

# Financial Results for FY3/2010 & Management Policies and Strategies May 25th, 2010

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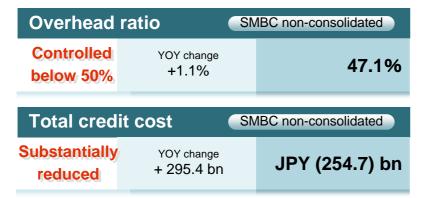
## 1. Actions Taken and Key Achievements in FY3/2010

## 1-1. Key Achievements in FY3/2010

Management policy for FY3/2010

"Establishing the next foundation for future growth, while continuing to strengthen businesses consistent with our philosophy of 'Follow the Basics'"

Managing expenses & credit costs



Steady income growth



Realizing a solid capital base as a global player

- Raised common equity (JPY 1.8 tn in total)
- Repurchased hybrid securities (JPY 293 bn in total)
- Conversion of preferred shares held by Goldman Sachs into common equity



Initiatives to fortify targeted growth business areas

Made Nikko Cordial Securities a wholly-owned subsidiary and started its business as a new securities and investment banking company

Made ORIX Credit
a consolidated subsidiary
Signed MOU on mutual business
cooperation with Bank Central Asia
(Indonesia)

Subscribed new shares of The Bank of East Asia (Hong Kong)



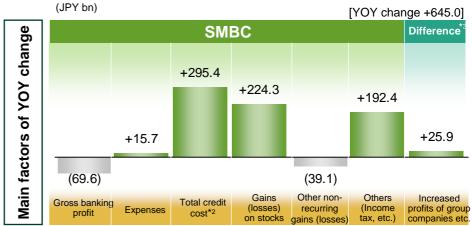
#### LEAD THE VALUE

### 1-2. Summary of FY3/2010 Results

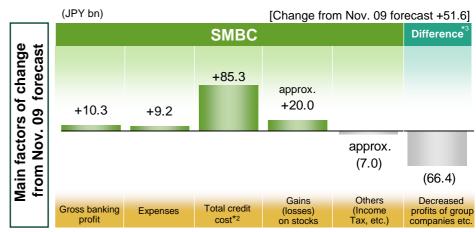
Although Gross banking profit decreased year over year, we have achieved the level that we assumed at the beginning of FY3/2010 and increased SMBC's non-consolidated Net income mainly by stringent control of expenses, reduction of Total credit cost and decline of Losses on devaluation of stocks and other securities as a result of a rally in prices of stock markets. Consequently, SMFG's consolidated Net income increased year over year to JPY 271.6 billion and exceeded Nov. 09 forecast

-								
	(JPY bn)	FY3/10	YOY change	Change from Nov. 09 forecast				
	Gross banking profit	1,455.3	(69.6)	+ 10.3				
	Expenses	(685.8)	+15.7	+9.2				
	Overhead ratio	47.1%	+ 1.1%	+1.0%				
SMBC <pre><pre></pre></pre>	Banking profit*1	769.5	(53.9)	+ 19.5				
SME	Total credit cost*2	(254.7)	+295.4	+85.3				
⊽	Gains (losses) on stocks	3.9	+ 224.3					
	Ordinary profit	462.7	+426.6	+ 132.7				
	Net income	318.0	+ 619.1	+ 118.0				
SMFG <consolidated></consolidated>	Ordinary profit	558.8	+ 513.5	+ 68.8				
SM	Net income	271.6	+ 645.0	+ 51.6				

#### SMFG's consolidated Net income: FY3/09: (373.4) ➤ FY3/10: 271.6



## SMFG's consolidated Net income: Nov. 09 forecast: 220.0 > FY3/10: 271.6





<sup>\*1</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses \*2 Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses)

1-3. Progress under the Medium-term Management Plan ("LEAD THE VALUE" Plan)

"LEAD THE VALUE" Plan (SMFG's medium-term management plan: FY3/08 – 3/10)

Aim for "a globally competitive financial services group with the highest trust" by maximizing our strengths to LEAD THE VALUE



## Management targets

- **Management** Aim for top quality in growth business areas
  - Realize solid financial base as a global player
  - Increase return to shareholders (realize payout ratio of more than 20%)

## Strategic initiatives

- Strengthen targeted growth business areas
- Fortify platform to support sustainable growth

## Financial targets for FY3/10 (SMFG

consolidated)

#### [Assumption]

- Nominal GDP growth rate :2.4%
- Unsecured overnight call rate (policy interest rate) :1.0%
- Exchange rate (JPY/USD) :115
- 3M TIBOR :1.16%
- Net income
- :JPY 650 bn
- Net income RORA
- : around 1%

Tier I ratio

- : around 8%
- Overhead ratio
   (SMBC non-consolidated)
- :40-45%

## Subprime loan problem, Financial crisis

The macro-economic reality has substantially diverged from the original assumptions

Although we could not achieve Net income target, we have stepped forward to strengthen targeted growth business areas

#### Strengthen targeted growth business areas

- Financial consulting for individuals
- Solution providing for corporations
- Focused business areas in global markets
- Payment & settlement service, consumer finance
- Investment banking, trust business

## Fortify platform to support sustainable growth

- Enhanced capital base
- Enhanced risk management system

#### Results in FY3/2010 (SMFG consolidated)

Net income : JPY 271.6 bn

• Net income RORA :0.5%

Tier I ratio :11.15%

Overhead ratio :47.1%

(SMBC non-consolidated)



## (Ref. 1) Actions Taken during the Period of Medium-term Management Plan (1)

Making a speedy and sound decision appropriate for changes in business environment, we steadily implemented such strategic initiatives as common equity offering aiming for securing a resilient capital base and built the platform for strengthening targeted growth business areas represented by acquisition of Nikko Cordial Securities

#### 1H, FY3/08

 Immediately disposed of substantial amount of securitized products related to subprime loan, responding to the fluctuation of overseas securitized products market

#### **May 09**

Agreed to acquire Nikko Cordial Securities and other businesses, to establish next foundation for future growth

#### FY3/10

- Promptly secured capital base which allows us to achieve sustainable growth under new regulatory and competitive environment
- Realized steady recovery in financial results for FY3/10

#### FY3/09

- Promptly introduced more stringent management for foreign currencies, by holding the extraordinary ALM committee in Sep. 15, 08, the date when Lehman Brothers filed for Chapter 11
- Proactively supplied financing to corporations, by timely strengthening our capital base when CP and corporate bond markets were malfunctioning

#### Oct. 09

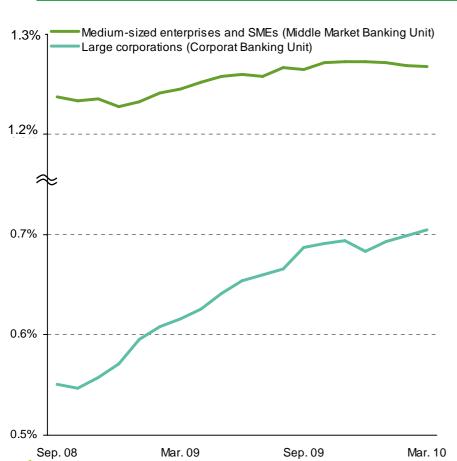
 Made a good start of Nikko Cordial Securities in both retail and wholesale businesses



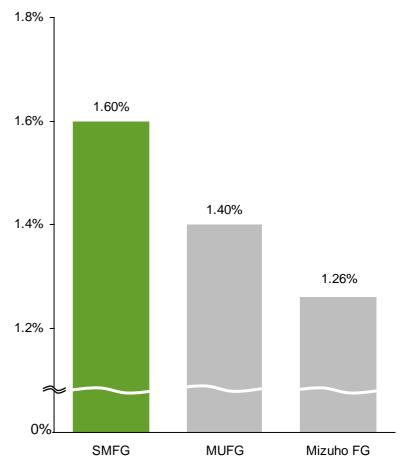
## (Ref. 2) Actions Taken during the Period of Medium-term Management Plan (2): High Profitability

We maintained our relatively high profitability under uncertain financial condition after Lehman shock, by exerting to rationalize loan spread through improvement of risk-return profile while meeting customers' financial needs







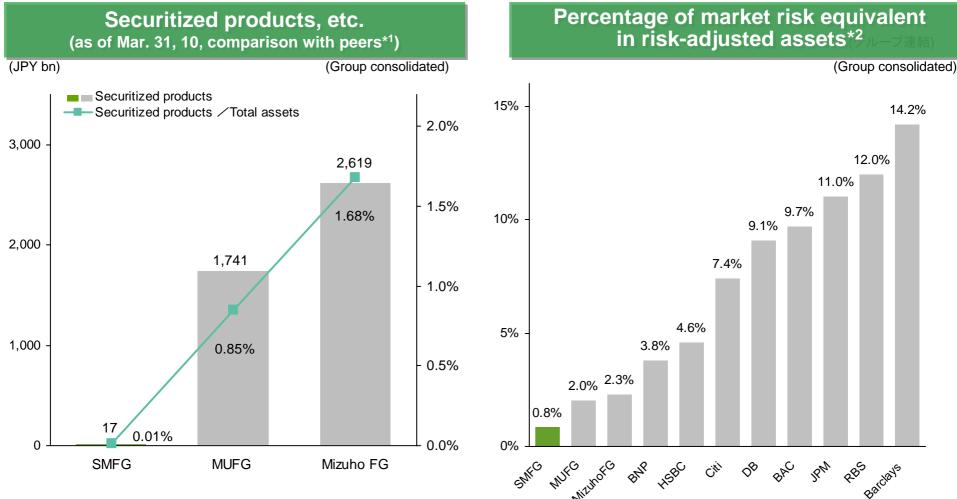


<sup>1</sup> Based on each companies' disclosure.

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## (Ref. 3) Actions Taken during the Period of Medium-term Management Plan (3): Limited Downside Risk

We have smaller exposure to securitized products, etc. as a result of early and substantial reduction of exposure related to subprime loan in 1H, FY3/08. Also, new standards will require more capital for market risks, but the additional requirement for us would be extremely limited compared with our peers in Europe and the U.S.



<sup>\*1</sup> SMFG: After provisions and write-offs

MUFG: Balance is the amount after impairment and before deducting net unrealized losses. Including "securities being held to maturity" and "other securities" Mizuho FG: Balance is the amount after reserve for investment loss. Including banking accounts of subordinated banks and trading accounts of Mizuho Securities

<sup>\*2</sup> Based on company disclosures (as of Mar. 31, 10 for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG (preliminary): as of Dec. 31, 09 for others)

## (Ref. 4) Actions Taken during the Period of Medium-term Management Plan (4): Enhancement of Risk Management System

As risks increases in variety and complexity, we are promoting establishment of comprehensive risk management framework and quantification of risks. Going forward, we will appropriately cope with proposal for revision of

ernational standards	FY3/04	3/05	3/06	3/07	3/08	3/09	3/10	3/11
Credit risk					FIRB		AIRI	3
plementation of Basel II						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A B // A	
Operation risk						:	AMA	
tegrated risk manageme	<b>~4</b>					re		national stand
Comprehensive		f group-wide r	isk manageme	ent		curitization an Establishmer	f risk manager d equity inves at of Risk Mana Americas Divis	tment agement Dept.
risk management						•		t of group-wid
Quantitative risk management	Enhanceme internal ratin	ni oi e	stablishment of stimation methor LGD	odology Imp mar	lementation of agement fram	economic cap nework at SME	oital BCE	
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More specialized financial products*	urse loan, Equity	v, Securitiz	Establishm specialized	ent of Es department	tablishment of	Enhar	ncement of	Committee erlying assets
Portfolio management	Promotion Manageme	of Active Porti nt (APM)	folio		Enhancement function of AF	of the po	tablishment of rtfolio manage Enhanceme manageme Reinforcem	f global ement system ent of credit ris nt by sector ent of credit ris
							manageme	nt in growth / siness areas



## 2. Management Policy and Earnings Forecast in FY3/2011

## 2-1. Management Policy in FY3/2011

## Management policy in FY3/2011

- √ "Forward looking"
- Transforming our business model to grow steadily under a new regulatory and competitive environment through a forward-looking approach
- ✓ Emphasizing return on risks and costs, in order to improve asset quality and thoroughly control expenses and credit costs
- Pursue profitability by focusing on targeted growth business areas
- Further enhance customer responsiveness by leveraging advisory functions

- Fortify bottom-line profit by reviewing current business
- Further increase productivity by improving business processes

#### [SMFG's targeted growth business areas]

#### Overseas business especially in Asia

Solution providing for corporations / Investment banking, trust business

Retail / Wholesale securities business

Financial consulting for individuals

Payment & settlement services, consumer finance

- Improving risk-return profile by rebalancing our asset portfolio towards assets with high growth potential from assets with low yields while meeting customers' financing needs / Controlling credit costs and expenses
- Steadily accumulating earnings based on our management plan
- Minimizing risks to our capital posed by volatility in our equity holdings
- Promoting initiatives toward NYSE listing

Reinforcing business portfolio to achieve sustainable growth

Securing a resilient capital base

Target around 10% of consolidated ROE in the medium term

Maintain over around 10% of consolidated Tier I ratio



## 2-2. Earnings Forecast for FY3/2011

Although SMBC's non-consolidated expenses is forecasted to increase, we aim to increase SMFG's consolidated Net income through increase in Gross banking profit, decrease in Total credit cost at SMBC and increase of Net

income of group companies

	(JPY bn)	FY3/10 Results	1H, FY3/11	FY3/11 Forecast	YOY change
	Gross banking profit	1,455.3	720.0	1,470.0	+14.7
	Expenses	(685.8)	(350.0)	(710.0)	(24.2)
<b>^</b> po	Overhead ratio	47.1%	48.6%	48.3%	+ 1.2%
SMBC cnon-consolidated>	Banking profit*1	769.5	370.0	760.0	(9.5)
o, ou	Total credit cost*2	(254.7)	(110.0)	(220.0)	+34.7
	Ordinary profit	462.7	220.0	480.0	+17.3
	Net income	318.0	150.0	330.0	+12.0

<b>FG</b> idated>	Ordinary profit	558.8	330.0	690.0	+131.2
SM <consol< th=""><th>Net income</th><th>271.6</th><th>160.0</th><th>340.0</th><th>+68.4</th></consol<>	Net income	271.6	160.0	340.0	+68.4

#### **Assumption for FY3/2011 forecast**

	Results of Mar. 10	Assumption for FY3/11 forecast	
Nominal GDP growth rate	(3.7) %*3	around <b>ZerO</b>	
3M TIBOR	0.44%	0.44%	
FF target rate	0.00 - 0.25%	0.00 - 0.25%	
Exchange rate (JPY/USD)	93.05	90	
Nikkei Stock Average (JPY)	11,090*4		

<sup>\*3</sup> The first preliminary estimates announced by CAO

#### Common share dividends

 Planning to pay JPY 100 per share for FY3/11, the same level as FY3/10



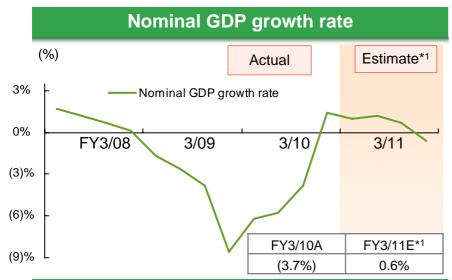
<sup>\*4</sup> Spot price on Mar. 31, 10

<sup>\*1</sup> Before provision for general reserve for possible loan losses

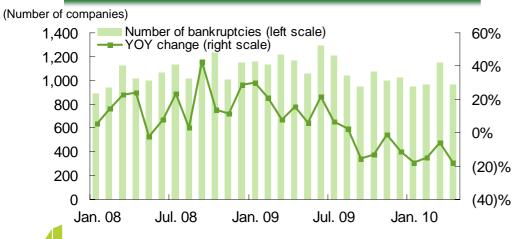
<sup>\*2</sup> Including portion recorded in Extraordinary gains (losses)

## (Ref.) Trends of Macro Economy in Japan

Economic condition is expected to improve gradually as shown in the nominal GDP growth rate estimated to be hover around zero percent for FY3/2011. We view that short-term interest rate will continue to be at low level while long-term interest rate will stay at the same range since last year

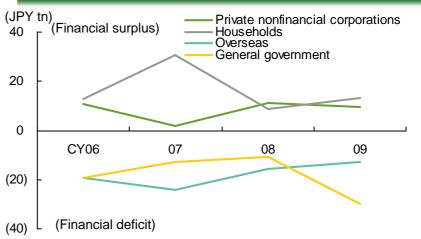


#### Trends of corporate bankruptcies in Japan\*2



## **Trends of JPY interest rates** (%) 3Y swap rate (month-end) 3M TIBOR (JBA, month-end) FY3/08 3/09 3/10

#### Financial surplus and deficit\*3



<sup>\*1</sup> Estimate by JRI as of May 20, 10 \*2 Source: Teikoku Databank "Japan Corporate Bankruptcy Report"

<sup>\*3</sup> Source: BOJ "Statistics of Flow of Funds Accounts" (adjusted factors such as increased investment in Japan Post Group by the Central Government (07) and 13 reserve account from Special Account for the Fiscal Investment and Loan Program and Fiscal Loan Fund Account to central government sector (06-09))

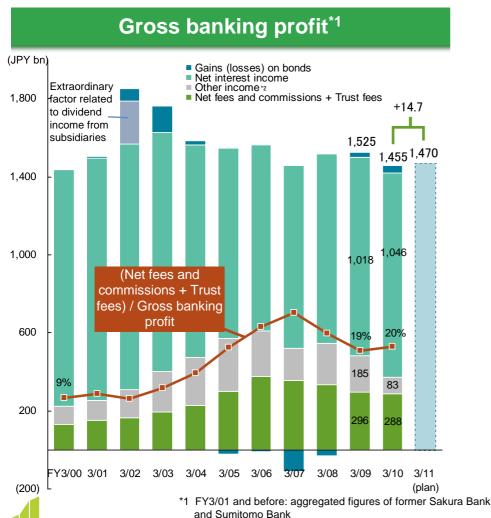


## 3. Top-Line Profit

Supplementary Info. P.1 Data book P.1 LEAD THE VALUE

## 3-1. Gross Banking Profit

Gross banking profit in FY3/10 decreased due mainly to the decline of Gains on foreign exchange transactions and income from domestic liquid deposit led by policy interest rate cut in Oct. and Dec. 08, despite of improvement of loan spread in overseas operations, improvement of Interest on interest-rate swaps led by decline of U.S. interest rate and well-performed bond operation. In FY3/11, we aim to increase Gross banking profit by enhancing overseas business especially in Asia and earning more non-interest income from sales of investment trusts and so on



#### **Major factors of YOY change**

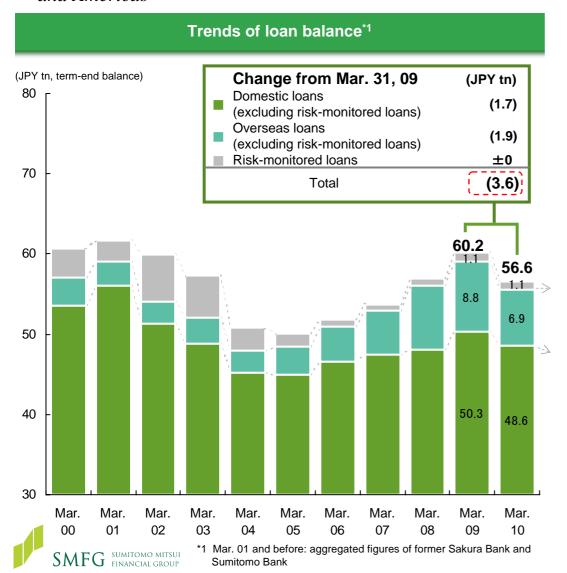
(JPY bn)	FY3/10	YOY change
Gross banking profit	1,455.3	(69.6)
Net interest income	1,046.4	+ 28.0
Net interest income (loss) in domestic operations	910.0	(20.3)
Net interest income in international operations	136.4	+ 48.3
of which: Interest on interest-rate swaps	28.3	+ 69.2
Net fees and commissions + Trust fees	288.4	(7.5)
Fees related to loans of international operations	36.1	(4.8)
Fees related to securities business*3	17.7	(7.6)
Net trading income + Net other operating income	120.5	(90.1)
Gains (losses) on bonds	37.3	+ 11.2
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange transactions*4	58.7	(35.6)
Income from (expenses on) derivatives	(16.3)	(29.9)

<sup>\*3</sup> Including securities intermediary fees

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#### 3-2. Loan Balance

Loan balance as of Mar. 31, 10 decreased year over year due to the shrunk loan demand mainly from SMEs and continued cautious management in overseas operations. In FY3/11, we estimate the total loan balance remain flat due to the limited loan demand in domestic market, while we will allocate assets in overseas market centered on Asia and Americas



#### Term-end balance by domestic business unit (managerial accounting basis)

(JPY tn)	Mar. 31, 10	Change from Mar. 31, 09
Consumer Banking Unit	15.5	+ 0.4 *2
Middle Market Banking Unit <sup>*3</sup>	18.3	(2.1)
Corporate Banking Unit	12.0	(0.2)

<sup>\*2</sup> After add-back adjustment of portion of housing loans securitized in FY3/10 (approx. JPY 40bn)

#### Overseas loans, classified by region\*4 (managerial accounting basis)

(JPY tn, term-end balance)		Mar. 31, 10	Change from Mar. 31, 09
O	verseas total	8.3	(1.6)
	Americas	2.3	(1.0)
	Europe	3.1	(0.5)
	Asia	2.9	(0.1)

<sup>\*4</sup> Based on location of our channels. Including SMBC Europe and SMBC (China) (SMBC non-consolidated) 16

<sup>\*3</sup> Excluding loans to the public sector

Supplementary Info. P.3 Data book P.3, 4 Reference LEAD THE VALUE

### 3-3. Loan to Deposit Spread

*In FY3/10, loan to deposit spread tightened due to the decline of market interest rate. In FY3/11, although the impact of lowered short-term interest rate during FY3/10 is expected to remain.* we continuously strive to improve risk-return profile of our loan portfolio

#### Loan to deposit spread (financial accounting basis)

(JPY tn, %)

	FY3/10		YOY change		
<domestic></domestic>	Average balance	Yield	Average balance	Yield	
Loans <sup>*</sup> (a)	48.1	1.74	+1.3	(0.25)	
Deposits, etc. (b)	67.2	0.14	+5.4	(0.09)	
Loan to deposit spread (a) - (b)		1.60		(0.16)	

#### <Overseas>

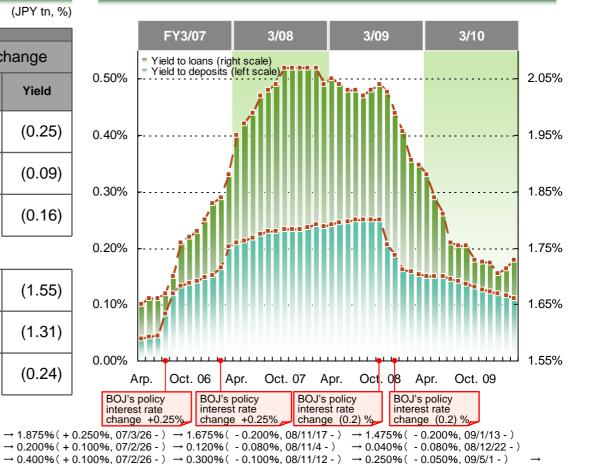
Loans (a)	9.2	2.12	(1.0)	(1.55)
Deposits, etc. (b)	10.4	0.48	+0.8	(1.31)
Loan to deposit spread (a) - (b)		1.64		(0.24)

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes loans to financial institutions

SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI

SUMITOMO MITSUI

#### Yield of domestic loans and deposits (managerial accounting basis)



 $\rightarrow 0.170\%(-0.030\%, 09/9/7-) \rightarrow 0.140\%(-0.030\%, 09/11/9-) \rightarrow 0.100\%(-0.040\%, 09/12/21-) \rightarrow 0.100\%(-0.040\%, 09/12/21-)$ 

(SMBC non-consolidated)

Short term prime rate:  $1.375\% \rightarrow 1.625\% (+0.250\%, 06/8/21 -)$ 

Yield on ordinary deposit:  $0.001\% \rightarrow 0.100\% (+0.099\%, 06/7/18 -)$ Yield on 1 year time deposit:  $0.150\% \rightarrow 0.300\% (+0.150\%, 06/7/18 -)$ 

<sup>(</sup>over-the-counter) 0.200%( - 0.050%, 09/7/13 - )

<sup>0.080%( - 0.020%, 10/3/15 - )</sup> 

## 3-4. Performance by Business Unit

In FY3/10, Gross banking profit for Marketing units, after adjustment of temporary impact of policy interest rate cuts and establishment of a subsidiary in China, was almost at the same level as FY3/09. Also, Banking profit in Treasury Unit increased due to well-performed ALM operations and bond trading

(JPY bn)

(JPY bn)				FY3/09	FY3/10	YOY change*1
		Г	Gross banking profit	429.4	391.7	(7.2)
	Consumer Banking Unit		Expenses	(290.7)	(288.7)	+ 2.6
	Banking Onit	E	Banking profit	138.7	103.0	(4.6)
	Middle	Г	Gross banking profit	539.8	472.9	(43.3)
	Market		Expenses	(222.7)	(218.7)	+ 3.6
	Banking Unit	E	Banking profit	317.1	254.2	(39.7)
		Г	Gross banking profit	196.7	197.3	+ 19.4
	Corporate		Expenses	(31.5)	(33.3)	+ 0.1
	Banking Unit	E	Banking profit	165.2	164.0	+ 19.5
	International Banking Unit (IBU)	Г	Gross banking profit	175.0	169.1	+ 28.0
			Expenses	(64.8)	(54.5)	+ 2.6
		E	Banking profit	110.2	114.6	+ 30.6
			Gross banking profit	1,340.9	1,231.0	(3.1)
	larketing		Expenses	(609.7)	(595.2)	+ 8.9
units		E	Banking profit	731.2	635.8	+ 5.8
			Gross banking profit	246.8	272.8	+ 28.6
Т	reasury Unit		Expenses	(17.9)	(16.3)	+ 1.3
		E	Banking profit	228.9	256.5	+ 29.9
			Gross banking profit	(62.8)	(48.5)	(95.1)
Headquarters			Expenses	(73.9)	(74.3)	+ 5.5
		E	Banking profit	(136.7)	(122.8)	(89.6)
			Gross banking profit	1,524.9	1,455.3	(69.6)
	Total		Expenses	(701.5)	(685.8)	+ 15.7
		E	Banking profit	823.4	769.5	(53.9)

Gross banking profit by products\*2

	cross barriang prome by prod	<yo< th=""><th>Y change*1&gt;</th></yo<>	Y change*1>
	of which: Income on domestic loans	522.3	+ 0.5
	Income on domestic yen deposits	206.4	(4.6)
	IBU's Interest related income	99.6	+ 25.3
	Interest income	891.4	+ 25.8
	of which: Investment trusts	38.8	+ 12.8
	Pension-type insurance	17.8	+ 0.6
	Income relating to Financial consulting for individuals	60.9	+ 14.9
	Loan syndication	47.6	+ 3.7
	Structured finance*3	43.7	+ 6.0
	Real estate finance*3	29.1	+ 12.6
	Income relating to IB*4 business*3	141.9	+ 18.8
	Sales of derivatives	19.8	(18.7)
	Money remittance, Electronic banking	94.8	(2.5)
	Foreign exchange	41.2	(5.7)
	IBU's Non-interest income	69.5	+ 2.7
	Non-interest income	339.6	(28.9)
٨	Jarkotina Units	1 231 0	(3.1)

Adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc. (106.8)

change> YOY change (109.9)

<Nominal

### Average loan balance and spread

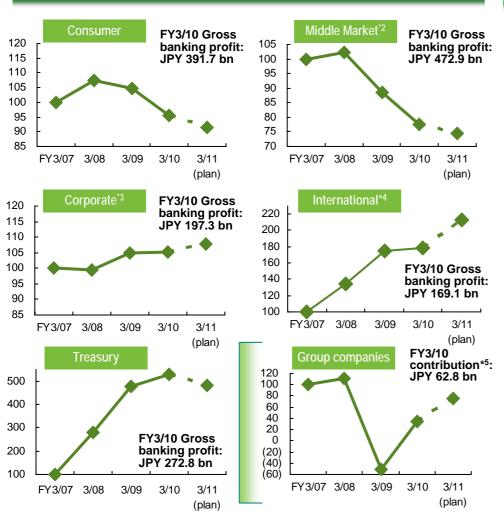
by business unit*2		Average balance		Average spread	
(JPY tn, %)		FY3/10	YOY change	FY3/10	YOY change
Domestic loans		50.9	+1.5	1.05	(0.02)
	Consumer Banking Unit	15.2	+0.5	1.48	(0.05)
	Middle Market Banking Unit	19.2	(1.2)	1.19	(0.01)
	Corporate Banking Unit	12.2	+1.0	0.67	+ 0.10

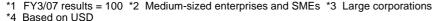
<sup>\*1</sup> After adjustment of interest rates and exchange rates, etc. (included in Headquarters)

<sup>\*2</sup> Managerial accounting basis \*3 Including interest income \*4 IB stands for "investment banking"

## (Ref.) Gross Banking Profit by Business Unit, etc.

#### Gross banking profit by business units (image)\*1



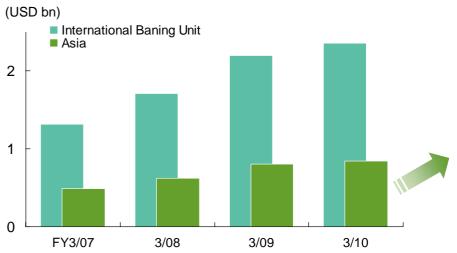


<sup>\*5</sup> Contribution to difference between SMBC's Banking profit and SMFG's net business profit

\*6 Sum of SMBC and its overseas subsidiaries



#### Gross banking profit in International Banking Unit (managerial accounting basis)\*6



**Business performance of Nikko Cordial Securities** Ref. (non-consolidated)

	(JPY bn)	2H, FY3/10
Ne	et operating revenue	100.5
	of which: Subscription commissions from investment trusts	27.0
	Underwriting commissions	19.4
	Net gains on trading	23.7
Ordinary income		24.1
Ne	et income	26.7

- cf. Aggregate results for FY3/10 adding Nikko Cordial Securities (before becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary) are as follows:
  - Net operating revenue JPY 184.9bn Ordinary income JPY 45.3 bn
  - Net income JPY 58.3 bn



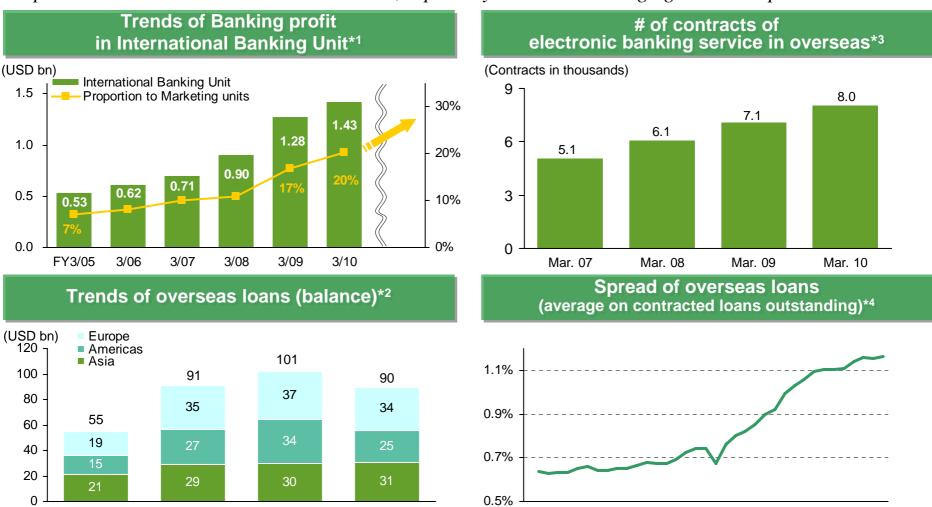
#### 3-5. Overseas Business

Mar. 08

Mar. 09

Mar. 07

In the medium to long term, we aim to increase the proportion of Banking profit from International Banking Unit to overall Marketing units, which was 20% in FY3/2010, by allocating more capital and resources into overseas business, especially in Asia where high growth is expected



<sup>\*1</sup> Sum of SMBC and its overseas subsidiaries (exchanged to USD at respective term-end FX rate). Managerial accounting basis \*2 Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Managerial accounting basis (JPY based loan balance is exchanged

Mar. 10

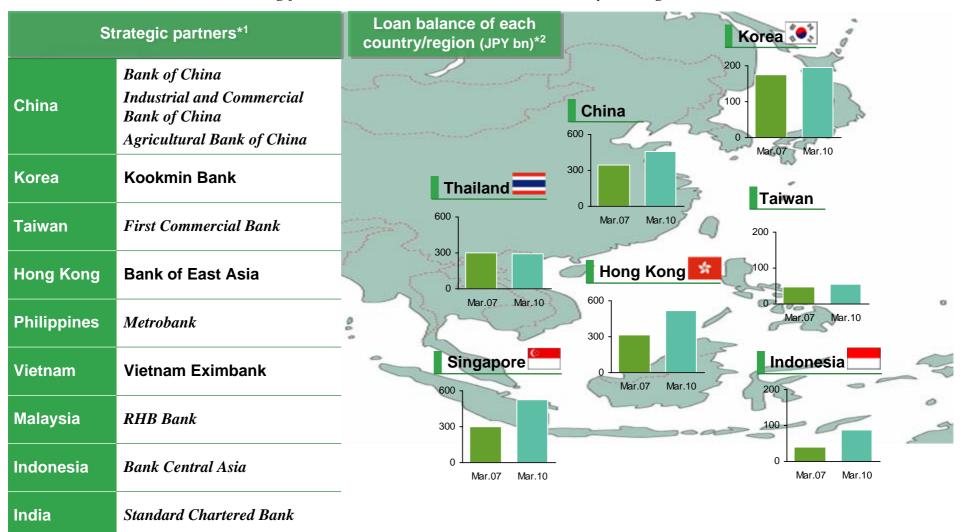
Sep. 07 Mar. 08 Sep. 08 Mar. 09 Sep. 09 Mar. 10

to USD at respective term-end FX rate)
\*3 Sum of all electronic banking services from overseas channels (SMBC non-consolidated)

<sup>\*4</sup> Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China). Managerial accounting basis

## (Ref.) Business Expansions in Asia

We aim to expand our business in Asia through leveraging strengths of product offering and business alliances with leading financial institutions in each country or region

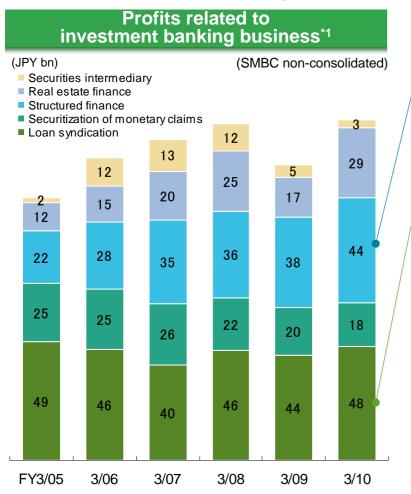


SMFG SUMITOMO MITSUI

<sup>\*1</sup> Arial represents banks invested by SMBC

## 3-6. Solution Providing for Corporations /

Investment Banking, Trust Business
We will enhance solution-providing capability and capture business opportunities by further collaborating with Nikko Cordial Securities and cooperating with Consumer Banking Unit & International Banking Unit



#### **Project finance**

Global ranking (CY2009)\*2



**Awarded Global Arranger** of the Year\*3

#### Loan syndication

Global ranking (CY2009)\*4



Ranked at 1st among foreign banks in China\*5

#### Reinforcement in Asia

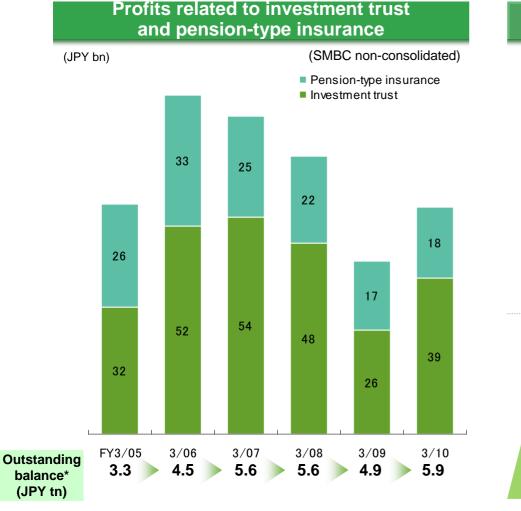
SMBC (China)	Financial Product Marketing Dept.
Functions such as planning and managing SMBC (China)'s business development for Japanese companies were shifted from the planning department for overseas corporations*6 to the planning department for domestic corporations*7 (Apr. 10)	Newly established by integrating certain functions of Investment Banking Unit in the region (May 10)

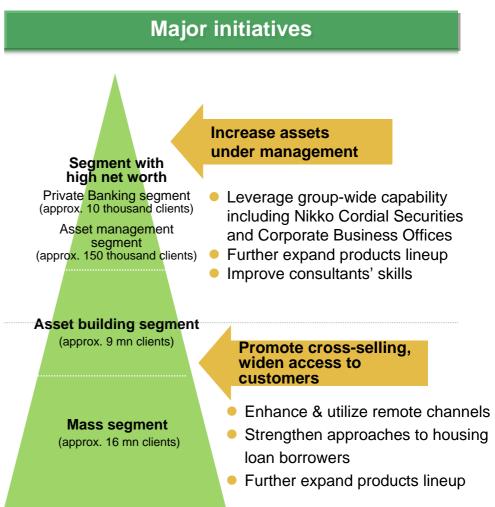
- Profits of securities intermediary business: fees and commissions from the transactions with both individual and corporate clients. Profits of other businesses: managerial accounting basis including fees, commissions interest income, etc.
- \*2 Source: Syndicated loan bookrunner ranking (Thomson Reuters)
- Source: Infrastructure Journal \*4 Source: Project finance mandated arranger (Project Finance International)
- Source: "Basis Point" (Reuter LPC) \*6 Planning Dept., International Banking Unit
- Planning Dept., Corporate Banking Unit & Middle Market Banking Unit

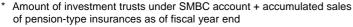


## 3-7. Financial Consulting for Individuals

Aiming to become #1 provider of comprehensive services for individuals, we will proactively capture financial needs of our customers centered on high net worth segment through leveraging collaborations with Nikko Cordial Securities and Middle Market Banking Unit, while improving business processes through promoting cross-selling









## 4. Expenses

#### LEAD THE VALUE

## 4. Expenses

In FY3/10, Expenses decreased compared with FY3/09 and Nov. 09 forecast as a result of more stringent control responding to severe economic condition.

In FY3/11, we strive to minimize its increase through thorough control on expenses such as business promotion expenses, despite of estimated increase by the transfer of Headquarters functions \*1, investments in branches and systems in the past, and allocation into targeted growth business areas

#### Overhead ratio Trends of Expenses\*2 (in FY3/10, comparison with peers\*3) (SMBC non-consolidated) (JPY bn) Non-personnel expenses FY3/10 Compared with Personnel expenses YOY change Overhead ratio Nov. 09 forecast 60% (685.8)+ 15.7 +9.2779.0 800 55.9% 710.0 685.8 54.0% 55% 600 53.7% 50% 47.1% 400 45% 200 40% 0% FY 3/99 3/00 3/01 3/02 3/03 3/04 3/05 3/06 3/07 3/08 3/09 3/10 3/11 **SMFG MUFG** Mizuho FG

<sup>\*1</sup> In Dec. 06, we decided to move, having requested to move out due to the reconstruction of the building where our headquarters currently located. We aim to further improve our efficiency by integrating headquarters functions which are now scattered

<sup>\*2</sup> FY3/01 and before: aggregated figures of former Sakura Bank and Sumitomo Bank

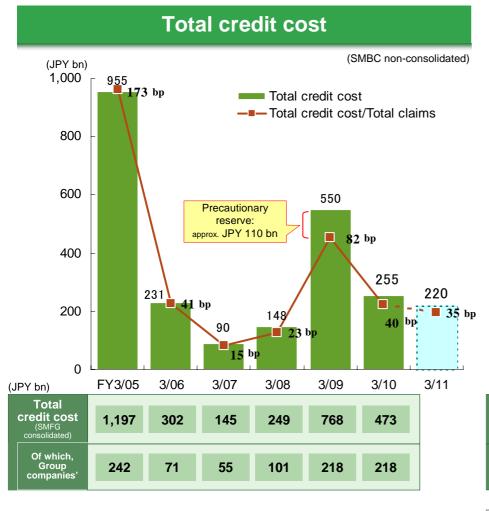
<sup>\*3</sup> Based on each companies disclosure. The figures shown in the graphs are: non-consolidated figures of SMBC for SMFG, non-consolidated figures of The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ for MUFG, and simple aggregation of Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank for Mizuho FG

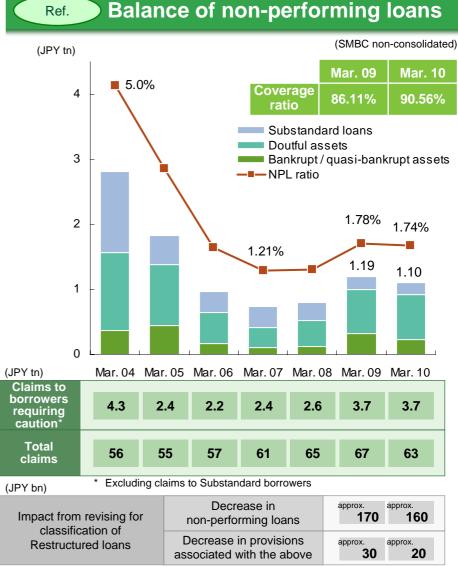


## 5. Total Credit Cost

#### 5. Total Credit Cost

As macro economy seems to recover gradually, Total credit cost is expected to decrease year over year to approx. JPY 220 billion in FY3/11. We will continue to control credit costs mainly by detailed responses to our clients

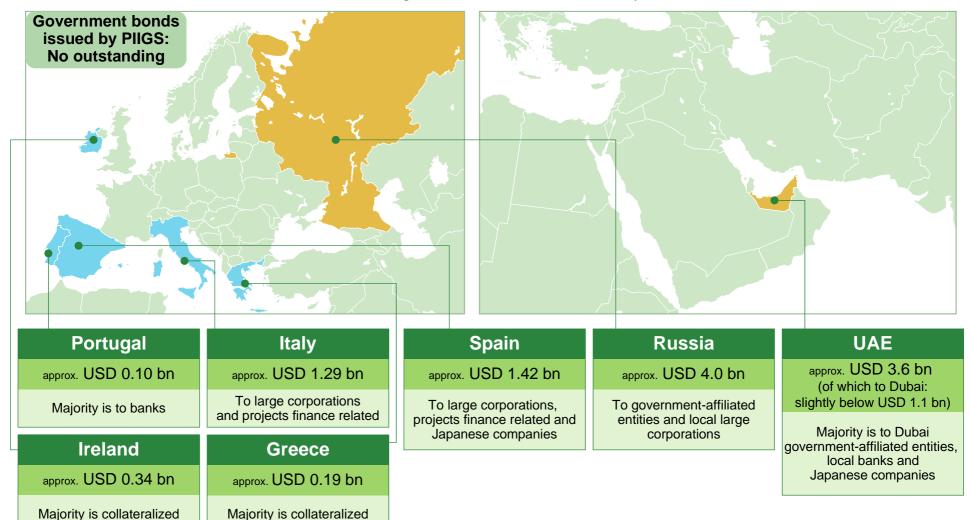






## (Ref.) Exposure to PIIGS, Middle East and Russia

Our exposure to Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece and Spain is approx. JPY 300 billion in total, and associated risks is limited. We hold no government bonds issued by these countries



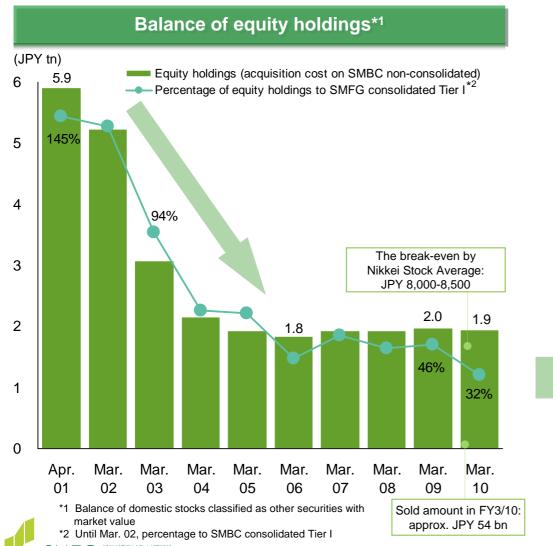




## 6. Securities Portfolio and Liquidity

### 6-1. Equity Holdings

Percentage of equity holdings on SMBC non-consolidated basis within consolidated Tier I ratio is approx. 32% as of Mar. 31, 10. Reviewing profitability in relation to equity holdings and effect of cross share holdings more stringently, we will minimize the risk to our capital due to volatility in equity market by reduction of the percentage to the level of around 25% in the medium term mainly through sale and hedge



Changes in environment

- Tightening of capital regulations
- Introduction of IFRS

Need to minimize the impact of stock price fluctuation risk to our capital

Additional reduction in % of unhedged equity holdings within Tier I capital to the level of around 25%

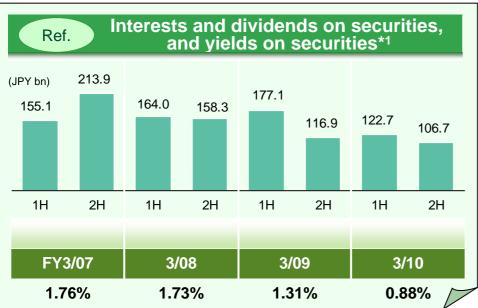
Reduce unhedged equity holdings by JPY 300 bn through sale and hedge, etc. in 3 years

#### 6-2. Bond Portfolio

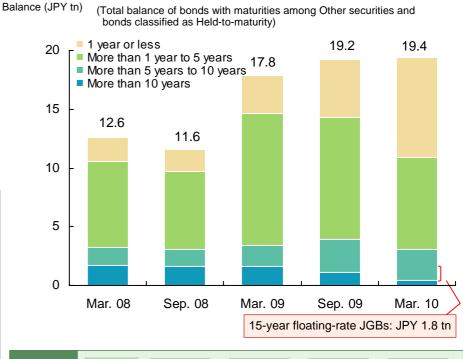
In FY3/11, we will manage our portfolio conservatively by controlling total risk volume as in FY3/10, continuously monitoring possible interest rate steepening and settling the portfolio which is mostly composed of short- to medium-term bonds

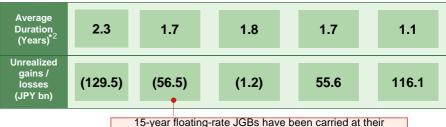
#### Gains (losses) on bonds

	(JPY bn)	FY3/09	FY3/10	YOY change
Gains (losses) on bonds		26.1	37.3	+ 11.2
	Domestic operations	(32.4)	9.1	+ 41.5
	International operations	58.5	28.2	(30.3)



#### Yen-dominated bond portfolio





reasonably estimated amounts from Sep. 30, 08

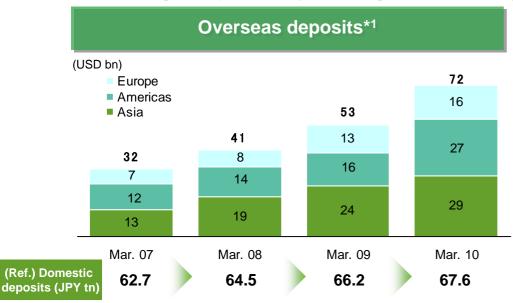


\*1 Including dividend on stocks

\*2 Excluding bonds classified as held to maturity, bonds for which hedge-accounting is applied, and private placement bonds. Duration of 15-year floating rate JGBs is calculated zero

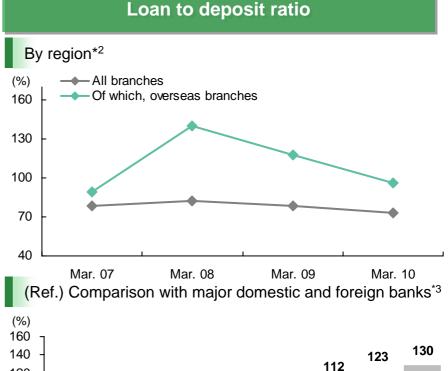
### 6-3. Liquidity

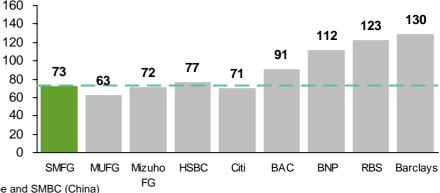
Although we have competitive advantage in liquidity position represented by relatively low loan to deposit ratio compare with global peers, we will continue to pay due regards to liquidity risks and aim to keep prudent liquidity management to secure solid investment and funding structure, taking into account liquidity regulation under discussion. Especially, we will further expand and diversify our funding base of foreign currency





- Diversify medium- to long-term funding base with due considerations to liquidity regulation under discussion
  - FY3/10 Results: Foreign-currency retail bond issuance
    - U.S. Dollar CP program setup
  - FY2010 Plan: Considering to issue foreign-currency bonds, etc.







<sup>1</sup> Managerial accounting basis. Sum of SMBC, SMBC Europe and SMBC (China)

<sup>2</sup> SMBC non-consolidated

Consolidated basis. Based on each bank/company's disclosure. As of Mar. 10 for SMFG, MUFG and Mizuho FG, as of Dec. 09 for others



## 7. Group Companies / Group Strategy

Reference: Financial Results P.7 Supplementary Info. P.1, 2 Data book P.2, 7, 8, 9

#### 7-1. Contribution of Affiliates to Consolidated Profit

In FY3/10, SMFG's consolidated Net income was lower than SMBC's non-consolidated Net income as Kansai Urban Banking Corporation and Cedyna recorded Net loss due mainly to an increase in Total credit cost. In FY3/11, we expect contribution of Nikko Cordial Securities and steady recovery of the above mentioned two companies while conservatively estimating business performance of certain affiliates such as Promise

	FY3/10 Results (JPY bn)	SMFG consolidated	SMBC non-consolidated	Difference	YOY change	
	onsolidated gross profit / on-consolidated gross profit	2,236.6	1,455.3	781.3	+140.3	
	Net interest income	1,380.9	1,046.4	334.5	+14.4	
	Trust fees	1.8	1.7	0.1	+0.1	
	Net fees and commissions	608.6	286.7	321.9	+58.5	
	Net trading income	194.1	115.4	78.7	+42.0	
	Net other operating income	51.2	5.1	46.1	+25.2	
	eneral and administrative penses (G&A expenses)	(1,161.3)	(685.8)	(475.5)	(113.6)	
То	otal credit cost*1	(473.0)	(254.7)	(218.3)	(0.6)	(1)
Ga	ains (losses) on stocks	(10.1)	3.9	(14.0)	(50.7)	
	quity in earnings (losses) of fillates	(21.5)	-	(21.5)	+73.4	(2)
Or	dinary profit	558.8	462.7	96.1	+86.9	
Net income		271.6	318.0	(46.4)	+26.0	
	onsolidated/non-consolidated et business profit	832.3	769.5	62.8	+157.5	

## Major factors in difference (in round numbers)

Impact of new consolidation in FY3/10

(JPY bn)	Nikko Cordial Securities (consolidated)	ORIX Credit	SMBC (China)
Gross profit	104	28	15
G&A expenses	(79)	(9)	(9)
Ordinary profit	25	4	7

Other major factors (JPY bn)		FY3/10	YOY change
	Kansai Urban Banking Corporation	(67)	(1)
	SMBC Europe	(29)	(4)
(1)	Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing	(26)	(0)
	SMBC Guarantee	(24)	(10)
	Sumitomo Mitsui Card	(23)	(3)
	MINATO BANK	(15)	+18

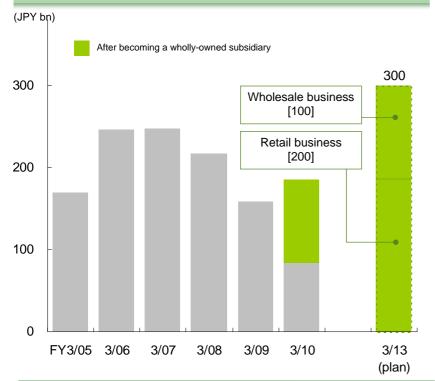
(2)	Daiwa Securities SMBC	12	+ 70
(2)	Cedyna	(33)	(29)

#### LEAD THE VALUE

## 7-2. Strategy for Securities Business (Nikko Cordial Securities)

Nikko Cordial Securities has made a good start in both retail and wholesale businesses as our securities body. Going forward, we will pursue integrated business model between banking and securities services businesses while mutually serving to each other's customers and maximizing synergy, by accelerating cooperation between SMBC and Nikko Cordial Securities

#### Nikko Cordial Securities: Financial targets in medium-term management plan Net operating revenue



Targeted Ordinary profit in FY3/13	JPY 100 bn
Number of employees as of Mar. 13 (compared with Dec. 09: + approx. 1,000)	approx. 8,000
Total system investment (FY3/11 - 3/13)	More than JPY 50 bn

Aim to become No.1 general securities company in Japan which is excellent both in quality and in quantity and globally competitive

#### **Retail business**

- Enhance business targeting wealthy individuals
- Cooperate with SMBC
- Securities intermediary business for individuals (started in Apr. 10)
- Integrate collaborative business between SMBC and SMBC Friend Securities into Nikko Cordial Securities (by around Jan. 31, 11)
- Cooperate with Wholesale arm

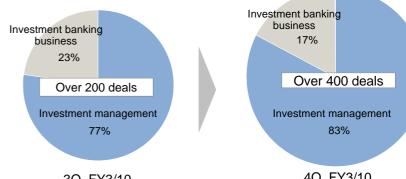
#### Wholesale business

- Establish the front system demonstrating a solid presence
- Expand business such as sales & trading businesses, business through overseas developments and collaboration with SMBC (referral service of underwriting, M&A and investment management, etc.)
- League table (targets in FY3/13)
  - Underwriting of industrial bonds: 1st
  - Underwriting of equities:

Within 3rd

#### (Ref.) number of successful deals in referral service

<Number of deals in wholesale business referred by SMBC in FY3/10>



4Q. FY3/10

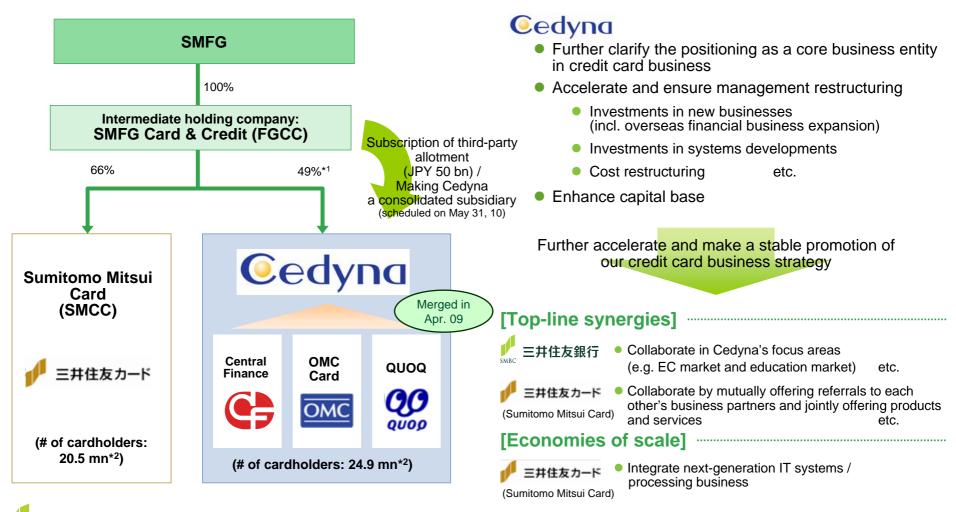
35

#### 7-3. Credit Card Business

By making Cedyna our consolidated subsidiary (scheduled on May 31, 10), we will further enhance group-wide collaboration and pursue maximizing top-line synergies and economies of scale

Organizational structure to promote credit card business

Purpose of making Cedyna a consolidated subsidiary

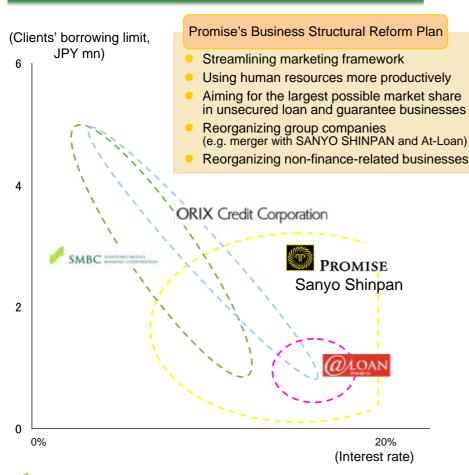


<sup>\*1</sup> Total voting shares held by SMFG group. To be increased to approx. 68% on May 31, 10 through investment \*2 As of Mar. 31, 10

#### 7-4. Consumer Finance Business

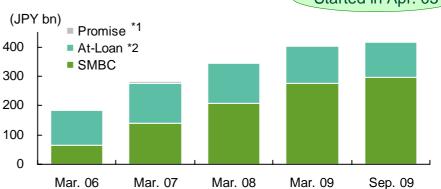
Although business environment would remain severe for the time being as a result of continuous high-level refund claims and full implementation of Moneylending Law, we view that consumer finance business will bear stable profitability in the medium to long run, with relatively thick spread. Therefore, we will continuously focus on consumer finance business as a lineup of retail business

## Overview of consumer finance business in SMFG (image)



## Collaboration with Promise (balance of loans)

Started in Apr. 05



## Consumer loans provided by monoline consumer companies\*3





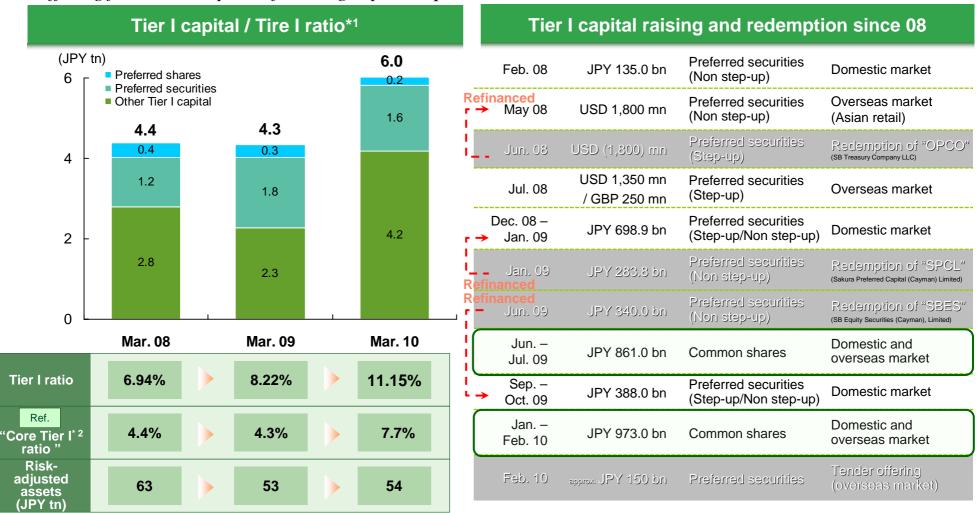
- \*1 Stopped origination in Feb. 07
- \*2 Including loans which At-Loan provided before collaboration. Scheduled to stop origination in May 31, 10
- \*3 Source: "Statistics on Japanese Consumer Credit (2010)" by Japan Consumer Industry Association



## 8. Capital

### 8-1. Capital

In addition to the common equity offering totaling JPY 1.8 trillion raised during last fiscal year, we repurchased hybrid securities in overseas market and made preferred shares held by Goldman Sachs converted, in order to strengthen our capital base both in quality and quantity. We do not intend to execute another common equity offering from the viewpoint of meeting capital requirement under discussion





<sup>\*1</sup> Based on Basel II standard (Credit risk: FIRB for Mar. 08, AIRB from Mar. 09, Operational risk: AMA)

<sup>\*2</sup> While "Core Tier I" is not defined in international agreements, we estimated "Core Tier I capital = Tier I capital – Preferred shares – Preferred securities"

## 8-2. Regarding Increase in Total Number of Authorized Ordinary Shares

Currently, the number of authorized but unissued ordinary shares is extremely limited

Under these circumstances, we believe that securing strategic flexibility, including pursuing inorganic growth opportunities for further fortification of growth business areas, would contribute to enhancement of our enterprise value in the medium-to long-term and propose partial amendments to the Articles of Incorporation to increase the total number of authorized ordinary shares at the ordinary general shareholders meeting scheduled to be held on June 29, 2010

#### **Current status**

#### **Initiatives in FY3/10**

- Raised JPY 1.8 tn in total amount paid through common equity offering
- Converted convertible preferred shares held by Goldman Sachs into ordinary shares

etc.

(mn shares)	Mar. 31, 09	Mar. 31, 10	
Total number of authorized ordinary shares (A)	1,500	1,500	
Outstanding ordinary shares (B)	789	1,414	
Number of authorized but unissued (A-B) (C)	711	86	
В/А	<sup>approx.</sup> 52.6%	<sup>approx.</sup> 94.3%	

#### Purpose of amendment

Securing strategic flexibility, including pursuing inorganic growth opportunities, for further fortification of growth business areas to enhance our enterprise value in the medium- to long-term

#### Not intending to:

Ref.

Execute another common equity offering from the viewpoint of achieving the targeted level of consolidated Tier I ratio

Adopt any defensive measures against hostile takeovers

Increase to 3,000 mn shares

Our financial target related to capital policy

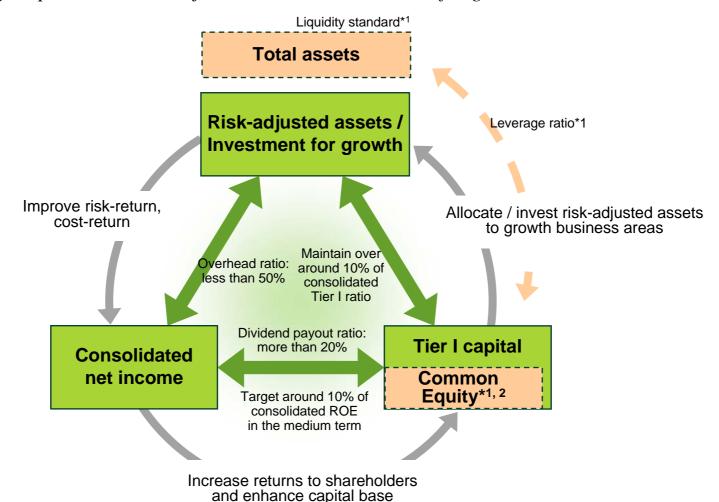
Maintain over around 10% of consolidated Tier I ratio

 Achieved by steadily accumulating earnings based on our management plan, etc.

## In Closing

#### Management Approach for Sustainable Growth -

Aiming for sustainable growth of corporate value through well-balanced growth cycle of profitability, capital base, risk-adjusted assets and investment for growth



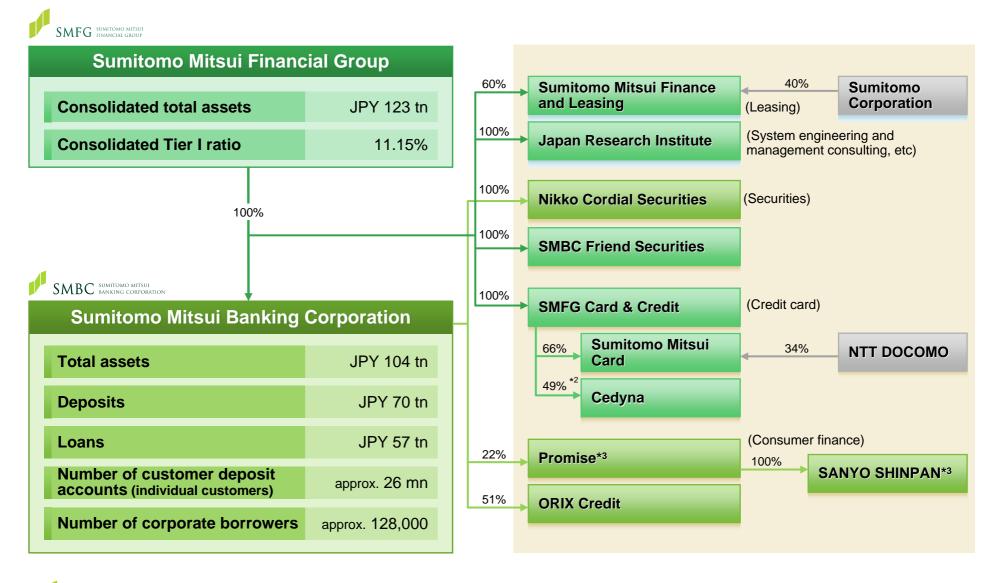


<sup>\*1</sup> Defined by Consultative Document (Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, Dec. 17, 09)

through accumulation of retained earnings

<sup>\*2</sup> Capital consisting mainly of common shares and retained earnings, defined by Basel Committee on Banking Supervision

## (Ref.) SMFG's Group Structure\*1





<sup>\*1</sup> As of Mar. 31. 10

<sup>\*2</sup> Total voting shares held by SMFG group. To be increased to approx. 68% on May 31, 10 through investment

<sup>\*3</sup> Promise and Sanyo Shinpan is planned to merge in Oct. 10



This material contains certain forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The following items are among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this material: business conditions in the banking industry, the regulatory environment, new legislation, competition with other financial services companies, changing technology and evolving banking industry standards and similar matters.

