.49	(0.04)	
Middle Market Banking Unit	19.5	(1.0)	1.19	(0.02)	
Corporate Banking Unit	12.1	+1.8	0.65	+0.09	

Adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc. (74.0)



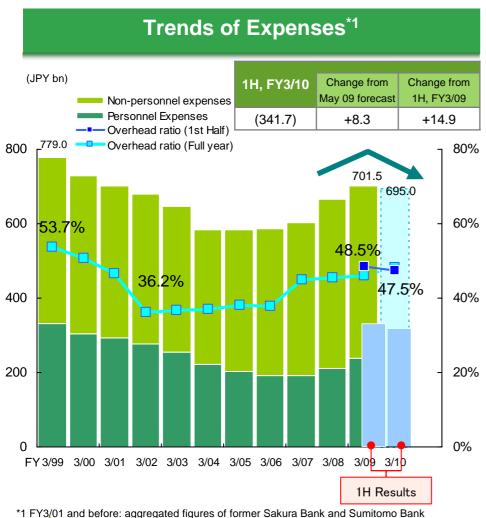
^{*1} After adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc. for Marketing Units (included in Headquarters)
*2 Managerial accounting basis *3 Including Interest income *4 IB stands for "investment banking"

<Nominal change> YOY change

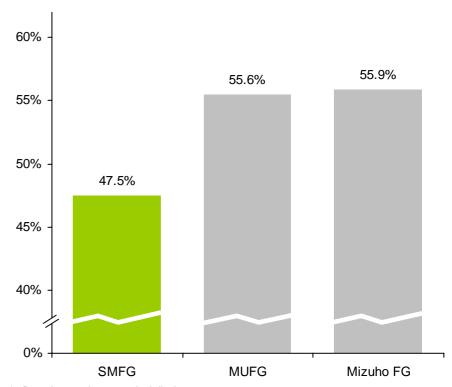
(75.6)

1-6. Expenses

SMBC's non-consolidated Expenses (excluding non-recurring losses) decreased to JPY 341.7 billion, JPY 8.3 billion lower than May 09 forecast and JPY 14.9 billion decrease year over year, due mainly to cut back in promotion expenses and stringent control/reallocation of investment in system and offices. We will strive to maintain the overhead ratio of less than 50% on SMBC non-consolidated basis



Overhead ratio (1st Half, FY3/10, comparison with peers*2)



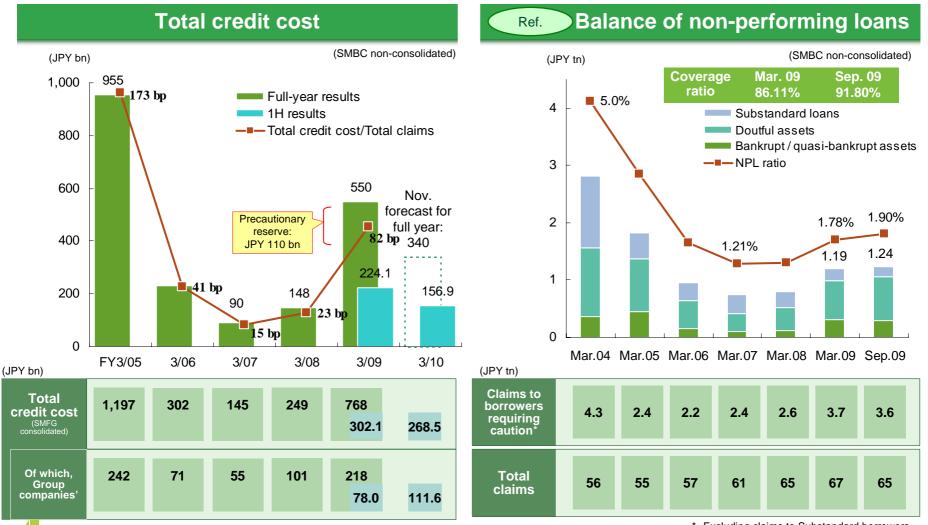
*2 Based on each companies' disclosure

The figures shown in the graphs are: non-consolidated figures of SMBC for SMFG, non-consolidated figures of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ for MUFG, and simple aggregation of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho FG

1-7. Total Credit Cost

SMFG SUMITOMO MITSU

SMBC's non-consolidated Total credit cost for 1st Half, FY3/10 decreased by JPY 73.0 billion compared with May 09 forecast and decreased by JPY 67.2 billion year over year due mainly to the Japanese government's economy-boosting measure including the emergency credit-guarantee program through credit guarantee corporations, detailed responses to our clients and improvement in overseas market



1-8. Enhancement of Risk Management

As risks increase in diversity and complexity, we are continuously reinforcing comprehensive risk management framework and risk quantification system pursuant to Basel II capital requirements

	FY3/04	FY3/05	FY3/06	FY3/07	FY3/08	FY3/09	FY3/10
Credit risk					FIRB		AIRB
Basel II						/	
Operational risk							AMA
ıra <mark>ted Risk Manageme</mark>	nt				Reir	nforcement of ris	sk management for
Comprehensive risk management	Promotion of t	the group-wide r	isk managemer	<u>nt</u>	seci	uritization and e	quity investment nt of Risk Management be and Americas Division
Quantitative risk management	Enhancement internal rating		stablishment of ethodology for I	<u>-GD</u> <u>m</u>	nplementation of anagement fram	ework at SMBC	
lit Risk Management	Implementati	operational risk on of	Establishment o	·	ication processe	Enhancem	ent of credit managemen
Concentration risk	credit amoun	t Limit				n through credit	panese borrowers
More specialized financial products*	oon Favity Co	<u>s</u>	stablishment of pecialized depa		Establishment o	Enhancem	ent Review Committee ent of ent of underlying assets
*Non-Recourse L	oan, Equity, Se	curitization etc.				-	
Portfolio management	Promotion of Portfolio Ma	f Active Inagement (APM	1)		Enhancement of the function of a		ablishment of global <u>port</u>

1-9. Stocks and Bonds

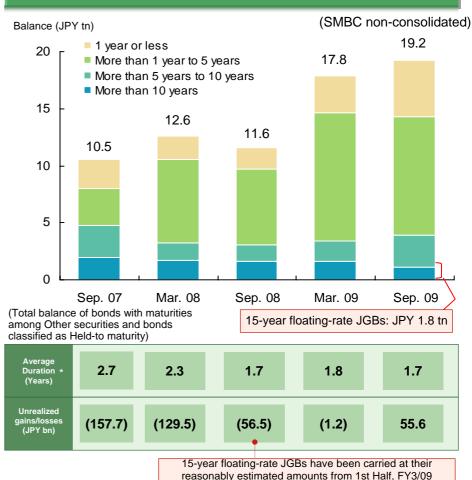
The level of Nikkei index at which SMBC's net unrealized gains on listed stocks would become zero is expected to be around 8,000 yen based on the calculation at the end of Sep. 09. Bond portfolio was managed by quickly responding to fluctuation in both domestic and overseas market interest rates

Other securities with fair value (as of Sep. 30, 09)

(SMFG consolidated)

(JPY bn)		Acquisition cost	Unrealized gains (losses)	Change from Mar. 31, 09
Stocks	5	1,975.3	527.8	520.8
	which: BC non-consolidated	1,977.3	496.0	512.5
Bonds	;	14,486.8	63.3	66.1
	which: BC non-consolidated	13,435.6	55.6	56.8
	Of which: JGBs	13,302.5	54.2	55.3
Others	5	3,774.0	13.5	50.9
	which: BC non-consolidated	3,497.6	12.1	37.0
Total		20,236.1	604.6	637.8
	which: BC non-consolidated	18,910.5	563.7	606.4

Yen-dominated bond portfolio



^{*}Excluding bonds classified as held to maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is calculated zero.



Reference: Financial Results P.8 Supplementary info. P.2 Data book P.2, 7, 8, 9

1-10. Contribution of Affiliates to Consolidated Profit

Contribution of affiliates to consolidated Net income for 1st Half, FY3/10 was JPY 10.9 billion, increased by JPY 8.1 billion

yea 	r over year (JPY bn)	SMFG consolidated	SMBC non-consolidated	Difference	
	nsolidated gross profit / n-consolidated gross profit	1,066.0	719.3	346.7	
	Net interest income	683.2	517.8	165.4	(1)
	Trust fees	0.5	0.5	0.0	
	Net fees and commissions	259.5	130.7	128.8	(2)
	Net trading income	140.6	107.5	33.1	(3)
	Net other operating income	(17.8)	(37.2)	19.4	
	neral and Administrative penses	(533.0)	(341.7)	(191.3)	(4)
Tot	tal credit cost*	(268.5)	(156.9)	(111.6)	(5)
Ga	ins (losses) on stocks	(8.9)	(36.8)	27.9	(6)
	uity in earnings (losses) of iliates	(20.0)	-	(20.0)	(7)
Ord	dinary profit	222.2	147.1	75.1	
Ext	traordinary gains (losses)	7.8	(2.0)	9.8	
Ne	t income	123.5	112.6	10.9	
	nsolidated/non-consolidated t business profit	400.4	377.6	22.8	

	Major factors i	n differe	nce
	(JPY bn)	1H, FY3/10	YOY change
	Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	31.0	+2.0
(1)	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	29.0	(2.0)
	MINATO BANK	22.0	(1.0)
(2)	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	72.0	(0.0)
(-)	SMBC Guarantee	17.0	+1.0
(3)	SMBC Friend Securities	22.0	+12.0
	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	(65.0)	+3.0
	SMBC Friend Securities	(22.0)	(1.0)
(4)	Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	(21.0)	+1.0
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(18.0)	+1.0
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(24.0)	(12.0)
(5)	SMBC Europe	(18.0)	(11.0)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	(14.0)	(3.0)
(6)	Reversal of impairment losses on Promise's equity	29.0	+29.0
	Cedyna Financial	(20.0)	(20.0)
(7)	Daiwa Securities SMBC	4.0	+21.0

1-11. Capital

We enhanced our capital base both in terms of quality and quantity, through public offering of common equity, refinance of preferred securities and accumulation of consolidated Net income

	(JPY bn)	Mar.31, 09 (a)	Sep.30, 09 (Preliminary) (b)	(b) - (a)	
1	Fier I	4,335.1	5,295.2	+960.1	
	Capital stock & Capital surplus	1,478.1	2,343.5	+865.4	(1)
	<preferred stock=""></preferred>	[310.2]	[310.2]	-	
	Retained earnings	1,224.0	1,296.8	+72.8	(2)
	Preferred securities issued by overseas SPCs	1,763.3	1,730.5	(32.8)	(3)
	Unrealized losses on Other securities	(14.6)	-	+14.6	
	Foreign currency translation adjustment	(129.1)	(86.1)	+42.9	
	Amount equivalent to 50% of expected looses in excess of qualifying reserves	(17.6)	(47.1)	(29.5)	
	Increase in equity capital resulting from a securitization exposure	(42.1)	(40.1)	+2.0	
T	ier II	2,421.0	2,765.5	+344.5	
	45% of unrealized gains on Other securities	-	307.6	+307.6	(4)
	45% of land evaluation excess	37.2	37.2	(0.0)	
	Allowance for general loan losses	80.4	79.5	(0.9)	
	Perpetual subordinated debt	762.6	676.2	(86.4)	
	Dated subordinated debt	1,540.8	1,665.0	+124.2	(5)
	Peduction	(708.2)	(779.2)	(71.0)	
T	otal capital	6,047.8	7,281.5	+1,233.7	
	tisk-adjusted assets	52,726.5	55,423.3	+2,696.8	(6)
C	capital ratio*1	11.47%	13.13%	+1.66%	
	Tier I ratio	8.22%	9.55%	+1.33%	
N	let deferred tax assets	830.4	672.0	(158.4)	

Tier I	
(1) Capital increase by public offering	+ 861.0 bn
(2) Consolidated net income	+ 123.5 bn
Dividends	(51.0)bn
(3) Issuance of preferred securities	+ 343.0 bn
Redemption of preferred securities	(340.0)bn

Net deferred tax assets / Tier I (SMFG consolidated): 12.7% (as of Sep. 30, 09, decreased by 6.5% compared with Mar. 31, 09)

Tier II

- (4) Increase in valuation difference on available-for-sales +307.6 bn
- (5) Issuance of dated subordinated debt +250.8 bn
 Redemption of dated subordinated debt etc. (126.8)bn

Risk-adjusted assets

(6)			
(JPY bn)	Mar. 31, 09	Sep. 30, 09 (Preliminary)	Change from Mar.31, 09
Credit risk-adjusted assets	49,397.2	52,171.0	+2,773.8
Market risk equivalent	265.7	235.8	(29.9)
(Reference) Outlier ratio*2	8.6%	8.1%	(0.5)%
Operational risk equivalent	3,063.6	3,016.5	(47.1)
Total	52,726.5	55,423.3	+2,696.8

Credit risk-adjusted assets increased due to PD*3 impact



^{*1} Figures are on the basis of Basel II standard (Credit risk: AIRB, Operational risk: AMA)
*2 SMBC consolidated basis *3 "PD" stands for "Probability of Default"



2. Management Policy in 2nd Half, FY3/2010 and Fortification of Growth Business Areas

Reference: Financial Results P.1, 2 Supplementary Info. P.20

LEAD THE VALUE

2-1. Earnings Forecast for FY3/2010

Comparing with May $\overline{09}$ forecast, SMBC's non-consolidated Net income for FY3/10 is forecasted to increase by JPY 20 billion, due mainly to decrease in Total credit cost by JPY 40 billion. SMFG's consolidated Net income for FY3/10 is forecasted to be JPY 220 billion, the same level as May 09 forecast, due mainly to decrease in Cedyna Financial's Net income by JPY 18 billion, based on SMFG's interest

				Forecast	
	(JPY bn)	FY3/09 Results (a)	Results of 1H, FY3/10	for FY3/10 in Nov. <forecast in="" may=""> (b)</forecast>	(b)-(a)
	Gross banking profit	1,524.9	719.3	1,445.0 <1,445.0>	(79.9)
	Expenses	(701.5)	(341.7)	(695.0) <(695.0)>	+ 6.5
	Overhead ratio	46.0%	47.5%	48.1% <48.1%>	+ 2.1%
SMBC non- consolidated	Banking profit*1	823.4	377.6	750.0 <750.0>	(73.4)
	Total credit cost*2	(550.1)	(156.9)	(340.0) <(380.0)>	+ 210.1
	Ordinary profit	36.1	147.1	330.0 <310.0>	+ 293.9
	Net income	(301.1)	112.6	200.0 <180.0>	+ 501.1
SMFG	Ordinary profit	45.3	222.2	490.0 <510.0>	+ 444.7
consolidated	Net income	(373.5)	123.5	220.0 <220.0>	+ 593.5

^{*1} Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

Assumption for FY3/2010 forecast

	Forecast announced in May 09	Forecast announced in Nov. 09
Nominal growth rate of GDP	(3.5)%	
3 month JPY TIBOR	0.65%	0. 56%
FF target rate	0.00 - 0.25%	
Exchange rate (JPY/USD)	90	
Nikkei Stock Average (JPY)	7,765*3	10,133*4

^{*3} As of Mar. 31, 09 *4 As of Sep. 30, 09

Common share dividends

 The same as May 09 forecast, as we expect no significant changes in SMFG's consolidated financial results for FY3/10.
 (JPY 90 per share, of which JPY 45 to be paid as interim dividend)



^{*2} Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses)

2-2. Growth Opportunities through Nikko Cordial Securities

On Oct. 1, 09, we brought Nikko Cordial Securities into a member of the group companies as a wholly-owned subsidiary of SMBC

In retail area, financial assets under account is making a steady growth, especially through favorable sales of jointly developed and provided investment trusts by SMBC and Nikko Cordial Securities started from Oct. 1st

Also in wholesale area, both equity/bond underwriting businesses and bond trading business has achieved good results

Retail business area

Formed solid retail platform

- Dramatically expanded our retail platform to JPY 65 tn in financial assets under account, with approx. 9,800 personnel at approx. 600 locations nationwide
- Respond to the various needs of customers by the introduction of know-how and new products/services through cooperation between SMBC and Nikko Cordial Securities

Specific initiatives

- Provide jointly developed investment trusts
 - Investment trusts provided from Oct. 09
 - Initial sales amount (Oct. 30): JPY 215.7 bn
 - Bond funds: Recorded largest initial sales amount as a single series of Japanese investment trusts in this fiscal year
- Co-sponsored joint seminars (Oct. 09) Approx. 2,200 customers in total visited
- Started mutual introduction of customers
- Securities intermediary (plan)

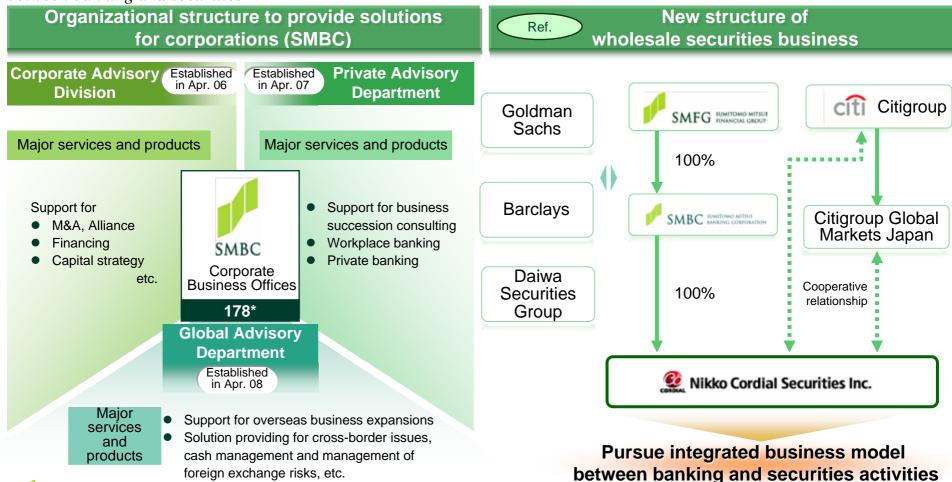
Early realizing completion of "total consulting business"





2-3. Solution Providing for Corporations / Investment Banking Business

We are providing high-quality financial solutions for our customers' diversified management issues through three cross-sectional specialized departments in the realm of consumer, corporate and overseas business Furthermore, adding Nikko Cordial Securities to our group companies, we will provide high-quality services to a broad range of customers, from global companies to small and medium-sized enterprises, based on the easing of firewall regulation between banking and securities

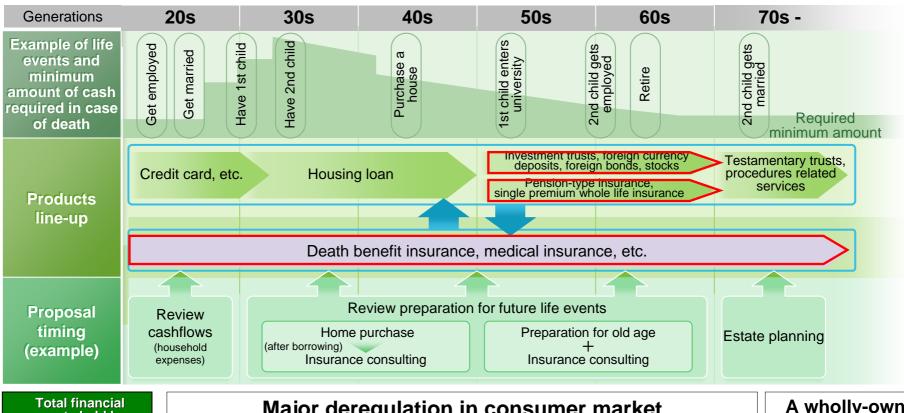




2-4. Financial Consulting for Individuals

Establishing "total consulting" business model by proposing products and services which optimally respond to customers' needs and consistently providing follow-up information, which makes SMFG's business less sensitive to changes in market conditions

Products line-up was significantly expanded through taking advantage of deregulation and making Nikko Cordial Securities as a wholly-owned subsidiary of SMBC, etc.



assets held by **Japanese** households JPY 1,441 tn (as of Jun. 09) Ratio of cash & deposits 55.2%

Major deregulation in consumer market

Sales of investment trusts (Dec. 1998)

Sales of pensiontype insurances (Oct. 2002)

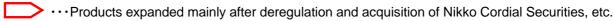
Securities intermediary business (Dec. 2004)

Full-range deregulation of sales of insurance products (Dec. 2007)

A wholly-owned subsidiary of **SMBC**



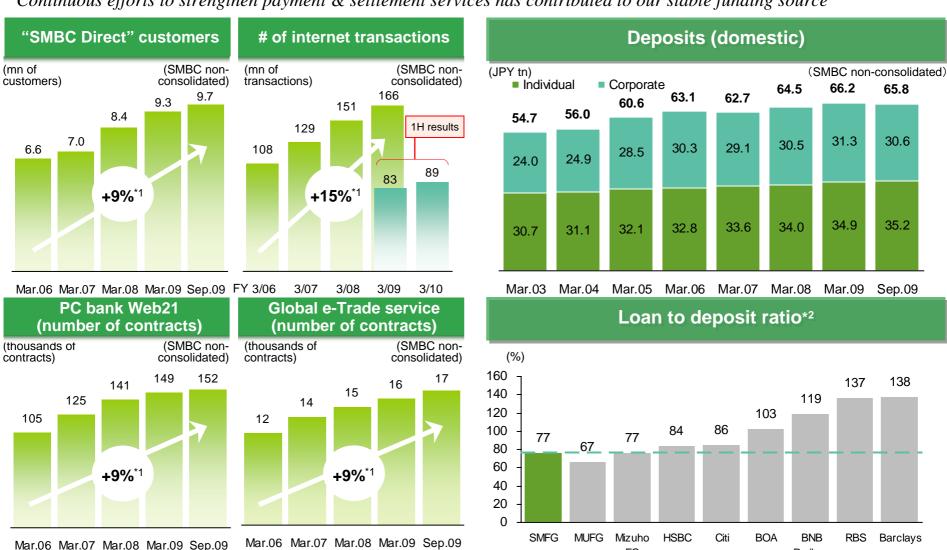


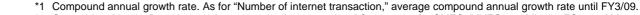


LEAD THE VALUE

2-5. Payment & Settlement Services, Consumer Finance (1) Settlement Businesses and Stable Deposit Base

Continuous efforts to strengthen payment & settlement services has contributed to our stable funding source





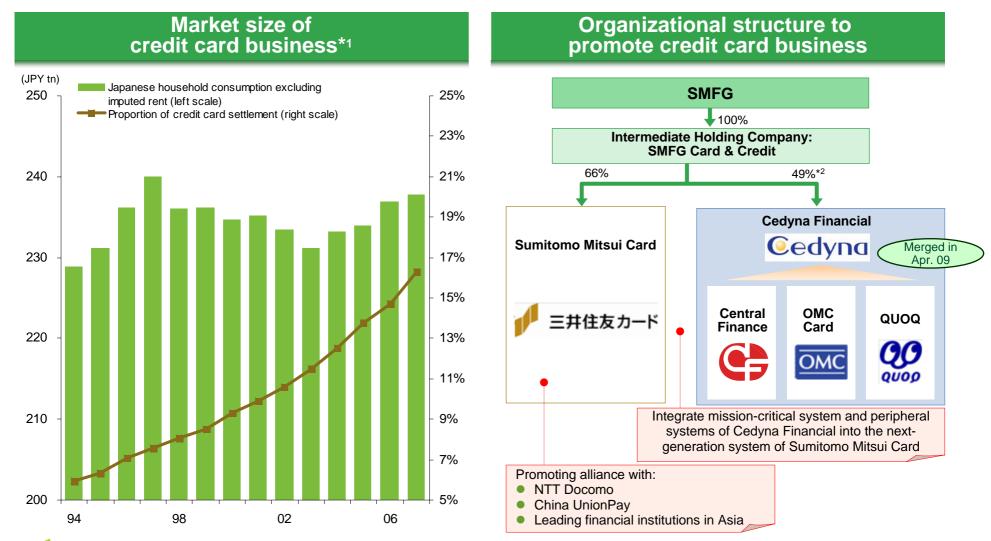
^{*2} Consolidated basis. Based on each company's disclosure. As of Sep. 30, 09 for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, as of Mar. 31, 09 for Citi, BOA and RBS, and as of Dec. 31, 08 for HSBC, BNB Paribas and Barclays.

FG

Paribas

2-5. Payment & Settlement Services, Consumer Finance (2) Credit Card Business

Sumitomo Mitsui Card and Cedyna Financial have initiated system integration and also implementing such measures as mutual introduction of each product, collaboration for affiliate cards and holding joint seminars to achieve synergies



MO MITSUI

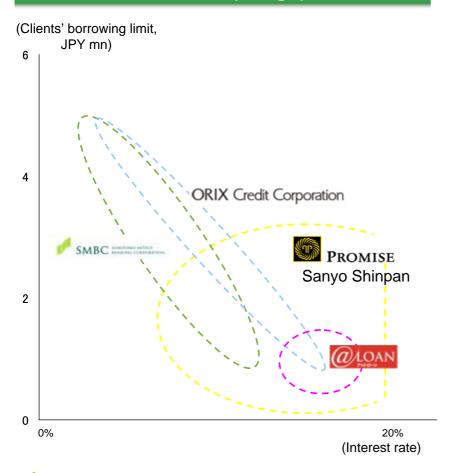
^{*1 &}quot;SNA," Cabinet Office of Japan, "Statistics on Japanese Consumer Credit," Japan Consumer Industry Association. Amount of credit card settlement is based on card sales amount handled.

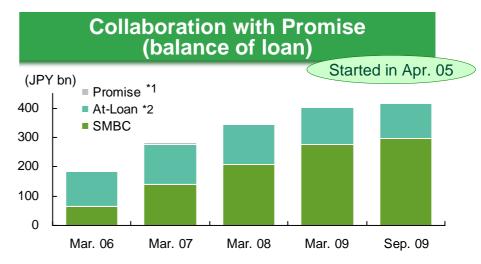
^{*2} Total shares held by SMFG group

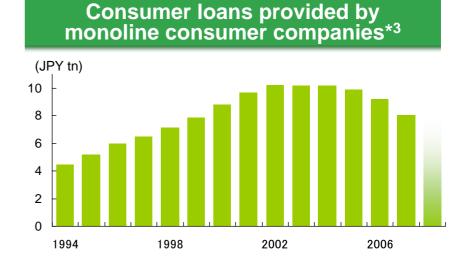
2-5. Payment & Settlement Services, Consumer Finance (3) Consumer Finance

Healthy demand to unsecured consumer loan would exist as long as timing gaps between payment for consumption and revenue of monthly salary and seasonal bonus remain in the world

Overview of consumer finance business in SMFG (image)







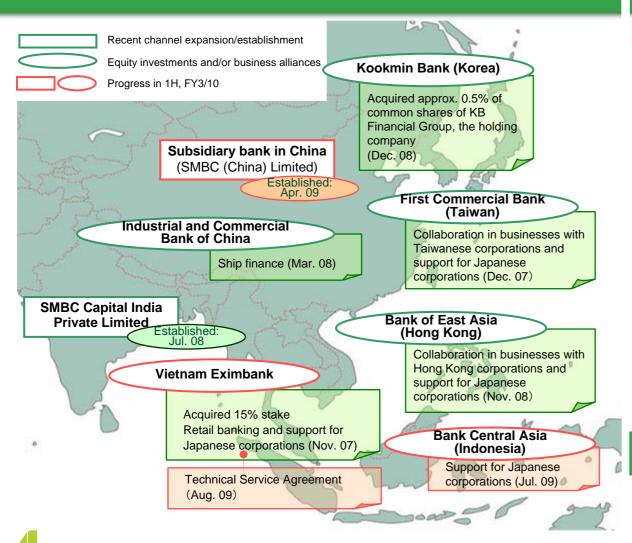


- *1 Stopped origination in Feb. 07
- *2 Including loans which At-loan provided before collaboration
- *3 Source: "Statistics on Japanese Consumer Credit (2009)" by Japan Consumer Industry Association

2-6. Overseas Strategy (1) Growth Opportunities through Alliances

Expanding service line-up through alliance with financial institutions in Asia and in global markets

Channel expansion/establishment/strategic alliances in Asia



Alliances with global financial institutions

BARCLAYS

Jul. 08

Outline of capital Investment

SMBC invested in Barclays (common shares: approx. GBP 500 mn)

Strategic cooperation

Basic agreement: Jun. 08

- Complement global network including emerging markets
 - e.g. Exploring cooperation in business in South Africa
- Leverage Barclays' expertise and products to strengthen growth businesses
 - e.g. Exploring cooperation in wealth management
- Trainee program

Other development

SMBC started to sell Barclays' bonds through SMBC's franchise (securities intermediary).

Sep. 09

Products with competitive edge (global)

Loan syndication*1

Project finance*2



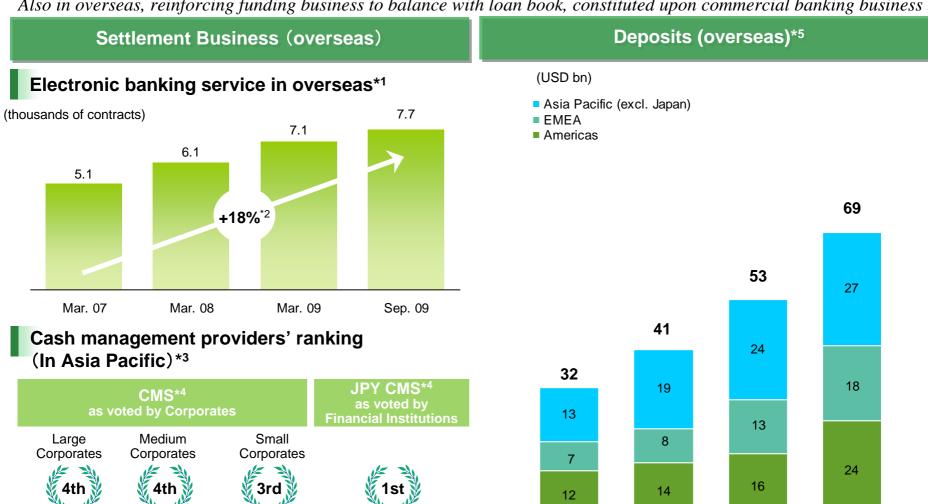


SUMITOMO MITSUI *1 Bookrunner (Jan. - Sep., 09). Source: Thomson Reuters

2-6. Overseas Strategy

(2) Fortifying Settlement Businesses and Deposit Base

Also in overseas, reinforcing funding business to balance with loan book, constituted upon commercial banking business base



1st among Japanese Banks for the four years running

SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI

*1 Total of electronic banking services provided in overseas *2 Compound annual growth rate

Mar. 07

- *3 Source: "ASIAMONEY": "The Cash Management Poll 2009" (Aug. 09)
- *4 "CMS" stands for "Cash Management Service"
- *5 Managerial accounting basis. Total balance of SMBC non-consolidated, SMBC Europe and SMBC China

Mar. 08

Mar. 09

Sep. 09



3. Realizing a Solid Financial Base as a Global Player

3-1. Capital Policy in 1st Half, FY3/2010

Enhanced capital base both in terms of quality and quantity, through JPY 861.0 billion common equity offering and completed refinance of JPY 0.8 trillion of preferred securities issued about ten years ago

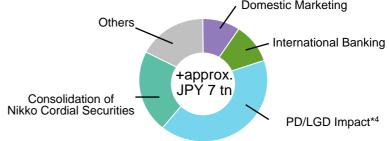
Tier I Capital / Tier I ratio*1 (JPY tn) Preferred stocks Preferred securities 5.3 Other Tier I capital 0.3 4.3 4.4 0.4 0.3 1.7 4 1.2 1.8 2 3.3 2.8 2.3 0 Mar. 08 Mar. 09 Sep. 09 6.94% 8.22% 9.55% Tier I ratio Ref. 4.4% 4.3% 5.9% "Core Tier I*2 ratio" Risk-adjusted assets 53 55 63 (JPY tn)

Tier I capital raising and redemption since 08

Feb. 08	JPY 135.0 bn	Preferred securities (Non step-up)	Domestic market
May 08	USD 1,800 mn	Preferred securities (Non step-up)	Overseas market (Asian retail)
Jun. 08	USD (1,800) mn	Preferred securities (Step-up)	Redemption of "OPCO" (SB Treasury Company LLC)
Jul. 08	USD 1,350 mn / GBP 250 mn	Preferred securities (Step-up)	Overseas market
Dec. 08 – Jan. 09	JPY 698.9 bn	Preferred securities (Step-up/Non step-up)	Domestic market
Jan. 09	JPY (283.8) bn	Preferred securities (Non step-up)	Redemption of SPCL (Sakura Preferred Capital (Cayman) Limited)
refinanced Jun. 09	JPY (340.0) bn	Preferred securities (Non step-up)	Redemption of SBES (SB Equity Securities (Cayman), Limited)
Jun. – Jul. 09	JPY 861.0bn	Common stocks	Domestic and overseas market
Aug. – Sep. 09	JPY 388.0 bn*3	Preferred securities *3 Including J	Domestic market PY 45.0 bn paid in on Oct.15th, 09

LEAD THE VALUE





^{*1} Based on Basel II standard (Credit risk: FIRB for Mar. 08, AIRB from Mar. 09, Operational risk: AMA)

^{*2} While "Core Tier I" is not defined in international agreements, we estimated "Core Tier I capital = Tier I capital - Preferred stocks - Preferred securities"

Expected increase in risk-adjusted assets due to changes in probability of default and loss given default. PD: Probability of Default, LGD: Loss Given Default

3-2. Current Business Environment and Tightening Capital Adequacy Requirements

As a global financial services group, SMFG will respond to the new regulatory framework in an appropriate manner to remain competitive and achieve sustainable growth

Adjustment of Asset Prices / De-leveraging Further Deterioration of Macro Economy Lehman Brothers' bankruptcy Governmental Support to Economy Initiatives to Tighten Capital Adequacy Requirements Initiatives for Convergence in Accounting Standard	2007	2008 - 2009			After 2010
Sub-prime Crisis Cris		Adjustment of Asset Prices / De-leveraging			
Crisis Brothers' bankruptcy Initiatives to Tighten Capital Adequacy Requirements			Further Deterioration of Macro Economy	У	Regime"
Initiatives to Tighten Capital Adequacy Requirements			GOVERNMENTAL SUDDON TO ECONOMY		
Initiatives for Convergence in Accounting Standard	Crisis	bankruptcy	Initiatives to Tighten Capital Adequa		y Requirements
			Initiatives for Convergence	ce in Accou	nting Standard

Root causes of current crisis*

- Lack of adequate appreciation of risks
- Vulnerabilities in the system
 - Weak underwriting standards
 - Unsound risk management
 - Increasingly complex and opaque financial products
 - Excessive leverage

Agreement of the oversight body of Basel Committee

Sep. 09

Agreed:

- The predominant form of the Tier I capital must be common shares and retained earnings
- Introduction of a leverage ratio as a supplementary measure
- Introduction of a framework for countercyclical capital buffer

Leaders' Statement The Pittsburgh Summit

Sep. 09

Agreed:

- Developing by end-2010 internationally agreed rules
- These rules will be phased in as financial conditions improve and economic recovery is assured, with the aim of implementation by end-2012

etc.

etc.

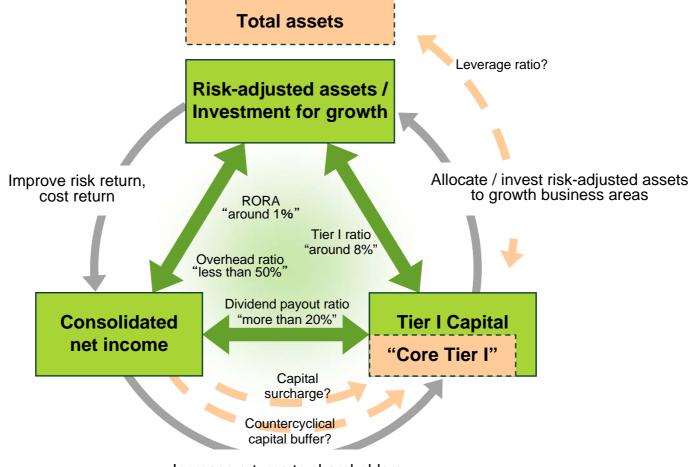
Source: "Declaration of the Summit on Financial Markets and the World Economy," Nov. 15, 08, G20



In Closing

Management Approach for Sustainable Growth -

Aiming for sustainable growth of corporate value through well-balanced growth cycle of profitability, capital base, risk-adjusted assets and investment for growth

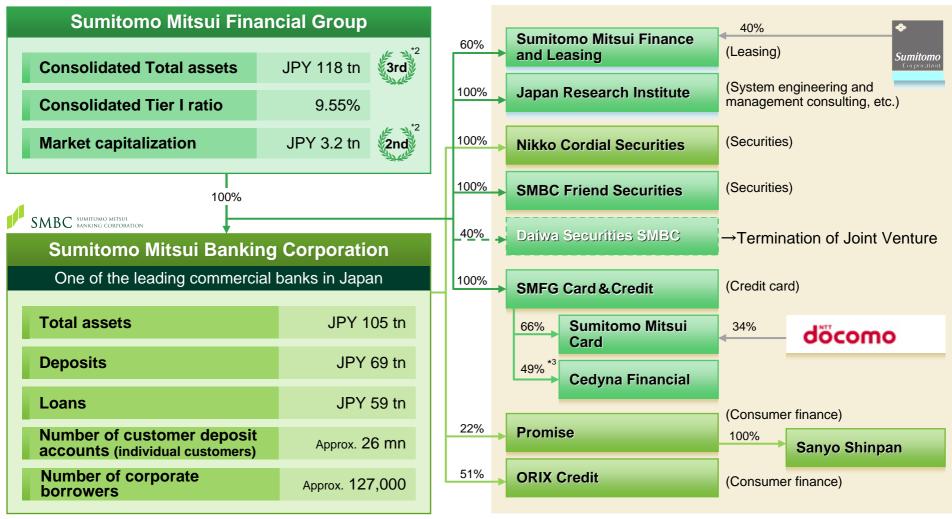




Reference: Supplementary info. P.26 Data book P.7, 8, 9

(Reference) SMFG's Group Structure*1







^{*1} Figures are as of Sep. 09.

^{*2} Among Japanese banks

^{*3} Total shares held by SMFG group (as of Nov. 13, 09)



This material contains certain forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The following items are among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this material: business conditions in the banking industry, the regulatory environment, new legislation, competition with other financial services companies, changing technology and evolving banking industry standards and similar matters.

